

10. Performance Test

A: INSPECTION

1. VEHICLE SET UP

In order to obtain meaningful test results, the vehicle must be set up to meet the following conditions:

- Vehicle in shade
- No wind
- All vehicle doors closed
- Front windows open
- Hood open
- Engine speed set at 1,500 rpm.
- A/C ON
- Temperature control dial — Maximum cold
- Air source — Recirculation
- Blower speed — 4th position (High)
- Operate A/C for 10 minutes (Minimum) before taking measurement.

2. MEASUREMENTS

After 10 minutes (Minimum) of A/C operation and using accurate test equipment, take the following measurements (in order):

- 1) Evaporator intake air temperature at recirculation door.
- 2) Evaporator discharge air temperature at center grill.
- 3) Condenser (Ambient) intake air temperature measured 0.9 m (3 ft) in front and in line with the center of the condenser
- 4) Suction (Low) side pressure
- 5) Discharge (High) side pressure

NOTE:

If only one thermometer is available; 1) take the ambient measurement first; then 2) the intake air; and 3) discharge air temperature.

11. Compressor

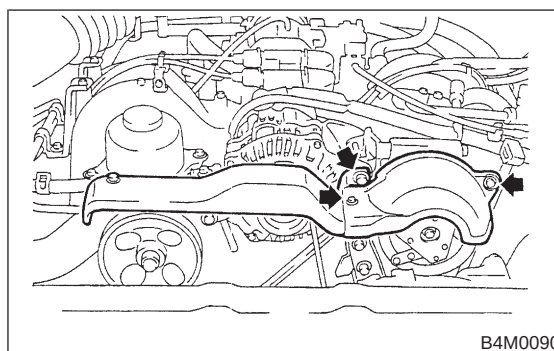
A: INSPECTION

1. COMPRESSOR CLUTCH

NOTE:

- Compressor is a 5-vane rotary type. When trouble occurs, replace compressor as a single unit.
- Compressor clutch trouble is often caused by clutch slippage and noise. Check and take corrective measures, as required.

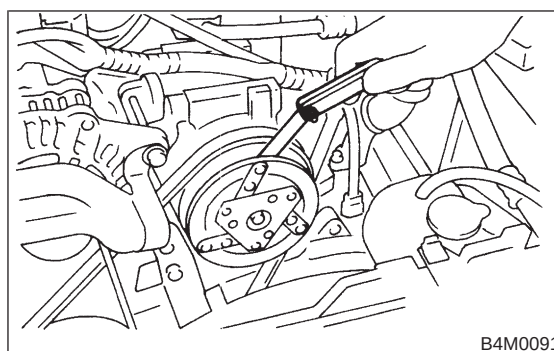
- 1) Remove belt cover.



- 2) Check that clearance between drive plate and pulley over the entire perimeter is within specifications.

Clearance:

$0.45 \pm 0.15 \text{ mm } (0.0177 \pm 0.0059 \text{ in})$



- 3) Check that voltage applied to magnetic coil is at least 10.5 volts.
- 4) When noise is noted, check that it originates in either compressor or pulley bearing.

B: REMOVAL

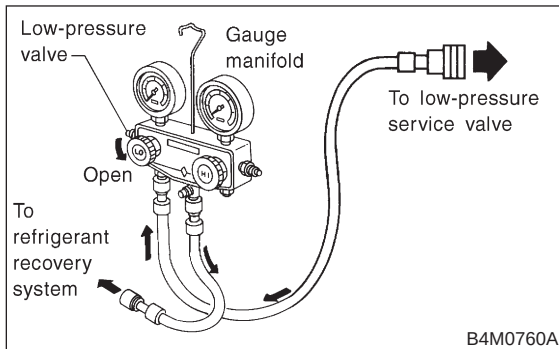
- 1) Disconnect ground cable from battery.

2) Discharge refrigerant using refrigerant recovery system. <Ref. to 4-7 [W600].>

- (1) Fully close low-pressure valve of manifold gauge.
- (2) Connect low-pressure charging hose of manifold gauge to low-pressure service valve.
- (3) Open low-pressure manifold gauge valve slightly, and slowly discharge refrigerant from system.

CAUTION:

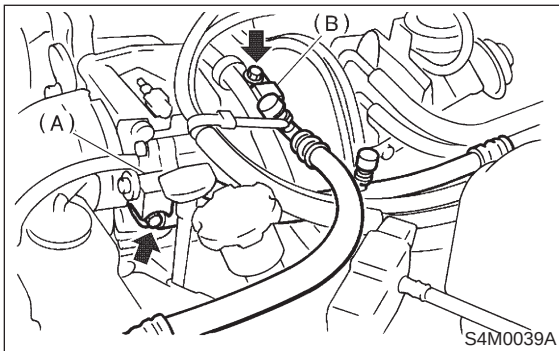
Do not allow refrigerant to rush out. Otherwise, compressor oil will be discharged along with refrigerant.



3) Remove low-pressure hose (A) (Flexible hose Ps) and high-pressure hose (B) (Flexible hose Pd).

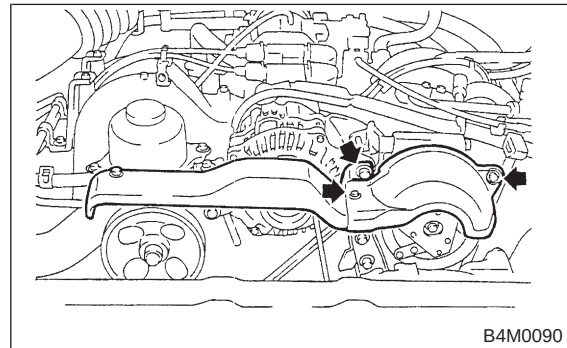
CAUTION:

- Be careful not to lose O-ring of low-pressure hose.
- Plug the opening to prevent foreign matter from entering.



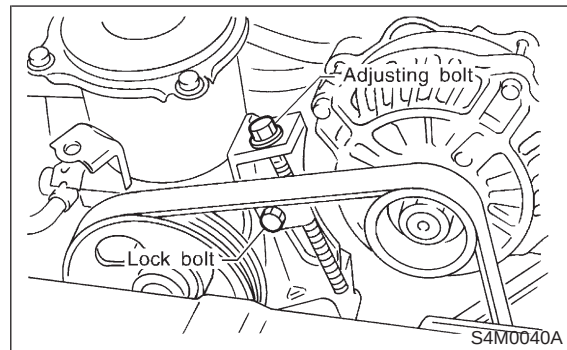
4) Compressor belt cover and generator belt cover:

Remove bolts which secure belt covers.



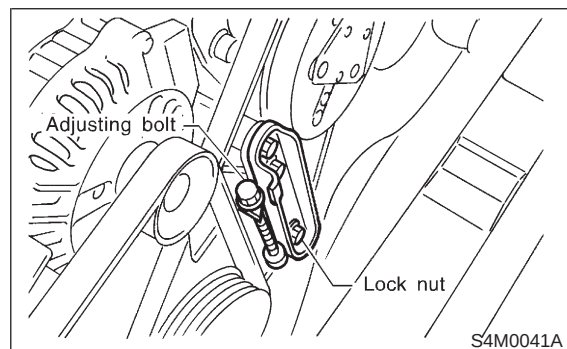
5) Remove alternator V-belt:

- (1) Loosen lock bolt on generator bracket.
- (2) Turn adjusting bolt and remove V-belt.

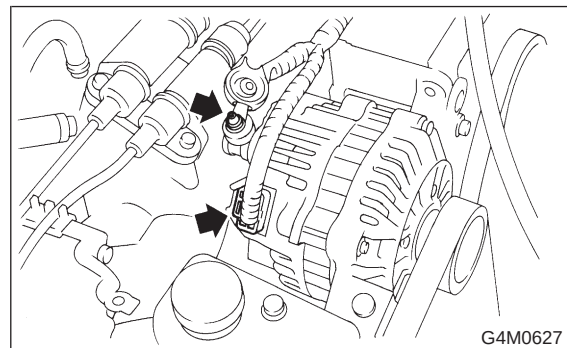


6) Remove compressor V-belt:

- (1) Loosen lock bolt on idler pulley.
- (2) Turn adjusting bolt and remove V-belt.

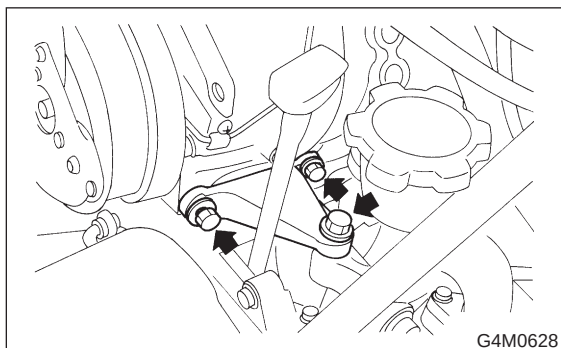


7) Disconnect alternator harness.

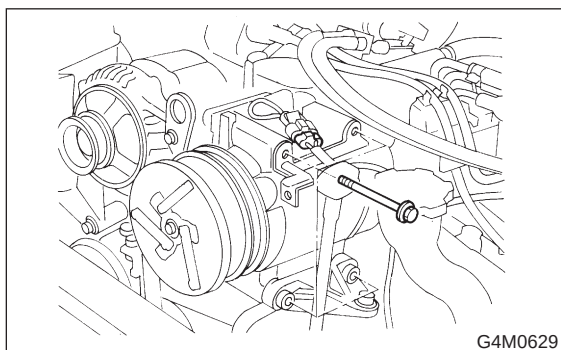


8) Disconnect compressor harness:
Disconnect compressor harness from body harness.

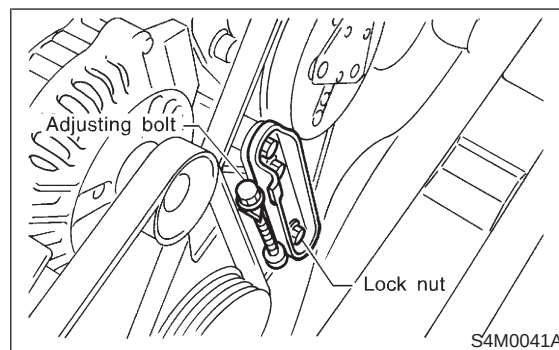
9) Remove lower bracket:
Remove bolts which secure lower compressor bracket.



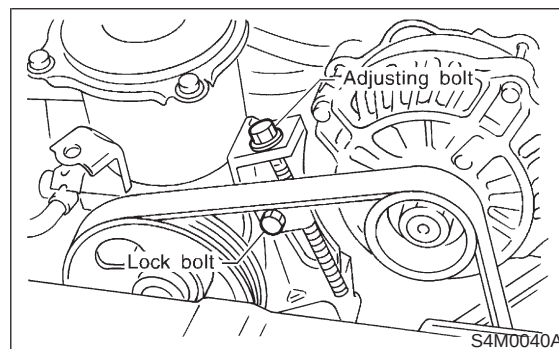
10) Remove compressor:
(1) Remove bolts which secure compressor.
(2) Remove compressor from bracket.



4) Install compressor V-belt (Rear):
After adjusting belt tension, tighten tension pulley lock bolt securely.



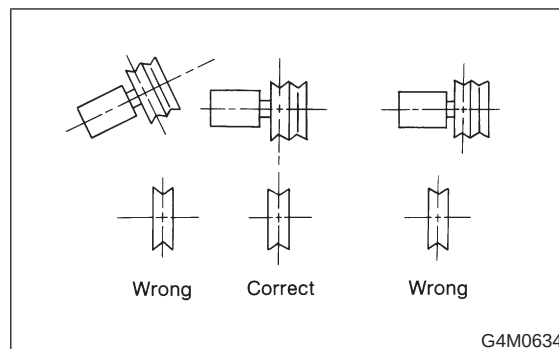
5) Install alternator V-belt:
After adjusting V-belt tension, tighten alternator bracket lock bolt securely.



6) Check drive belt tension and adjust it if necessary by changing alternator position and/or idler pulley position.

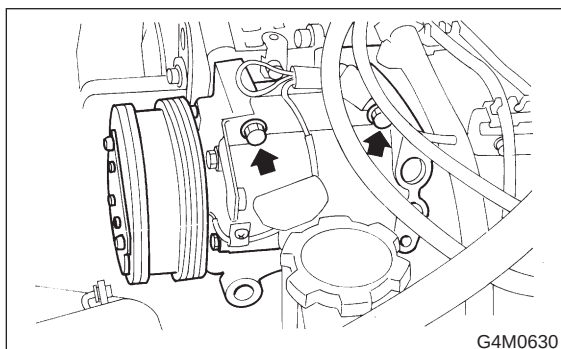
CAUTION:

- Ensure that the V-belt is aligned correctly. If it is not, check for loose bolts.
- The V-belt should not be too tight or too loose. A belt which is too tight may break bearing or cause gas to leak from the shaft seal. A belt which is too loose slips, thereby causing the belt cut.
- After completing the compressor installation and testing the system operation, check and adjust the tension of both V-belts again.

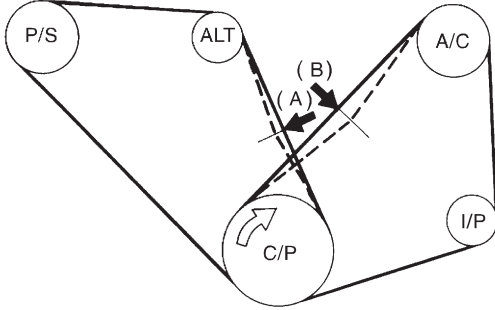


C: INSTALLATION

1) Install compressor:
Install compressor on bracket.



2) Connect compressor harness.
3) Connect alternator harness.

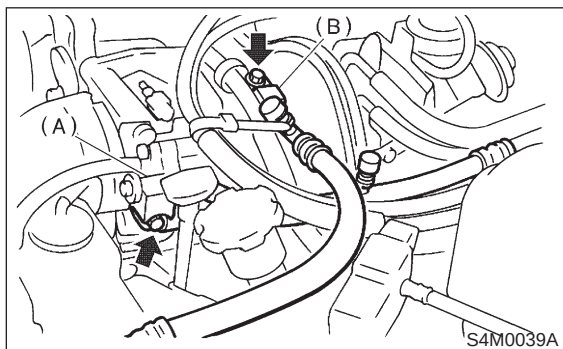
Pulley arrangement	Tension mm (in)/98N (10 kg, 22 lb)	
 Figures in table refer to the number of grooves in pulleys. C/P: Crankshaft pulley ALT: Alternator pulley P/S: Power steering oil pump pulley A/C: Air conditioner compressor pulley I/P: Idler pulley	(A)	(B)
	*New belt: 7.0 – 9.0 (0.276 – 0.354) Existing belt: 9.0 – 11.0 (0.354 – 0.433)	*New belt: 7.5 – 8.5 (0.295 – 0.335) Existing belt: 9.0 – 10.0 (0.354 – 0.394)
*When replacing belts with new ones, adjust tensions to specification and then readjust to the same specification after running engine for 5 minutes.		

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7) Install high-pressure hose (B) (Flexible hose Pd) and low-pressure hose (A) (Flexible hose Ps): Connect high-pressure hose (B) and low-pressure hose (A) with compressor.

CAUTION:

Be sure to apply compressor oil to the periphery of O-ring.



8) Install belt cover.

CAUTION:

- After installing belt cover, make sure it is not misaligned or twisted.
- After installing belt cover, check the clearance between pulley and belt cover.

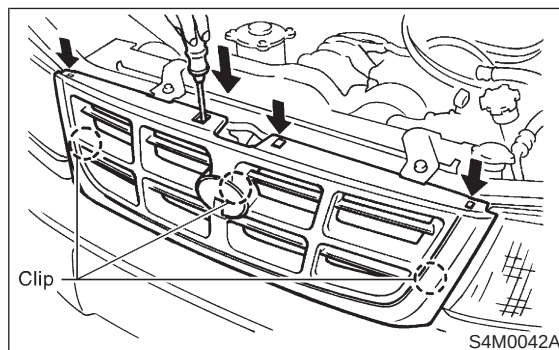
9) Connect ground cable to negative terminal of battery.

10) Charging refrigerant. <Ref. to 4-7 [W700].>

12. Condenser

A: REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

- 1) Disconnect battery negative terminal.
- 2) Discharge refrigerant using refrigerant recovery system. <Ref. to 4-7 [W600].>
- 3) Remove front grille.



4) Remove the radiator bracket.

5) Disconnect high-pressure hose (A) and high-pressure pipe (B) from condenser.

