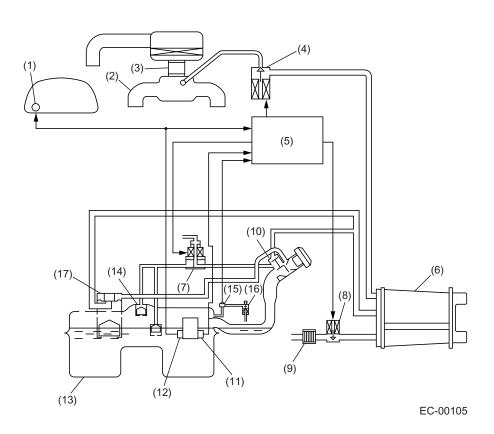
Emission Control (Aux. Emission Control Devices)

8. Evaporative Emission Control System

A: GENERAL

- The evaporative emission control system prevents fuel vapors from escaping into atmosphere. This system includes a canister, purge control solenoid valve, fuel cut valve, and the lines connecting them.
- Fuel vapors in the fuel tank is introduced into the canister through the evaporation line, and are absorbed by activated carbon in it. The fuel cut valve is also incorporated in the fuel tank line.
- The purge control solenoid valve is controlled optimally by the ECM according to the engine condition.
- The pressure control solenoid valve incorporated in the fuel tank evaporation line regulates the pressure/vacuum in the fuel tank under the control of the ECM which uses the signal from the fuel tank pressure sensor.

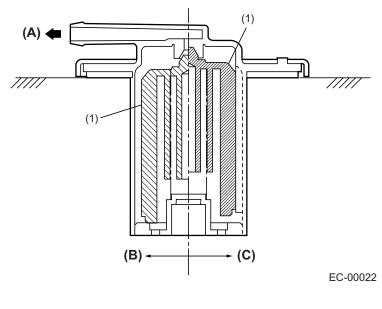


- (1) Fuel gauge
- (2) Intake manifold
- (3) Throttle body
- (4) Purge control solenoid valve
- (5) Engine control module (ECM)
- (6) Canister

- (7) Pressure control solenoid valve
- (8) Drain valve
- (9) Drain filter
- (10) Shut-off valve
- (11) Fuel temperature sensor
- (12) Fuel level sensor
- (13) Fuel tank
- (14) Fuel cut valve
- (15) Fuel tank pressure sensor
- (16) Vent valve

B: FUEL CUT VALVE

The fuel cut valve is built onto the evaporation pipe of the fuel tank cap. The rising level of the fuel in the fuel tank causes the float to move up and close the cap hole so that no fuel can flow to the evaporation line.



(1) Float

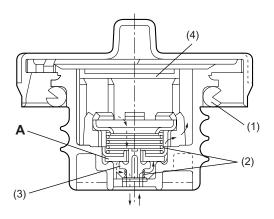
- (A) To canister
- (B) Valve open
- (C) Valve closed

Emission Control (Aux. Emission Control Devices)

C: FUEL TANK CAP

The fuel tank cap has a relief valve which prevents development of vacuum in the fuel tank in the event of a problem with the fuel vapor line.

When there is no problem with the fuel vapor line, the filler pipe is sealed at the portion (A) and by the seal pressed against the filler pipe end. If vacuum develops in the fuel tank, the atmospheric pressure forces the spring down to open the valve; consequently outside air flows into the fuel tank, thus controlling the inside pressure.



EC-00023

(1) Seal

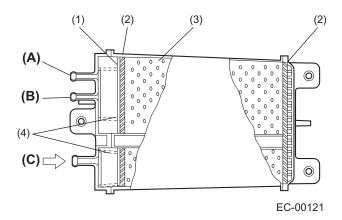
(3) Valve

(2) Spring

(4) Filter

D: CANISTER

The charcoal filled in the canister temporarily stores fuel vapors. When the purge control solenoid valve is opened by a signal from the ECM, the external fresh air entering the canister carries the fuel vapors into the collector chamber.

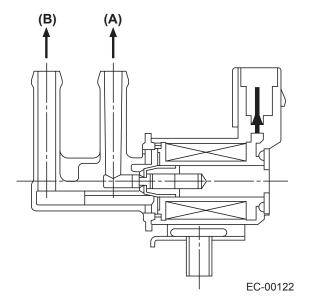


- (1) Grid
- (2) Filter
- (3) Activated charcoal
- (4) Spring

- (A) To purge control solenoid valve
- (B) From fuel tank
- (C) Air

E: PURGE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

The purge control solenoid valve is on the evaporation line between the canister and throttle body. It is installed at the underside of intake manifold.



- (A) To canister
- (B) To throttle body

Emission Control (Aux. Emission Control Devices)

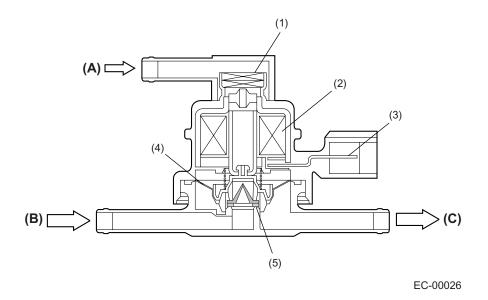
F: PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE

The fuel tank pressure control solenoid valve is located in the evaporation line between the shut-off valve on fuel filler pipe and the fuel tank. It adjusts the fuel tank inside pressure under the control of the ECM.

When the tank inside pressure becomes higher than the atmospheric pressure, the valve is opened allowing fuel vapors to be introduced into the canister.

On the other hand, when the tank inside pressure becomes lower than the atmospheric pressure, external air is taken from the drain valve into the canister.

The pressure control solenoid valve can also be electrically closed for the system diagnosis purposes.

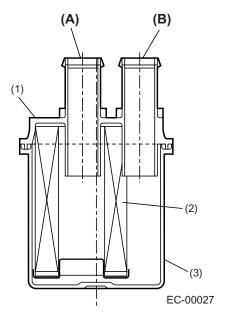


- (1) Filter
- (2) Coil
- (3) Connector terminal
- (4) Diaphragm
- (5) Valve

- (A) Atmospheric pressure
- (B) From shut-off valve
- (C) To fuel tank

G: DRAIN FILTER

The drain filter is installed at the air inlet port of the drain valve. It cleans the air taken in the canister through the drain valve.



- (1) Cap
- (2) Element
- (3) Case

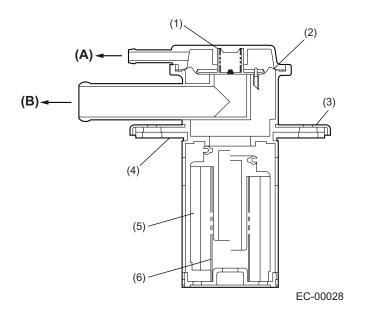
- (A) To drain valve
- (B) To atmosphere

Emission Control (Aux. Emission Control Devices)

H: VENT VALVE

The vent valve is located on the fuel tank. During filling the fuel tank, fuel vapors are introduced into the canister through the vent valve.

When the fuel vapor pressure becomes higher than the atmospheric pressure and overcomes the spring force which is applied to the back side of the diaphragm, the port toward the canister is opened. The vent valve also has a float which blocks the fuel vapor passage when the tank is filled up. Increasing fuel level raises the float to close the port toward the canister.

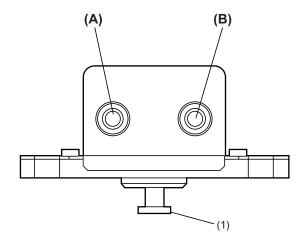


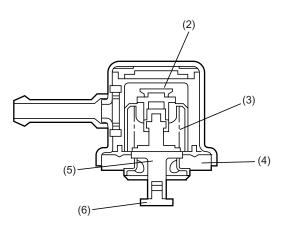
- (1) Spring
- (2) Diaphragm
- (3) Plate cover
- (4) Packing
- (5) Float
- (6) Float spring

- (A) To filler pipe
- (B) To canister

I: SHUT-OFF VALVE

The shut-off valve is located at the top of the fuel filler pipe. When a filler gun is inserted into the filler pipe, the shut-off valve closes the evaporation line.





EC-00029

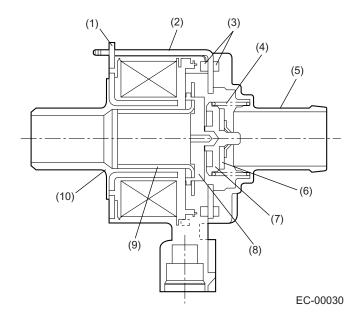
- (1) Pin
- (2) Valve
- (3) Spring
- (4) Plate
- (5) Shaft
- (6) Pin

- (A) To canister
- (B) To fuel tank

Emission Control (Aux. Emission Control Devices)

J: DRAIN VALVE

The drain valve is located on the line connecting the drain filter and canister, just below the drain filter. The drain valve is forcibly closed by a signal from the ECM while the evaporation system diagnosis is being conducted.



- (1) Magnetic plate
- (2) Yoke
- (3) Packing
- (4) Spring
- (5) Valve seat

- (6) Valve
- (7) Plate
- (8) Retainer
- (9) Moving core
- (10) Bobin