CLUTCH SYSTEM

CLUTCH FLUID AIR BLEEDING

9. Clutch Fluid Air Bleeding A: PROCEDURE

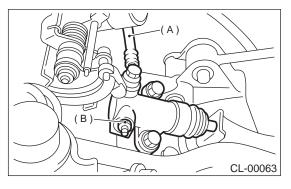
NOTE:

Bleed air from the oil line with help of co-worker.

1) Remove the air cleaner case and air intake duct. (2.5 L model) <Ref. to IN(H4SO)-5, REMOVAL, Air Cleaner Case.> and <Ref. to IN(H4SO)-6, RE-MOVAL, Air Intake Duct.>

2) Remove the air intake chamber and air intake duct. (3.0 L model) <Ref. to IN(H6DO)-6, REMOV-AL, Air Intake Chamber.> and <Ref. to IN(H6DO)-7, REMOVAL, Air Intake Duct.>

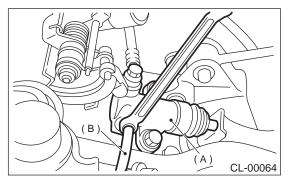
3) Fit one end of a vinyl tube into the air bleeder of operating cylinder and put the other end into a brake fluid container.



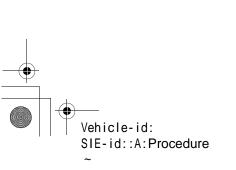
- (A) Clutch hose
- (B) Air bleeder

4) Slowly depress the clutch pedal and keep it depressed. Then open the air bleeder to discharge air together with the fluid.

Release the air bleeder for 1 or 2 seconds. Next, with the bleeder closed, slowly release the clutch pedal.



- (A) Operating cylinder
- (B) Vinyl tube



5) Repeat these steps until there are no more air bubbles in the vinyl tube.

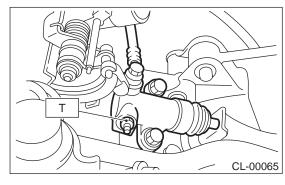
CAUTION:

Cover the bleeder with waste cloth when loosening it, to prevent brake fluid from being splashed over surrounding parts.

6) Tighten the air bleeder.

Tightening torque:

T: 8 N·m (0.8 kgf-m, 5.8 ft-lb)



7) After depressing the clutch pedal, make sure that there are no leaks evident in the entire system.8) After bleeding air from the system, ensure that clutch operates properly.