A: DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect NG when having either Low NG or High NG.

A variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch is installed for diagnosis. It is possible to determine whether the intake valve is in high mode (increase the amount of lift) or in low mode (suppressing the amount of lift) when the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch is turned OFF or ON.

Normal

Oil switching solenoid valve duty	Intake valve	Variable valve lift diag- nosis oil pressure switch
Large	High mode	OFF
Minimum	Low mode	ON

Low NG

When the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch remains ON even though the intake valve tried to enter high mode (oil switching solenoid valve duty is large), this is judged as a Low NG.

• High NG

When the variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch remains OFF even though the intake valve tried to enter low mode (oil switching solenoid valve duty is small), this is judged as a High NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The variable valve lift system optimizes the intake valve lift by switching between the low lift cam and the high lift cam according to the engine speed. The amount of intake valve lift is varied by controlling the oil switching solenoid valve duty according to signals from the ECM.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	≥ 6 sec.
Engine oil temperature	≥ 15°C (59°F)
Variable valve lift control	Operating

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously 6 seconds after engine start while variable valve lift is being controlled.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time is longer than the predetermined time when the following conditions are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low NG	
Duty ratio	≥ 62%
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure	ON
switch	
High NG	
Duty ratio	< 33%
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	OFF

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low side 0.784 seconds High side 3.0 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established are more than 3 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low OK	
Duty ratio	≥ 62%
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	OFF
High OK	
Duty ratio	< 33%
Variable valve lift diagnosis oil pressure switch	ON

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

B: DTC P0028 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE (BANK 2)

NOTE:

For diagnostic procedures, refer to DTC P0026. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-8, DTC P0026 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

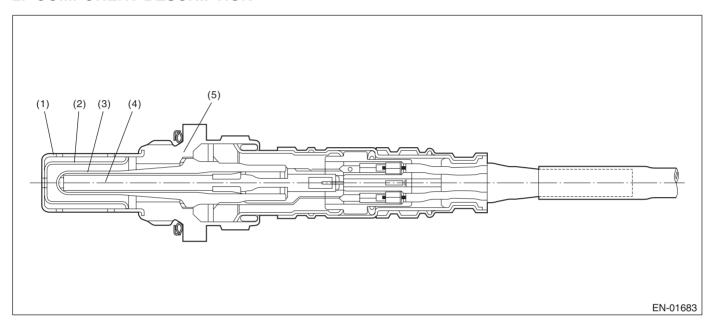
C: DTC P0030 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect functional errors of the front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater.

Judge as NG when it is determined that the front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance is large by referring to the engine condition such as fuel shut-off in deceleration, etc.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Element cover (outer)
- (3) Sensor element
- 5) Sensor housing

- (2) Element cover (inner)
- (4) Ceramic heater

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Continuous time where all of the follow-	30 seconds or more
ing conditions are met	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
After fuel cut	20 seconds or more
Heater current	Operating
Front lambda sensor duty ≥ 35%	Experienced

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after 50 seconds or more have passed since the engine started.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of meeting the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds). Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time of not completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	> 50 Ω

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

D: DTC P0031 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

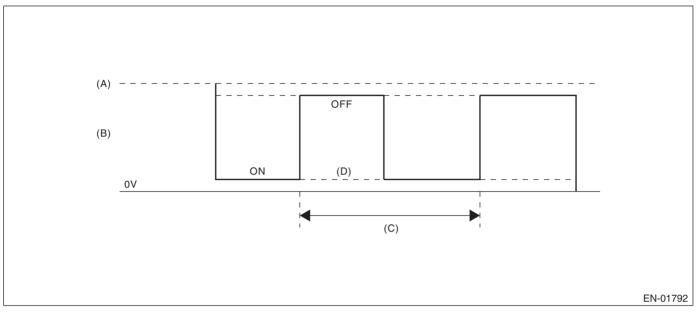
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of heater.

The heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

(C) 128 milliseconds

(D) Low error

(B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater output voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 1 second (8 cycles).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control	< 87.5%
duty	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

E: DTC P0032 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

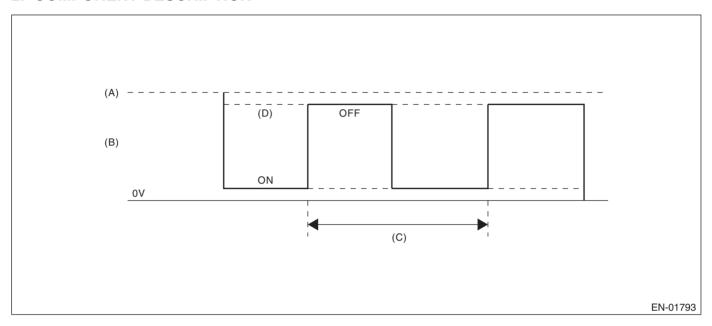
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of heater.

The heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

(C) 128 milliseconds

(D) High malfunction

(B) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater output voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 1 second (8 cycles).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	High
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control duty	≥ 12.5%

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage level	Low

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

F: DTC P0037 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

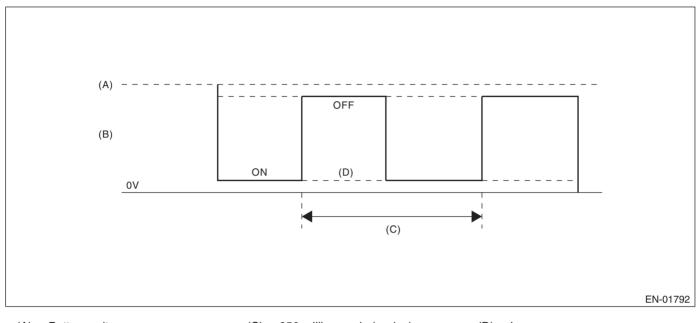
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains Low.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

- (C) 256 milliseconds (cycles)
- (D) Low error

(B) Rear oxygen sensor heater output voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 1 sec.

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time while meeting all of the malfunction criteria below is more than 2560 milliseconds (10 cycles).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	Low
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	< 75%

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.56 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	High

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

G: DTC P0038 HO2S HEATER CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

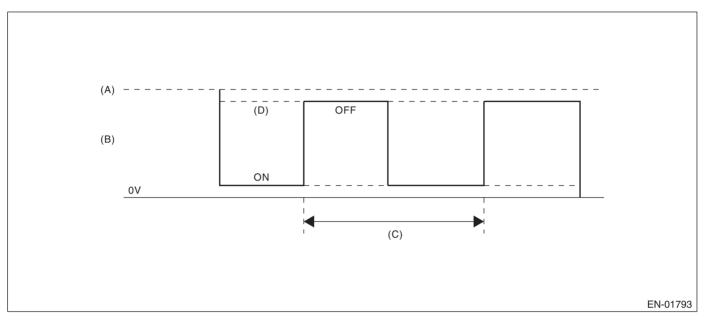
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect oxygen sensor heater open or short circuit.

The oxygen sensor heater performs duty control, and the output terminal voltage at ON is 0 V, and the output terminal voltage at OFF is the battery voltage.

Judge as NG when the terminal voltage remains High.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Battery voltage

- (C) 256 milliseconds (cycles)
- (D) High malfunction

(B) Rear oxygen sensor heater output voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 1 sec.

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time while meeting all of the malfunction criteria below is more than 2560 milliseconds (10 cycles).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	High
Rear oxygen sensor heater control duty	≥ 20%

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.56 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	Low

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

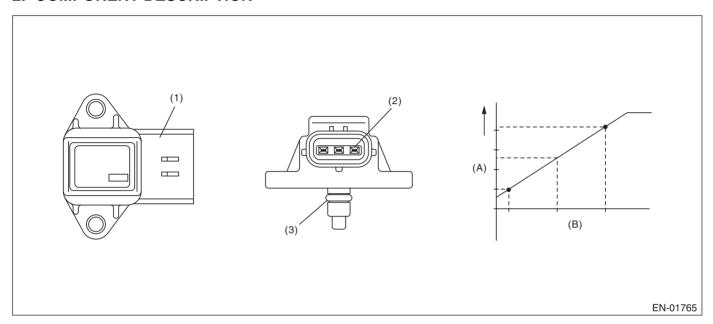
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

H: DTC P0068 MAP/MAF - THROTTLE POSITION CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of intake manifold pressure sensor output property. Judge as NG when the intake air pressure AD value is Low whereas it seemed to be High from the viewpoint of engine condition, or when it is High whereas it seemed to be Low from the engine condition.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Connector
- (2) Terminal
- (3) O-ring

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Absolute pressure

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when either Low side or High side becomes NG.

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low side	
Engine speed	< 2500 rpm
Throttle position	≥ 12°
Intake air amount every 0.5 engine revs.	≥ 0.55 g (0.019 oz)/rev
Output voltage	< 1.4 V
High side	
Engine speed	600 — 900 rpm
Throttle position	≤ 2.44°
Intake air amount every 0.5 engine revs.	< 0.4 g (0.014 oz)/rev
Output voltage	≥ 3.4 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3 seconds for low side, 7 seconds for high side **Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination:** Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when both Low side and High side become OK. Judge as OK when the malfunction criteria below are completed.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Low side	
Engine speed	< 2500 rpm
Throttle position	≥ 12°
Intake air amount every 0.5 engine revs.	≥ 0.55 g (0.019 oz)/rev
Output voltage	≥ 1.4 V
High side	
Engine speed	600 — 900 rpm
Throttle position	≤ 2.44°
Intake air amount every 0.5 engine revs.	< 0.4 g (0.014 oz)/rev
Output voltage	< 3.4 V

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Intake manifold pressure sensor process: Estimate the pressure from engine load.
- ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

I: DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open circuit of the oil switching solenoid valve.

Judge as NG when the current is small even though the output duty is large.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established is more than 2 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio	≥ 30%
Control current	< 0.026 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established are more than 2 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Oil switching solenoid valve current target current value – oil switching solenoid valve current value	< 0.08 A
Control current	≥ 0.11 A

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

J: DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect short circuits of the oil switching solenoid valve.

Judge as a short NG when the current is large even though the output duty is small.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established is more than 2 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Duty ratio	< 7%
Control current	≥ 0.465 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established are more than 2 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Oil switching solenoid valve current target current value – oil switching solenoid valve current value	< 0.08 A

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

K: DTC P0082 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0076. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-22, DTC P0076 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

L: DTC P0083 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0077. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-23, DTC P0077 INTAKE VALVE CONTROL SOLENOID CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

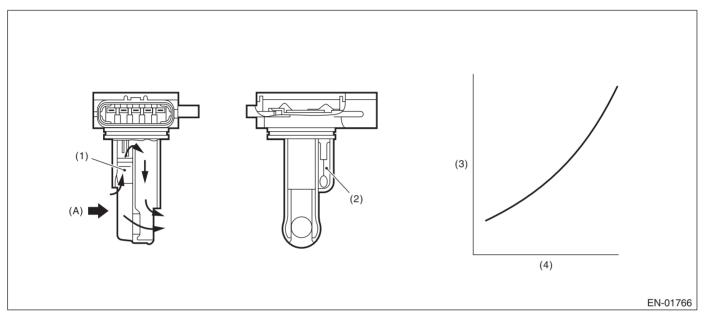
M: DTC P0101 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of air flow sensor output property.

Judge as a low side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a small value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage increases. Judge as a high side NG when the air flow voltage indicates a large value regardless of running in a state where the air flow voltage decreases. Judge air flow sensor property NG when the Low side or High side becomes NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(A) Air

- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (4) Intake air volume (kg/s)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after idling.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(Low side error)	
Output voltage	< 1.2 V
Engine speed	≥ 2000 rpm
Throttle opening angle	≥ 13°
Intake manifold pressure	≥ 53.3 kPa (400
	mmHg, 15.7 inHg)
High side error (1)	
Output voltage	≥ 2.66 V
Engine speed	600 — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44°
Intake manifold pressure	< 40.0 kPa (300
	mmHg, 11.8 inHg)
High side error (2)	
Output voltage	≥ 1.45 V
Engine speed	600 — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44°
Intake manifold pressure	< 40.0 kPa (300
	mmHg, 11.8 inHg)
Fuel system diagnosis	Rich side malfunction

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

Low side	3 seconds
High side	10 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(Low side error)	
Output voltage	≥ 1.2 V
Engine speed	≥ 2000 rpm
Throttle opening angle	≥ 13°
Intake manifold pressure	≥ 53.3 kPa (400
	mmHg, 15.7 inHg)
(High side error)	
Output voltage	< 2.66 V
Engine speed	600 — 900 rpm
Throttle opening angle	< 2.44°
Intake manifold pressure	< 40.0 kPa (300
	mmHg, 11.8 inHg)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

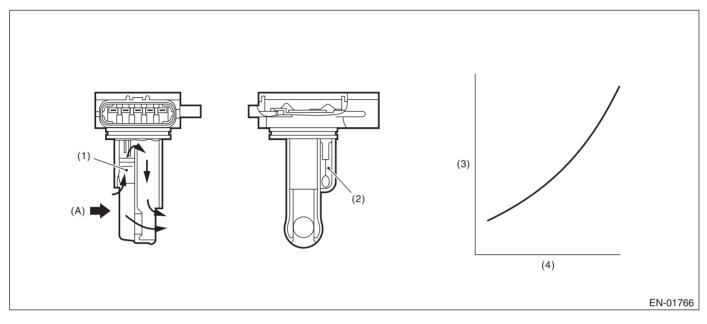
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

N: DTC P0102 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(A) Air

- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (4) Intake air volume (kg/s)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≤ 0.2 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

None

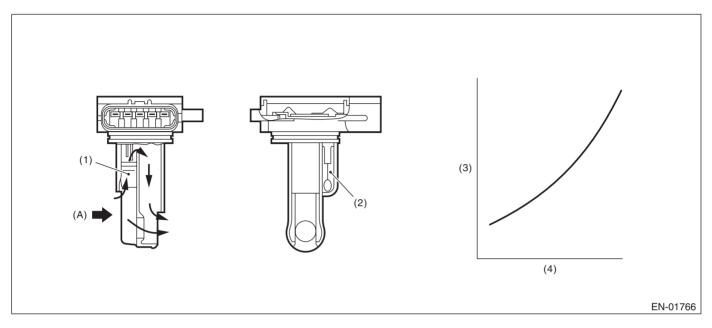
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

O: DTC P0103 MASS OR VOLUME AIR FLOW CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuits of the air flow sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Air flow sensor

(3) Voltage (V)

(A) Air

- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (4) Intake air volume (kg/s)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 0.5 seconds. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.985 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

None

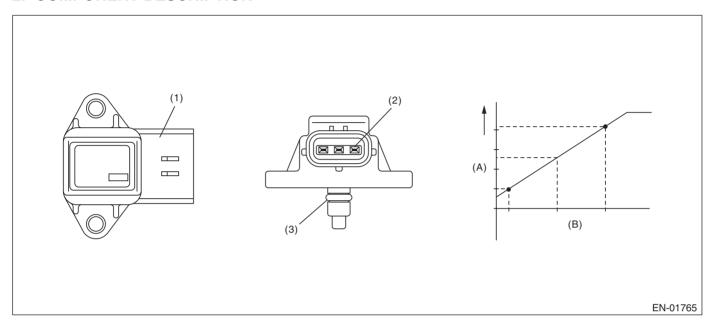
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

P: DTC P0107 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Connector
- (2) Terminal
- (3) O-ring

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Absolute pressure

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.568 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

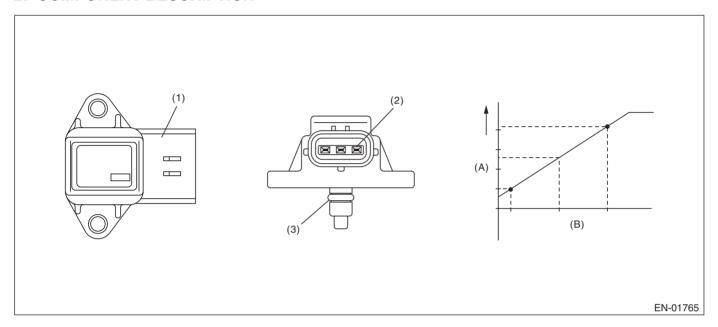
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Q: DTC P0108 MANIFOLD ABSOLUTE PRESSURE/BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of intake manifold pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Connector
- (2) Terminal
- (3) O-ring

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Absolute pressure

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.921 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

ISC feedback: Not allowed to calculate the amount of feedback.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

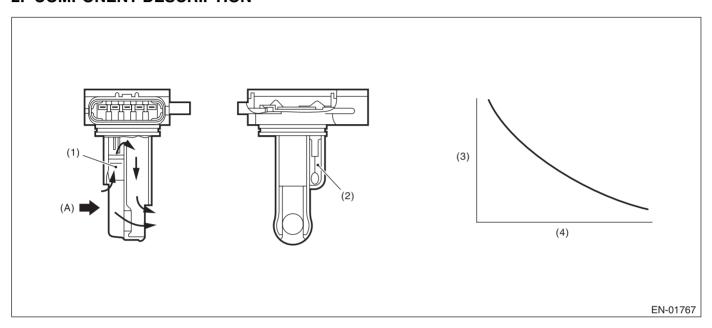
R: DTC P0111 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of intake air temperature sensor output property.

Judge as NG when the intake air temperature is not varied whereas it seemed to be varied from the viewpoint of engine condition.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Air flow sensor

- (3) Resistance value (Ω)
- (A) Air

- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Coolant temp. before engine start	< 30°C (86°F)
Engine coolant temperature	> 100°C (212°F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Continuous time when the vehicle speed is less than 60 km/h (37 MPH)	600 seconds or more

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis when the vehicle speed condition is completed after idling from starting the cooled engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 1 second or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage difference between Max. and Min.	< 20 mV (Equivalent to approximately 0.5°C (0.9°F) near 25°)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage difference between Max. and Min.	≥ 20 mV

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

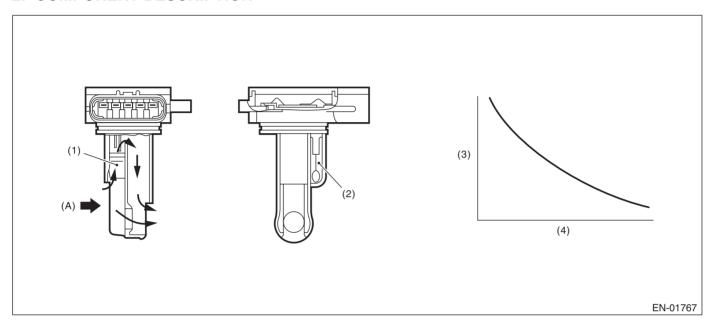
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

S: DTC P0112 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Air flow sensor
- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (3) Resistance value (Ω)
- (4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(A)

Air

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.166 V
Ignition switch	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.166 V
Ignition switch	ON

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

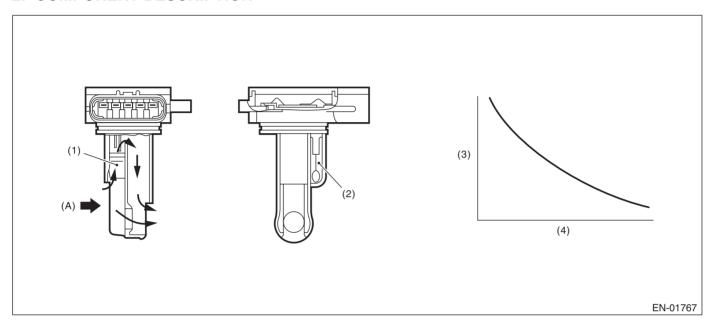
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

T: DTC P0113 INTAKE AIR TEMPERATURE SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the intake air temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Air flow sensor
- (2) Intake air temperature sensor
- (3) Resistance value (Ω)
- (4) Intake air temperature °C (°F)

(A)

Air

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V
Ignition switch	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.716 V
Ignition switch	ON

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Intake air temperature sensor process: Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F).

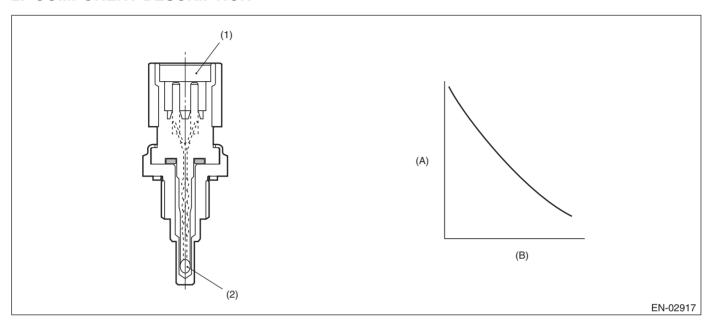
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

U: DTC P0117 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

- (A) Resistance value $(k\Omega)$
- (2) Thermistor element
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.166 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F)
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

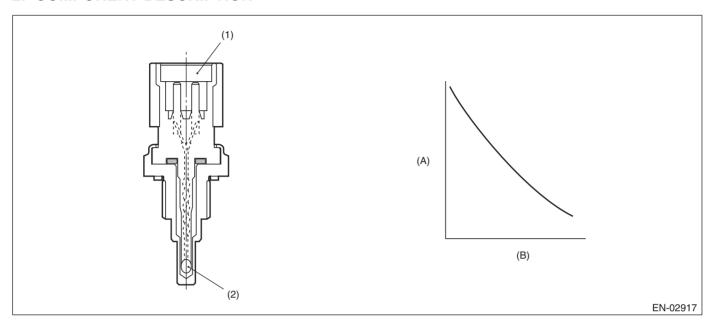
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

V: DTC P0118 ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the engine coolant temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

- (A) Resistance value $(k\Omega)$
- (2) Thermistor element
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F)
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

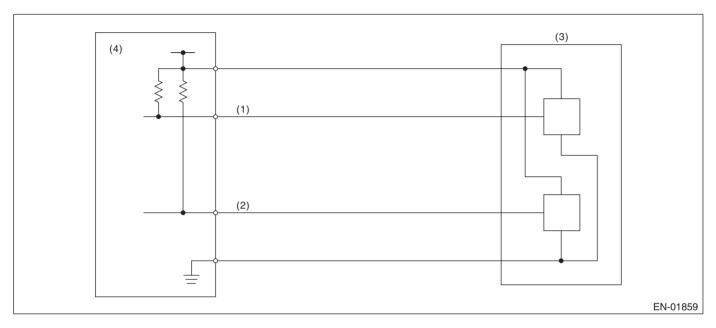
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

W: DTC P0122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≥ 0.224 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

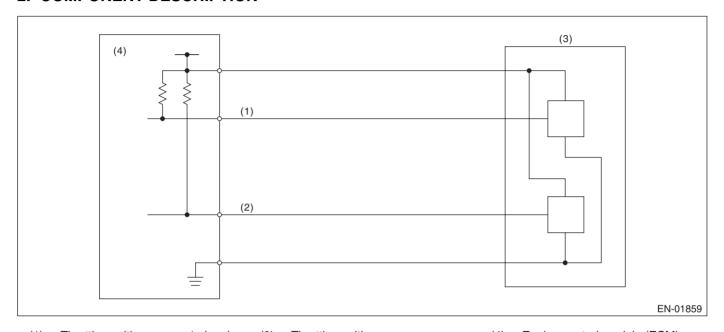
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

X: DTC P0123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 1. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≤ 4.851 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

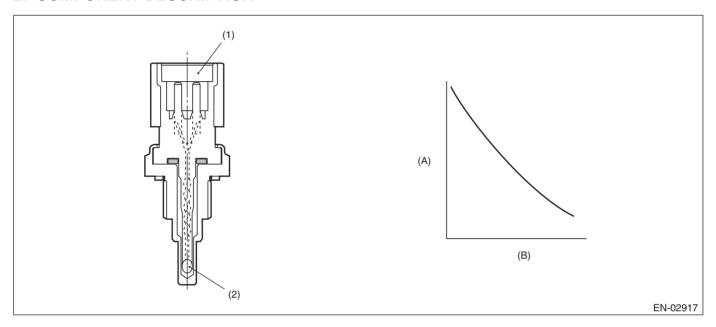
Y: DTC P0125 INSUFFICIENT COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR CLOSED LOOP FUEL CONTROL

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of engine coolant temperature output property.

Judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature does not rise in driving conditions where it should.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

- (A) Resistance value $(k\Omega)$
- (2) Thermistor element
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after engine starting.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	< 20°C (68°F)
Timer for diagnosis after engine starting	≥Judgment value of timer after engine
	starting

Timer for diagnosis after engine starting

- a. Timer stop at fuel cut mode.
- b. During the driving conditions except a) above, timer count up by

64 milliseconds + TWCNT milliseconds at every 64 milliseconds.

TWCNT is defined as follows.

TWCNT = 0 at idle switch ON,

TWCNT show on the following table at idle switch OFF.

		Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)							
		0 (0)	8 (4.97)	16 (9.94)	24 (14.9)	32 (19.9)	40 (24.9)	48 (29.8)	56 (34.8)
Tempera- ture °C (°F)	-20 (-4)	0 ms	32.076 ms	39.977 ms	47.879 ms	82.544 ms	117.209	154.214	185.260
							ms	ms	ms
	-10 (14)	0 ms	25.704 ms	33.606 ms	41.508 ms	68.520 ms	95.532 ms	125.667	155.802
								ms	ms
	0 (32)	0 (32) 0 ms 17.646 ms 25.54	17 6/16 ms	25.548 ms	33.450 ms	53.652 ms	73.855 ms	97.120 ms	120.386
			20.0401113	00.400 1113	30.032 1113	70.000 1113	37.1201113	ms	
	10 (50)	0 ms	7.901 ms	15.802 ms	23.704 ms	37.941 ms	52.177 ms	68.573 ms	82.538 ms

Judgment value of timer after engine starting

 $t = 574 - 33 \times Ti$ (seconds)

Ti is the lowest coolant temperature after starting the engine.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: To be determined. (It is varied by the Min. engine coolant temperature and engine conditions such as vehicle speed and engine coolant temperature.)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 20°C (68°F)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Engine coolant temperature sensor process: Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)
- ISC Feedback: Calculate target engine speed as engine coolant temperature 70°C (158°F)
- ISC learning: Not allowed to learn.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed to turn the air conditioner to ON.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan turn to ON.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

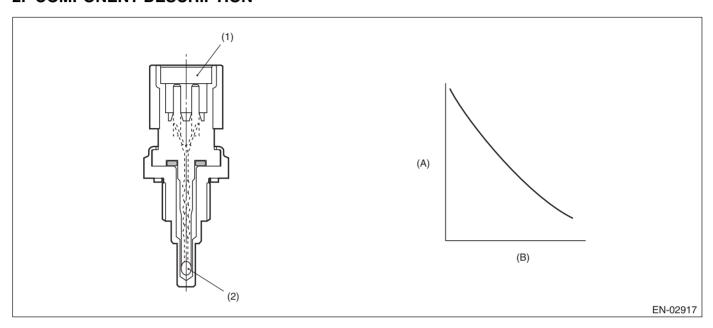
Z: DTC P0126 INSUFFICIENT ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE FOR STA-BLE OPERATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of engine coolant temperature sensor characteristics.

Memorize the engine coolant temperature and fuel temperature at the last engine stop, and use them to judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature does not decrease when it should.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

- (A) Resistance value $(k\Omega)$
- (2) Thermistor element
- (B) Temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Refueling from the last engine stop till the current engine start	None
Fuel level	≥ 15 Q
Engine coolant temperature at the last engine stop	≥ 75°C (167°F)
	and
	< 100°C (212°F)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG if the continuous time with the following conditions established is more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature at the last engine stop – Minimum engine coolant temperature after the engine start	< 2.5°C (4.5°F)
Fuel temperature at the last engine stop – fuel temperature	> 5°C (9°F)
Intake air temperature – fuel temperature	< 2.5°C (4.5°F)
Fuel temperature	< 35°C (54°F)

Normality Judgment

When the following conditions are established, judged as OK.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature at the last	≥ 2.5°C (4.5°F)
engine stop – Minimum engine coolant	
temperature after the engine start	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

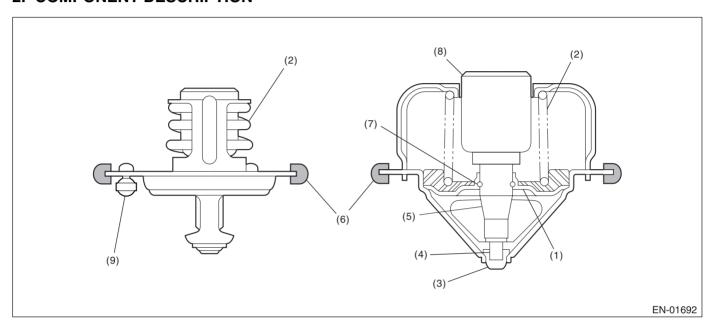
AA:DTC P0128 COOLANT THERMOSTAT (ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE BELOW THERMOSTAT REGULATING TEMPERATURE)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the thermostat function.

Judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature is lower than the estimated engine coolant temperature and the difference between them is large. Judge as OK when the engine coolant temperature becomes to 70°C (158°F), and the difference is small, before judging NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Valve
- (2) Spring
- (3) Stopper

- (4) Piston
- (5) Guide
- (6) Rubber packing

- (7) Stop ring
- (8) Wax element
- (9) Jiggle valve

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 30 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature at engine starting	< 55°C (131°F)
Engine coolant temperature	< 75°C (167°F)
(Estimated – measured) Engine coolant temperature	> 30°C (54°F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (18.6 MPH)
Estimated coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Estimate ambient temperature	≥ -7°C (19°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Not fixed

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine coolant temperature at engine starting	< 55°C (131°F)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
(Estimated – measured) Engine coolant temperature	≤ 30°C (54°F)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

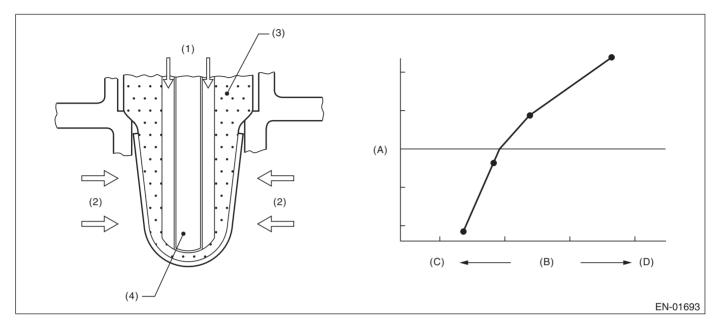
AB:DTC P0131 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor.

Judge as NG when the element impressed voltage is out of range, or the element current is out of range.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing any malfunction criteria below is more than 1 second.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage	< 1.8 V
Input current	<-0.005 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

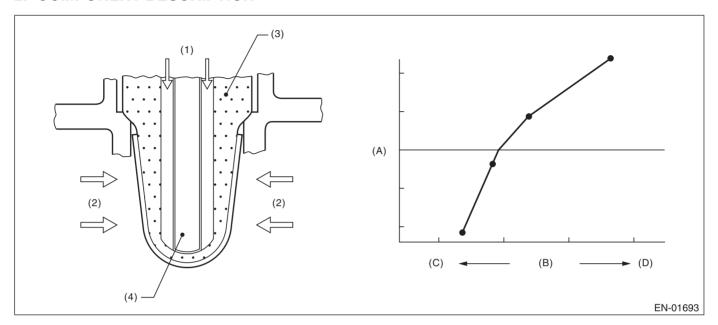
AC:DTC P0132 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of sensor.

Judge as NG when the element impressed voltage is out of range, or the element current is out of range.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing any malfunction criteria below is more than 1 second.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Input voltage	≥ 3.8 V
Input current	≥ 0.005 A

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

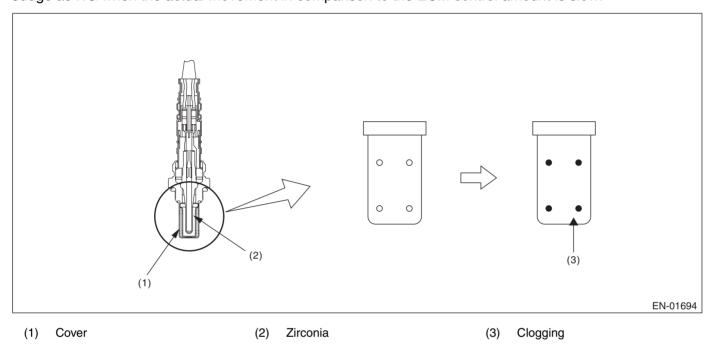
AD:DTC P0133 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

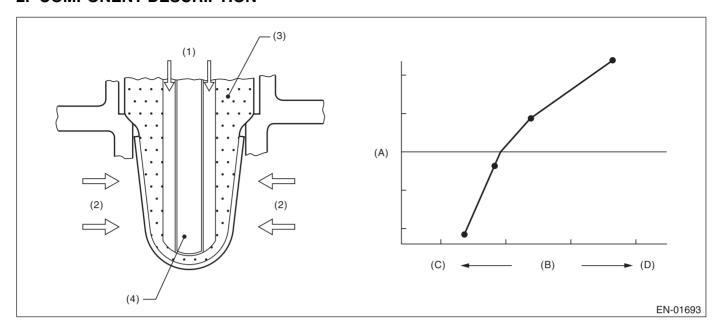
Detect the slow response of front oxygen (A/F) sensor.

Front oxygen (A/F) sensor cover has some ventilation holes for exhaust gas. Clogged ventilation holes are diagnosed.

When the holes are clogged, the A/F output variation becomes slow comparing with the actual A/F variation because oxygen which reaches the zirconia layer is insufficient. Therefore, if the sensor cover holes are clogged, the rich to lean judgment in the ECM is delayed when the change from rich to lean occurs. Judge as NG when the actual movement in comparison to the ECM control amount is slow.



2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
All secondary parameters enable condi-	1 second or more
tions	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Closed loop control with main feedback	Operating
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$0-50 \Omega$
After engine starting	120 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Engine speed	1000 — 3200 rpm
Vehicle speed	10 — 120 km/h (6.21 — 74.6 MPH)
Amount of intake air	10 — 40 g (0.35 — 1.41 oz)/s
Engine load change during 0.5 engine revs.	≤ 0.02 g (0.001 oz)/rev
Learning value of EVAP conc. during purge	≤ 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	20 seconds or more

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis only once at a constant speed of 10 to 120 km/h (6.21 to 74.6 MPH) after 120 seconds or more have passed after the engine starting.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Calculate faf difference every 128 milliseconds, and the λ value difference. Calculate the diagnostic value after calculating for 210 seconds.

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
parafca = td2faf/td2lmd	≥ 0.44
where,	
td2faf(N) = td2faf(n-1) + d2faf(n)	
td2Imd (N) = td2Imd (n-1) + d2Imd (n)	
add up to a total of 210 seconds	
d2faf (n) = (faf (n) - faf (n-1)) - (faf (n-1) - faf (n-2))	
d2lmd (n) = (lmd (n) - lmd (n-1)) - (lmd (n-1) - lmd (n-2))	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 128 milliseconds	
Imd = output lambda every 128 milliseconds	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 210 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- A/F sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

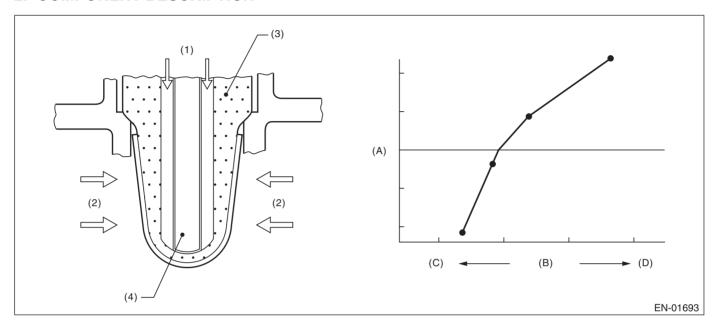
AE:DTC P0134 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK 1 SENSOR 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open circuits of the sensor.

Judge as NG when the impedance of the element is large.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Time of heater duty ≥ 70%	≥ 30 sec.
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance.	≥ 500 Ω

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor heater control: Not allowed to turn on the heater.
- A/F main learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F main learning compensation factor.
- A/F sub learning: Not allowed to calculate the A/F sub learning compensation factor.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

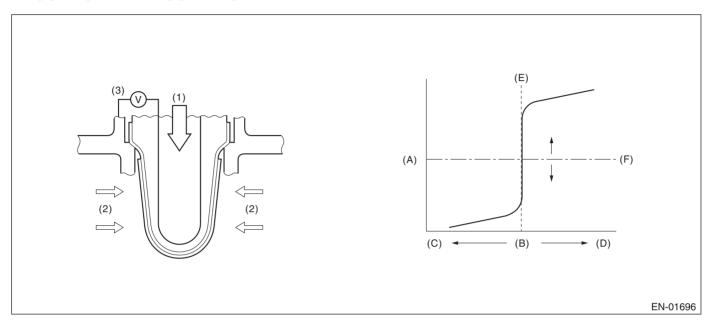
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AF:DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the continuity NG of oxygen sensor. If the oxygen sensor voltage reading is not within the probable range considering the operating conditions, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (1) Atmosphere

- (C) Rich
- (D) Lean
- (2) Exhaust gas

- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage
- (3) Electromotive force

3. ENABLE CONDITION

(Used only for malfunction judgment)

Used only for malfunction judgment)		
Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions	
High side		
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation	
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times	
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V	
Low side 1		
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation	
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times	
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V	
Amount of intake air	≥ 10 g/second	
Low side 2		
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation	
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times	
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V	
Amount of intake air	< 10 g/second	
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	30 seconds or more	
Low side 3		
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation	
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times	
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value	
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V	
Amount of intake air	< 10 g/second	
Current continuation time of the rear oxygen sensor heater	30 seconds or more	
Fuel cut	Experienced	

(Used only for normality judgment)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Closed loop control at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

After staritng the engine, perform the diagnosis in series while the engine is in a constant operating condition.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG if the continuous time during which the following conditions are established exceeds the predetermined time, and judge as OK if it doesn't.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
High side		P0138
Maximum output voltage without continu-	≥ 1200 mV	
ity		
Low side		P0137
Minimum output voltage without continu-	< 30 mV	
ity		

Time Needed for Diagnosis

High side: 2.5 seconds Low side 1: 20 seconds Low side 2: 40 seconds Low side 3: Value from Map

Map

ı	Fuel Cut Time (Seconds)	Time Needed for Diag- nosis (Seconds)
0		40
2		40
10		60

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

AG:DTC P0138 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT HIGH VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0137. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-66, DTC P0137 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT LOW VOLTAGE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

AH: DTC P0139 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT SLOW RESPONSE (BANK 1 SENSOR 2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the slow response of the oxygen sensor.

Judge as NG if either the rich to lean response diagnosis or lean to rich response diagnosis is NG, and Judge as OK if both are OK.

[Rich → lean diagnosis response]

- 1. Measure the response time for oxygen sensor output changes when the A/F ratio changes to rich to lean. If the measured response time is larger than the threshold value, it is NG. If it is smaller, it is OK.
- 2. Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage is large (rich) when recovering from a deceleration fuel cut.

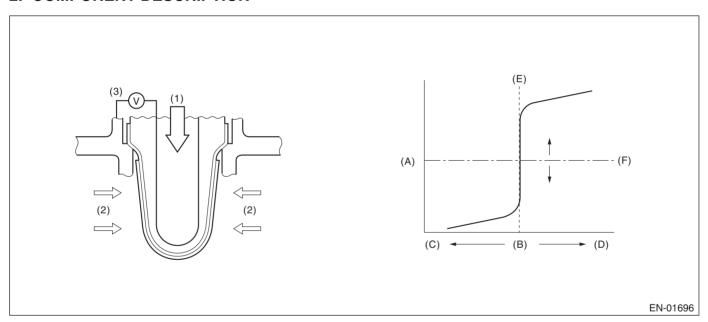
[Lean \rightarrow rich diagnosis response]

- 1. Measure the response time for oxygen sensor output changes when the A/F ratio changes to lean to rich. If the measured response time is larger than the threshold value, it is NG.
- 2. Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage remains small when recovering from a deceleration fuel cut.

Diagnostic method

Measure the response time of the output change of the oxygen sensor when the A/F ratio changes to rich to lean. And Judge as NG when the measured response time is larger than the threshold value.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) Electromotive force
- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Rich

- (D) Lean
- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

3. ENABLE CONDITION

 $\mathsf{Rich} \to \mathsf{lean}$ diagnosis response

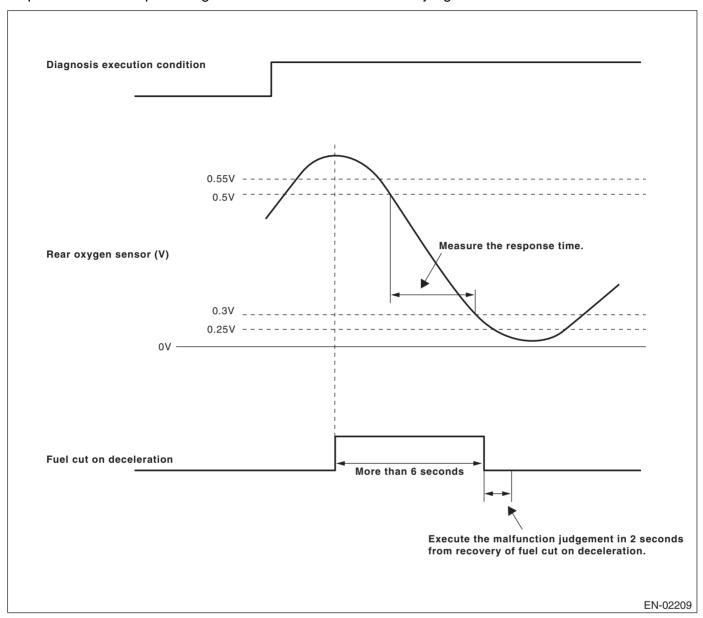
Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
A/F sub feedback control condition	Completed
Deceleration fuel cut time is 6 seconds	Experienced
or more.	
After fuel cut	≥ 2 sec.
Rear oxygen heater current calculation	≥ 60 sec.
time	
Rear oxygen heater current continuous	≥ 30 sec.
time	
Catalyst warm-up counter	≥ 9000

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when deceleration fuel cut occurs after rapid acceleration. (Pay attention to the oxygen sensor voltage for the timing of the deceleration.)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When the oxygen sensor output voltage changes from 0.55 V (rich) to 0.25 V (lean), calculate the minimum response time for output change between 0.5V and 0.3V for the judgment criteria.



Abnormality Judgment

1. Judge as NG when the judgment value is larger than the threshold value after deceleration fuel cut. Response time (diagnosis value) > threshold value → abnormal

NOTE:

Variation time of rear oxygen sensor output voltage is short during fuel shut-off in deceleration. Carry out the NG judgment only after the fuel shut-off in deceleration. Even without deceleration fuel cut, judge as OK if the value is below the threshold.

When the deceleration fuel cut off time is more than 6 seconds, judge as NG if the following criteria are met 2 seconds after recovering from the deceleration fuel cut.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

2. Judge as NG when the oxygen sensor voltage at recovery from a deceleration fuel cut, is large. If the fuel cut time in a deceleration fuel cut is long (more than 6 s), and even after recovering from a deceleration fuel cut, the oxygen sensor voltage is high (0.55 V or more), judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from rich (500 mV O2 output) to lean (300 mV) if voltage reduces from 550 mV to 250 mV.	> 327 milliseconds
Time at over 550 mV	> 2 sec.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

1. Regardless of a deceleration fuel cut, if the response time (diagnosis value) when the oxygen sensor voltage has changed from rich to lean is shorter than the threshold value (judgment value), judge as a normal condition.

Response time (diagnosis value) \leq threshold value \rightarrow normal

2. Do not judge as a normal condition.

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from rich (500 mV O2 output) to lean (300 mV) if voltage reduces from 550 mV to 250 mV.	≤ 327 milliseconds

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

10.ENABLE CONDITION

Lean \rightarrow rich response diagnosis

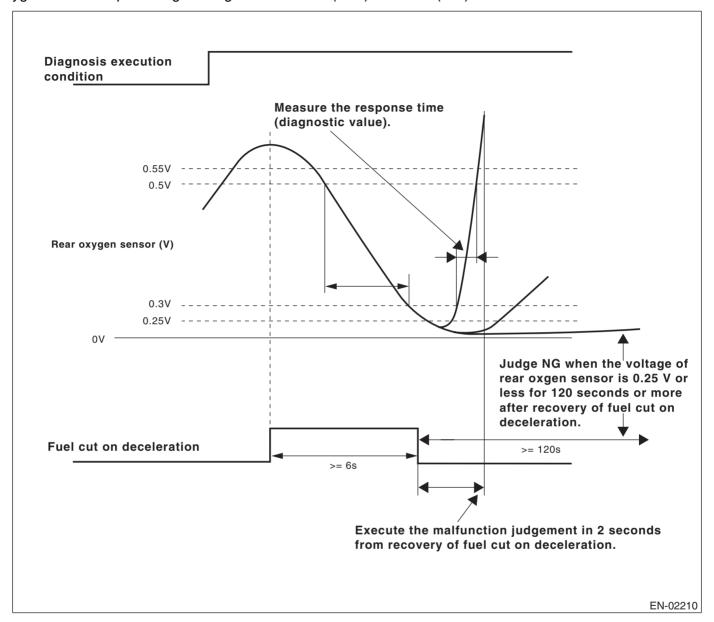
Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
A/F main feedback control condition	Completed
Deceleration fuel cut ≥ 6 seconds	Experienced
After fuel cut	≥ 2 sec.

11.GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once when deceleration fuel cut occurs after rapid acceleration. (Pay attention to the oxygen sensor voltage for the timing of the deceleration.)

12.DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Calculate the minimum value of 0.3 V to 0.5 V output change response time as judgment value, when the oxygen sensor output voltage changes from 0.25 V (lean) to 0.55 V (rich).



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Abnormality Judgment

- 1. Judge as NG when the judgment value is larger than the threshold value after deceleration fuel cut. Response time (diagnosis value) > threshold value → abnormal
- 2. If the oxygen sensor voltage is small after recovering from a deceleration fuel cut, and remains small, judge as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from lean (300 mV	> 2 sec.
O2 output) to rich (500 mV) when voltage drops from 500 mV to 250 mV.	
Time at less than 250 mv	> 120 sec.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

1. Regardless of a deceleration fuel cut, if the response time (diagnosis value) when the oxygen sensor voltage has changed from rich to lean is shorter than the threshold value (judgment value), judge as a normal condition.

Response time (diagnosis value) \leq threshold value \rightarrow normal

2. Do not judge as a normal condition.

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Shortest time change from lean (300 mV O2 output) to rich (500 mV) when voltage drops from 550 mV to 250 mV.	≤ 2 sec.

13.DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

14.MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

15.FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

16.ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

AI: DTC P0140 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT NO ACTIVITY DETECTED (BANK1 SENSOR2)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect abnormalities in the rear oxygen sensor output characteristics.

By referring to the intake air amount, engine coolant temperature, main feedback control, deceleration fuel cut and other operating conditions, if the rear oxygen sensor voltage should be moving under thoese conditions but is showing a low voltage, this is judged as a Low side NG. If the voltage is showing a high voltage, it is judged as a High side NG.

When either Low side or High side is NG, judged as rear oxygen sensor property NG.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Target output voltage of rear oxygen sen-	≥ 0.6 V
sor	
Air intake amount	10 g (0.35 oz)/seconds
	or more
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Closed loop at the oxygen sensor	In operation
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	5 times or more
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor compensation coefficient	Not in limit value
Deceleration fuel cut of 5 seconds or	Experienced
more.	

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once after engine warm-up.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

When one of the following conditions is established, judged as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Maximum output voltage low side diagnosis	< 0.55 V
Minimum output voltage high side diagnosis	> 0.25 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

When the following conditions are established, judged as OK.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value				
Maximum output voltage low side diagnosis	≥ 0.55 V				
Minimum output voltage high side diagnosis	≤ 0.25 V				

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Sub feedback control: Not allowed.

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AJ:DTC P0171 SYSTEM TOO LEAN (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

Diagnostic method

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

· Lean side

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
A/F main learning system	In operation
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Amount of intake air	≥ Value from Map 5
Intake air change during 0.5 engine revs.	≤ 0.02 g (0.001 oz)/rev

Map 5

Engine speed (rpm)	Idling	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500
Measured value	Non-	0.203	0.183	0.155	0.149	0.157	0.162	0.18	0.193	0.205
(g(oz)/rev)	turbo	(0.0072)	(0.0065)	(0.0055)	(0.0053)	(0.0055)	(0.0057)	(0.0063)	(0.0068)	(0.0072)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Compare the diagnosed value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition where the malfunction criteria below are met continues for more than 50 seconds, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	≥ fsobdL1
where,	See Map 4
sglmd = measured lambda	
tglmda = per target lambda	fsobdL1 = lean side threshold value of fsobd
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 64 milliseconds	
flaf = main feedback learning compensation coefficient	

Map 4 Threshold value for fuel system malfunction criteria

Amount of air (g(oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2	6.4	9.6	12.8	16	19.2
7 1110 at it of all (g(02)/0)	- (-)	(0.113)	(0.226)	(0.339)	(0.451)	(0.564)	(0.677)
fsobdL1 (%)	40	40	33.2	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds \times 5 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the malfunction criteria below are completed for 10 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	< 19%

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AK:DTC P0172 SYSTEM TOO RICH (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect fuel system malfunction by the amount of main feedback control.

Diagnostic method

Fuel system is diagnosed by comparing the target air fuel ratio calculated by ECM with the actual air fuel ratio measured by sensor.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
A/F main learning system	In operation
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (168°F)
Amount of intake air	≥ Value from Map 5
Intake air change during 0.5 engine revs.	≤ 0.02 g (0.001 oz)/rev
Learning value of EVAP conc. during	< 0.1
purge	
Cumulative time of canister purge after	20 seconds or more
engine start	
Continuous period after canister purge	30 seconds or more
starting	

Map 5

Engine speed (rpm)	Idling	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500
Measured value	Non-	0.203	0.183	0.155	0.149	0.157	0.162	0.18	0.193	0.205
(g(oz)/rev)	turbo	(0.0072)	(0.0065)	(0.0055)	(0.0053)	(0.0055)	(0.0057)	(0.0063)	(0.0068)	(0.0072)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling or at a constant speed after warming up the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Compare the diagnosed value (fsobd) with the threshold value, and if a condition where the malfunction criteria below are met continues for more than 50 seconds, judge that there is a fault in the fuel system.

Judgment Value

Juaginoni Talao	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	≤ fsobdR1
where,	See Map 4
sglmd = measured lambda	fsobdR1 = rich side threshold value of fsobd
tglmda = target lambda	
faf = main feedback compensation coef- ficient every 64 milliseconds	
flaf = main feedback learning compensa- tion coefficient	

Map 4 Threshold value for fuel system malfunction criteria

-		•					
Amount of air (g(oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2	6.4	9.6	12.8	16	19.2
		(0.113)	(0.226)	(0.339)	(0.451)	(0.564)	(0.677)
fsobdR1 (%)	-40	-40	-33.2	-26.5	-26.5	-26.5	-26.5

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds \times 5 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the malfunction criteria below continues for 10 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
fsobd = (sglmd - tglmda) + faf + flaf	≥ –20%

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Not allowed to purge.

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AL:DTC P0181 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

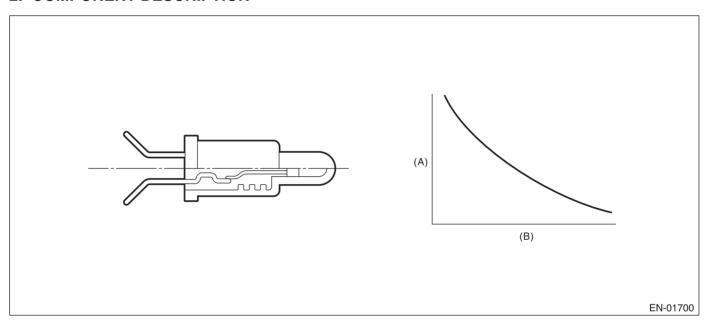
Detect faults in the fuel temperature sensor output properties.

Diagnosis is performed in two methods; drift diagnosis and stuck diagnosis. If either is NG, judge as NG. If both are OK, Judge as OK and clear the NG.

Drift Diagnosis

Normally fuel temperature is lower than engine coolant temperature. When the fuel temperature becomes higher than the engine coolant temperature, the range is considered to be shifted, and judged as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value (Ω)

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 120 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
After engine starting	20 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature – engine coolant temperature at engine start	> 10°C (18°F)
Fuel temperature – Engine coolant temperature	≥ 10°C (18°F)
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 120 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal,
	2.11 Imp gal)
After engine starting	20 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature – engine	> 10°C (18°F)
coolant temperature at engine start	
Fuel temperature – Engine coolant tem-	< 10°C (18°F)
perature	
Engine coolant temperature	< 75°C (167°F)
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

Stuck Diagnosis

As the engine warms up (cumulative amount of intake air after starting is large), if the fuel temperature which should rise does not, determine as being stuck and NG.

6. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
After engine starting	20 seconds or more
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

7. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform diagnosis after 20 seconds have passed since the engine started.

8. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	≥ 551 kg (1215 lb)
Fuel temperature difference between	< 2°C (3.6°F)
Max. and Min.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undecided

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	≥ 551 kg (1215 lb)
Fuel temperature difference between	≥ 2°C (3.6°F)
Max. and Min.	

9. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

10.MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

11.FAIL SAFE

None

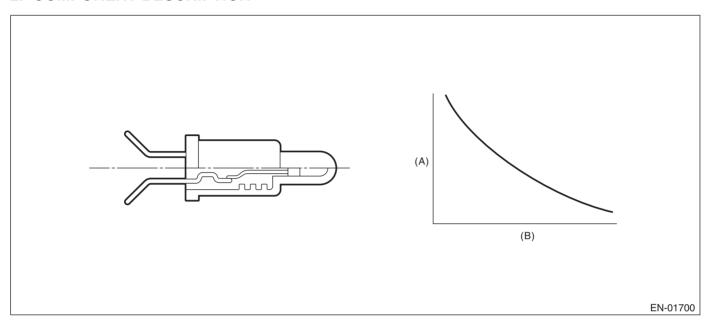
12.ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AM:DTC P0182 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value (Ω)

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 2.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.166 V
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.166 V
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

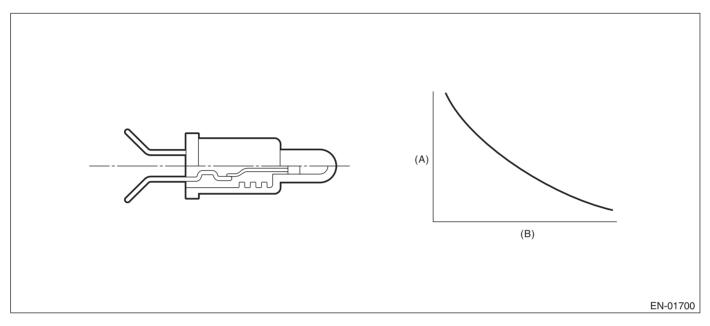
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AN:DTC P0183 FUEL TEMPERATURE SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel temperature sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Resistance value (Ω)

(B) Fuel temperature °C (°F)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 2.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.716 V
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AO:DTC P0196 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect for abnormal values in the oil temperature sensor output properties.

Judge as NG when the oil temperature does not rise even though the engine is running under a condition where it should rise.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

When the following conditions are established, judged as NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine oil temperature	< 15°C (59°F)
After engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer.	≥Judgment value for after engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer

After engine start oil temperature sensor characteristic diagnosis timer (timer for diagnosis).

- a. Timer stop at fuel cut mode.
- b. During the driving conditions except a) above, timer count up by

64 milliseconds + TCILCNT milliseconds at every 64 milliseconds.

Where, TOILCNT is determined as follows.

TOILCNT = 0 at idle switch ON

For TOILCNT at Idle switch off, refer to the following table.

		Vehicle speed km/h (MPH)							
		0 (0)	8 (5)	16 (10)	24 (15)	32 (20)	40 (25)	48 (30)	56 (35)
	-30 (-22)	64 ms	73.2 ms	83.9 ms	96.3 ms	113.2 ms	133.9 ms	160.2 ms	194.6 ms
Temper-	-20 (-4)	64 ms	73.3 ms	84 ms	96.6 ms	113.7 ms	135 ms	162 ms	197.4 ms
ature °C (°F)	-10 (14)	64 ms	73.4 ms	84.2 ms	96.9 ms	114.5 ms	136.4 ms	164.4 ms	201.5 ms
	0 (32)	64 ms	73.5 ms	84.5 ms	97.4 ms	115.6 ms	138.5 ms	168 ms	207.6 ms
	10(50)	102.2 ms	114.8 ms	129.4 ms	146.7 ms	171.7 ms	203.4 ms	245.1 ms	302.1 ms

After engine start oil temperature characteristic diagnosis timer judgment value (t).

 $t = 1882940 - 43302 \times Ti \ (t \ge 1882940)$

Ti = The lowest coolant temperature after starting the engine.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undecided

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

When the following conditions are established, judged as OK.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine oil temperature	≥ 15°C (59°F)

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AP:DTC P0197 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor. Judge as NG when outside of the possible range.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established is more than 0.5 seconds. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the following conditions are not established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≤ 0.166 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AQ:DTC P0198 ENGINE OIL TEMPERATURE SENSOR HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the oil temperature sensor. Judge as NG when outside of the judgment value.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time when the following conditions are established is more than 0.5 seconds. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the following conditions are not established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 4.716 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Oil temperature sensor process: Engine oil temperature is fixed at 70°C (158°F)

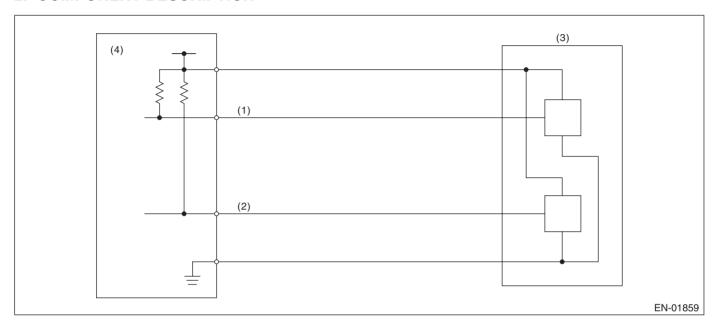
8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AR: DTC P0222 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal

Throttle position sensor 2 signal

- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

(2)

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≥ 0.224 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

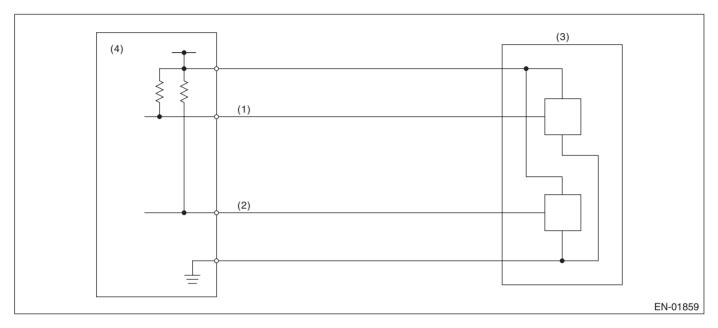
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AS:DTC P0223 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "B" CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of throttle position sensor 2. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≤ 4.851 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AT:DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MISFIRE DETECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the presence of misfire occurrence. (Revolution fluctuation method)

Monitoring Misfire which influences exhaust deterioration (1.5 times of FTP) and catalyst damage is made obligatory by the law. Misfire affecting these two has three patterns below.

- Intermittent misfire (The same cylinder misfires in random, or different cylinders misfire in random.): FTP 1.5 times misfire
- Every time misfire (The same cylinder misfires every time.): FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire The following detecting methods are adopted for these detection.
- 1) Intermittent misfire: FTP 1.5 times misfire
- 180° Interval Difference Method (MT: 1,800 rpm or less; AT: None)
- 360° Interval Difference Method (whole range)
- 720° Interval Difference Method (3,000 rpm or less)
- 2) Misfire every time: FTP 1.5 times misfire, Catalyst damage misfire
- 360° Interval Difference Method

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
All secondary parameters enable condi-	1 second or more
tions	
Intake manifold pressure change during	< 13.3 kPa (100
0.5 engine revs.	mmHg, 3.94 inHg)
Throttle position change during 16 milli-	< 21°
seconds	
Fuel shut-off function	Not in operation
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.0 kPa (563
	mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Fuel level	≥ 9.6 ℓ (2.54 US gal,
	2.11 lmp gal)
AT torque control	Not in operation
Evaporative system leak check	Not in operation
Engine speed	460 — 6400 rpm
Intake manifold pressure	> Value of Map 3
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Fuel parameter determination	Not extremely low vol-
	atility

Мар 3

MT (Vehicle speed < 64.4km/h (40 MPH))

rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6400
kPa	25.6	23.1	20.0	20.0	20.0	21.6	26.4	28.0	29.5	32.4	36.4	39.9	44.5
(mmHg,	(192,	(173,	(150,	(150,	(150,	(162,	(198.,	(210,	(221,	(243,	(273,	(299,	(324,
inHg)	7.56)	6.82)	5.91)	5.91)	5.91)	6.38)	7.80)	8.27)	8.71)	9.57)	10.75)	11.78)	13.14)

MT (Vehicle speed ≥ 64.4km/h (40 MPH))

rpm	650	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6400
kPa	31.6	31.6	31.6	31.1	31.3	33.1	33.9	28.8	30.1	33.3	36.9	40.1	44.5
(mmHg,	(237,	(237,	(237,	(233,	(235,	(248,	(254,	(216,	(226,	(250,	(277,	(301,	(324,
inHg)	9.33)	9.33)	9.33)	9.19)	9.24)	9.78)	10.01)	8.51)	8.89)	9.84)	10.90)	11.84)	13.14)

AT

rpm	700	1000	1500	2000	2500	3000	3500	4000	4500	5000	5500	6000	6400
kPa	25.6	24.4	22.0	22.4	22.8	23.9	29.9	31.3	29.9	35.6	39.3	43.3	44.5
(mmHg,	(192,	(183,	(165,	(168,	(171,	(179,	(224,	(235,	(244,	(267,	(295,	(325,	(334,
inHg)	7.56)	7.21)	6.50)	6.62)	6.73)	7.06)	8.83)	9.24)	8.83)	10.51)	11.61)	12.79)	13.14)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Detect misfires from idling to high rpm.
- · Perform the diagnosis continuously.

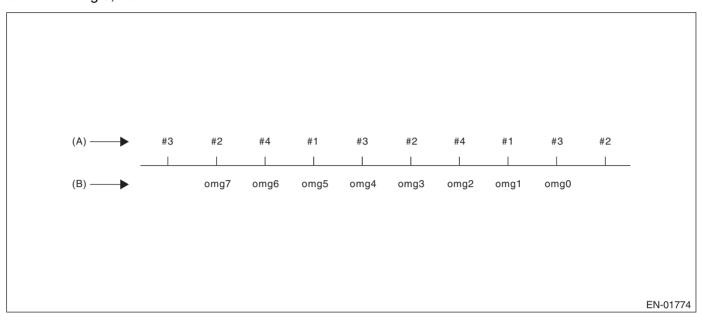
4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

When a misfire occurs, the engine speed will decreased and the crankshaft position speed will change. Calculate the interval difference value (diagnostic value) from crankshaft position speed by the following formula, and judge whether a misfire is occurring or not comparing the calculated result with judgment value. Counting the number of misfires, if the misfire ratio is higher during 1000 rpm or 2000 rpm, judge corresponding cylinders as NG.

Diagnostic value calculation (Calculate from angle speed)	\rightarrow	Misfire detection every single ignition (Compare diagnostic value with judgment value)	\rightarrow	NG judgment (Misfire occurrence judgment required by the law) (Compare number of misfire with judgment)
		 180° Interval Difference Method 360° Interval Difference Method 720° Interval Difference Method 		 FTP1.5 times misfire NG judgment Catalyst damage misfire NG judgment

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

As shown in the following figure, pick a cylinder as the standard and name it omg 0. And the former crank-shaft position speed is named omg 1, the second former crankshaft position speed is named omg 2, the third is named omg 3, etc.



(A) Ignition order

(B) Crankshaft position speed

180° Interval Difference Method

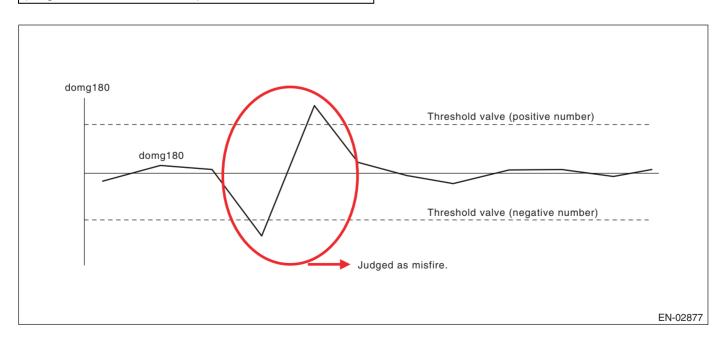
Diagnostic domg 180 = (omg 1 – omg 0) – (omg 5 – omg 1)/
value 4

Judge as a misfire in the following cases.

• domg 180 > judgment value of positive side

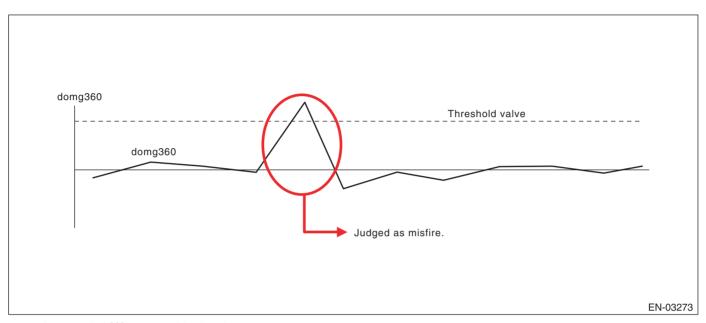
• domg 180 ≤ judgment value of negative side

(Judgment value before 180° CA)



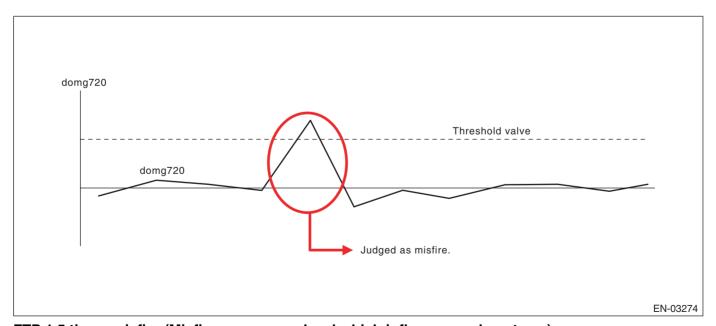
360° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	domg 360 = (omg 1 – omg 0) – (omg 3 – omg 2)
Misfire judg- ment	domg 360 > Judgment value \rightarrow Judge as misfire



720° Interval Difference Method

Diagnostic value	domg 720 = (omg 1 – omg 0) – (omg 5 – omg 4)
Misfire judg- ment	domg 720 > Judgment value \rightarrow Judge as misfire



FTP 1.5 times misfire (Misfire occurrence level which influences exhaust gas)

Judgment Value (Judge that malfunction occurs when the misfire ratio is high in 1000 engine revs.)

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
FTP emission judgment value	> 1.0 % in 1000 revs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1000 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Catalyst damage misfire (Misfire occurrence level damaging catalyst)

Judgment Value (Judge that malfunction occurs when the misfire ratio is high in 200 engine revs. (400 ignitions))

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Catalyst damage misfire judgment value	See Map 1

Map 1 Fault criteria threshold for misfire which would result in catalyst damage

		Intake air (g(oz)/rev)									
perce	ntage									1.3 (0.046)	
	700	25	25	25	25	22.5	20	16	12	12	12
				_				_			
	1000	25	25	25	25	22.5	20	15.75	11	11	11
	1500	25	25	22.5	20	18.25	16.75	13.5	10	10	10
<u></u>	2000	20	20	20	20	17	14.25	12.75	11	11	11
(rpm)	2500	20	20	18.25	16.75	15.5	14.25	12.75	11	11	11
) pe	3000	16.75	16.75	15.5	14.25	12.75	11	11	11	11	11
peeds	3500	16.75	16.75	14	11	10	9	8.5	7.75	7.75	7.75
e s	4000	14.25	14.25	11	7.75	6	5	5	5	5	5
Engine	4500	11	11	8.25	7.75	5	5	5	5	5	5
ш	5000	11	11	9.5	7.75	5	5	5	5	5	5
	5500	9	9	7.75	6.75	5	5	5	5	5	5
	6000	9	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	6400	9	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5

These figures indicate the misfire rate (%) in 400 ignitions; for example, 22.5 (%) means 400 (ignition) \times 22.5 (%) = 90 (ignition) misfires. This value or more is judged as a misfire.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 200 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

AU:DTC P0302 CYLINDER 2 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-96, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MIS-FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

AV:DTC P0303 CYLINDER 3 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-96, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MIS-FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

AW:DTC P0304 CYLINDER 4 MISFIRE DETECTED

NOTE:

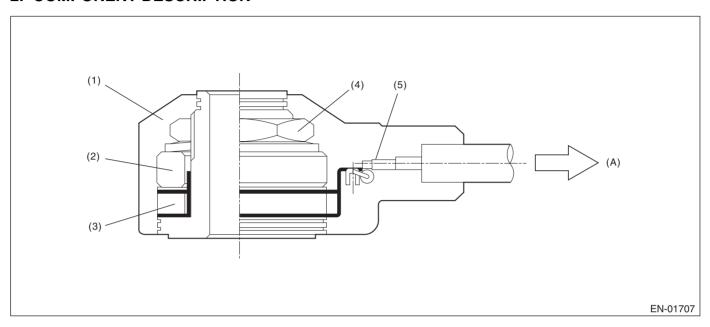
For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P0301. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-96, DTC P0301 CYLINDER 1 MIS-FIRE DETECTED, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

AX:DTC P0327 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT LOW (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Case

(4) Nut

(A) To knock sensor harness

(2) Weight

- (5) Resistance
- (3) Piezoelectric element

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 1 second or more.

Judgment Value

•	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 0.238 V
lanition switch	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	≥ 0.238 V
Ignition switch	ON

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

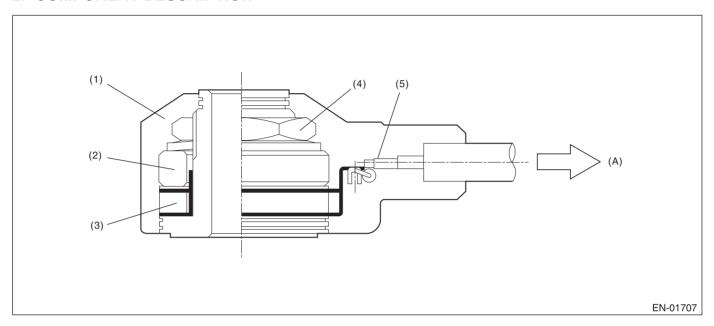
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AY: DTC P0328 KNOCK SENSOR 1 CIRCUIT HIGH (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of knock sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Case

(4) Nut

(A) To knock sensor harness

(2) Weight

- (5) Resistance
- (3) Piezoelectric element

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 1 second or more.

Judgment Value

	-	
Γ	Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Γ	Output voltage	≥ 4.714 V
	Ignition switch	ON

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output voltage	< 4.714 V
Ignition switch	ON

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

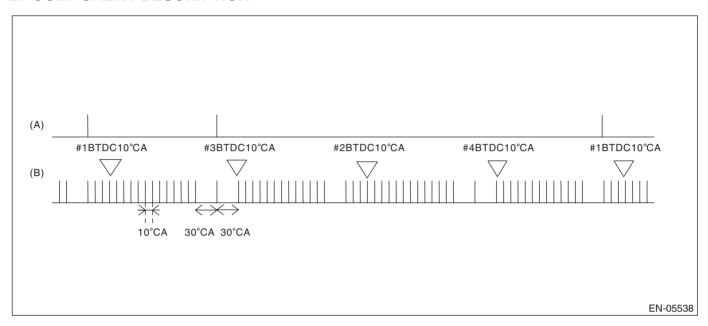
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

AZ:DTC P0335 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

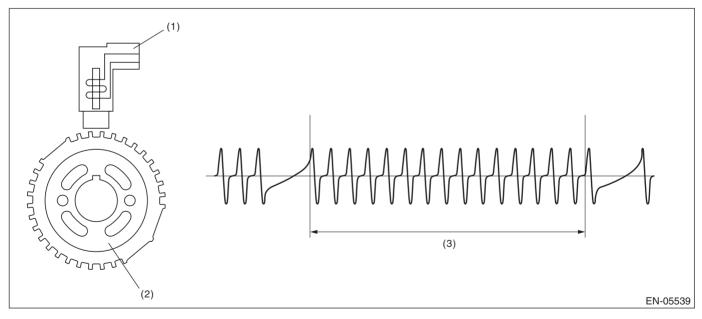
Detect the open or short circuit of the crankshaft position sensor. Judge as NG when the crank signal is not input even though the starter was rotated.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crank sprocket

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 3 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter switch	ON
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Not detected
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Crankshaft position sensor signal	Input exists
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

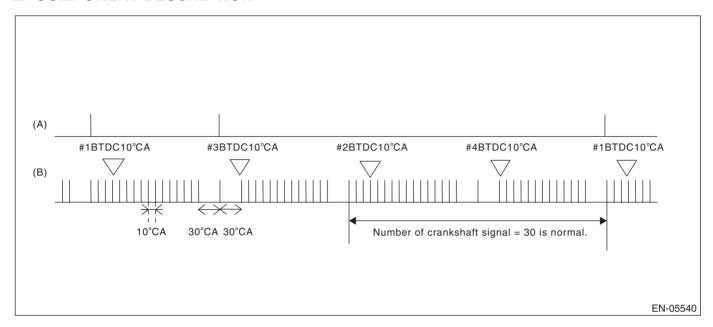
BA:DTC P0336 CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PER-FORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect for faults in crankshaft position sensor output properties.

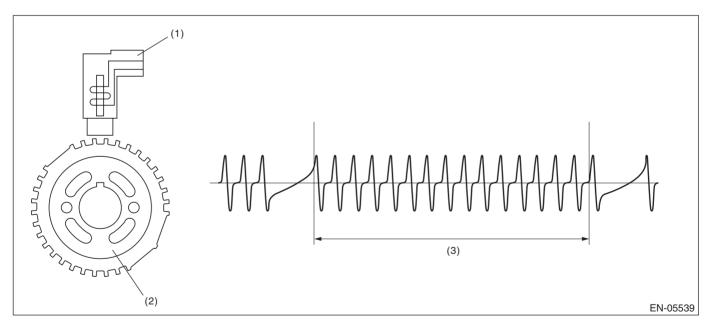
Judge as NG when there is a problem in the number of crankshaft signals for every revolution.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



(1) Crankshaft position sensor

(2) Crank sprocket

(3) Crankshaft half-turn

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Engine speed	< 4000 rpm

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously under 4000 rpm engine speed.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when all the malfunction criteria below are completed more than 10 times in a row.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Cylinder number identification	Completed
	Not = 30
rev.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 engine rotations

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Cylinder number distinction	Completed
Amount of crank sensor signal during 1	= 30
rev.	

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

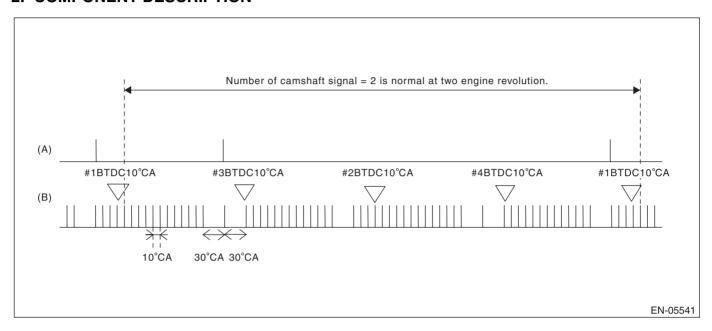
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BB:DTC P0340 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the camshaft position sensor. Judge as NG when the number of camshaft signals remains abnormal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following malfunction criteria continues for 8 engine revolutions or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage	≥ 8 V
Number of camshaft sensor signals dur-	Not = 2
ing 2 revs.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the following criteria are established.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage	≥ 8 V
Amount of camshaft sensor signal during 2 revs.	2

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

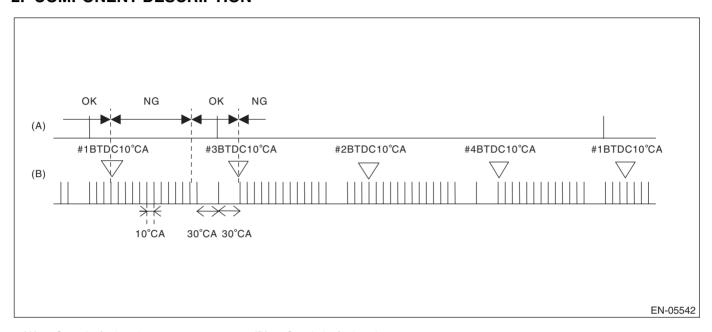
BC:DTC P0341 CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFOR-MANCE (BANK 1 OR SINGLE SENSOR)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of camshaft position sensor output property.

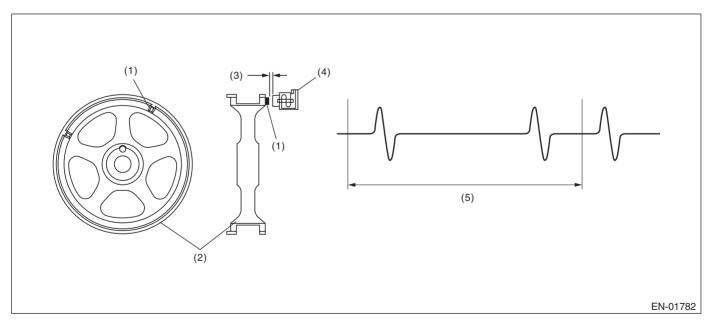
Judge as NG when the camshaft line signal input timing is shifted from the crankshaft signal because of timing belt tooth chip etc.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) Camshaft signal

(B) Crankshaft signal



- (1) Boss
- (2) Cam sprocket

- (3) Air gap
- (4) Camshaft position sensor
- (5) Camshaft one revolution (Engine two revolutions)

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Cylinder number identification	Completed
Battery voltage	≥ 8 V
Engine speed	550 — 1000 rpm
Engine operation	In idle
Misfire	Not detected

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously at idle speed.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the engine speed continues 10 revolutions for the malfunction criteria below. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
	Not between BTDC
nal	10°CA and BTDC
	80°CA

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 engine revs.

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

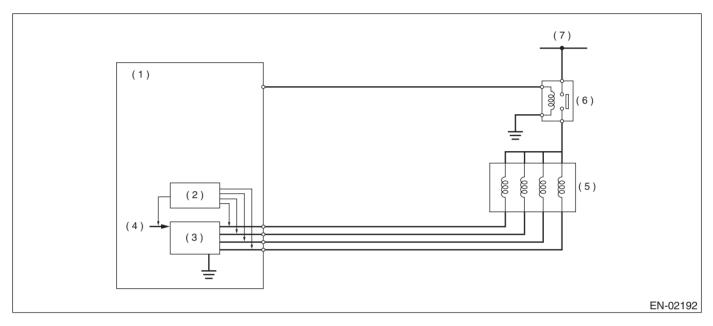
BD:DTC P0400 EXHAUST GAS RECIRCULATION FLOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect EGR system malfunction.

Intake manifold pressure (negative pressure) is constant because the throttle valve is fully closed during deceleration fuel cut. At this time, when the EGR valve is opened/closed, the intake manifold pressure will change. EGR System OK/NG is judged by the range of this change.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) ECM

(4) CPU

(6) Main relay

(2) Detecting circuit

(5) EGR valve

(7) Battery power supply

(3) Switching circuit

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
After engine starting	40 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Engine speed	1200 — 2950 rpm
Intake manifold pressure (absolute pressure)	< 40.0 kPa (300 mmHg, 11.81 inHg)
Ambient air temperature	≥ 5°C (41°F)
Throttle position	< 0.25°
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.0 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.17 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 53 km/h (33 MPH)
Fuel shut-off function	In operation
Neutral switch	Over 1 second after changing from OFF and ON to OFF.
Load (A/C, power steering, lighting, rear defogger, heater fan and radiator fan)	No change for over 5 seconds.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

During deceleration fuel cut from more than 53km/h (approx. 33MPH), perform diagnosis once. Be careful of vehicle speed and engine speed. (Diagnosis will not be completed if the vehicle speed and engine speed conditions become out of specification due to deceleration.)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Measure the pressure values when the enable conditions are established, and perform diagnosis by calculating those results.

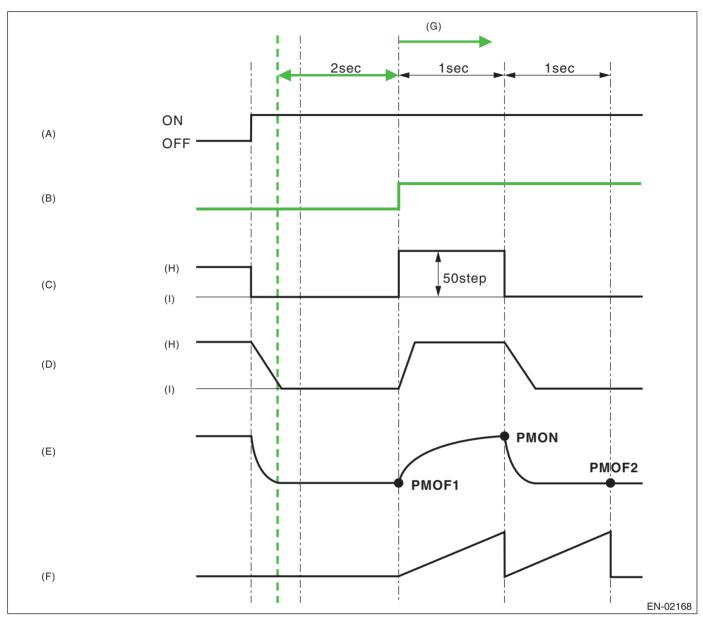
- 1. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMOF1, which is observed when enable conditions are established, and set the EGR target step to 50 steps (nearly full open).
- 2. Label the intake manifold pressure value as PMON, which is observed after one second has passed since EGR target step was set to 50 steps (when the enable conditions were established), and set the EGR target step to 0.
- 3. Label the intake manifold pressure as PMOF2, which is observed after one second has passed since EGR target step was set to 0 (after two seconds have passed since the enable conditions were established).

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the following conditions are established, and judge as OK when not. PMON – (PMOF1 + PMOF2) / 2< 2.48 kPa (18.63 mmHg, 0.733 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.



- (A) Deceleration fuel cut
- (B) Diagnosis enable condition
- (C) EGR target step
- (D) EGR actual step

- (E) Intake manifold pressure (During normal condition)
- (F) Diagnostic mode timer
- (G) Start diagnosis.
- (H) Open
- (I) Close

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

A/F main learning = Not allowed. Knock learning = Not allowed. EGR control: Operation prohibited.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

BE:DTC P0420 CATALYST SYSTEM EFFICIENCY BELOW THRESHOLD (BANK 1)

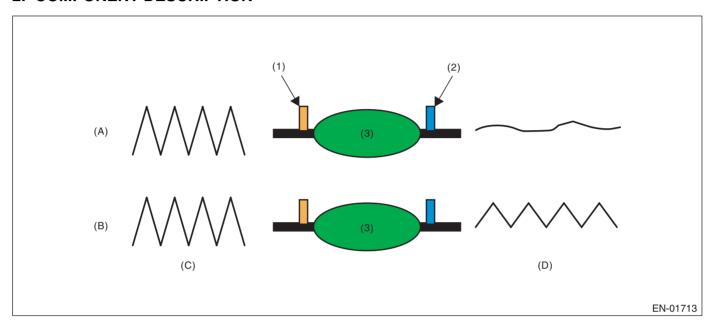
1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the deterioration of the catalyst function.

Though the front oxygen sensor output would change slowly with a new catalyst, the sensor output with a deteriorated catalyst becomes high and the inversion time is shortened.

For this reason, the catalyst diagnosis is carried out by monitoring the front oxygen sensor output and comparing it with the front oxygen (A/F) sensor output.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (2) Front oxygen sensor
- (3) Catalytic converter
- (A) Normal
- (B) Deterioration
- (C) Output waveform from the front oxygen (A/F) sensor
- (D) Output waveform from the rear oxygen Sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2
	inHg)
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 70°C (158°F)
Catalyst warm-up counter (Map 2)	≥ 8000
Misfire detection every 200 rotations	< 5 times
Learning value of evaporation gas density	≤ 0.20
Sub feedback	In operation
Evaporative system diagnosis	Not in operation
Time of difference (< 0.10) between actual	1000 milliseconds or more
and target lambda	
Vehicle speed	> 70 km/h (43.5 MPH)
Amount of intake air	10 — 40 g (0.35 — 1.41 oz)/s
Engine load change every 0.5 engine revs.	< 0.02 g/rev
Rear oxygen output change from lower than	Experienced after fuel cut
660 mV to higher than 660 mV	
After engine starting	≥ 205 sec.
Purge execution calculated time	5 seconds or more

Map 2

Add the following value every 512 milliseconds.

Intake amount of air (g(oz)/s)	0 (0)	3.2 (0.113)	6.4 (0.226)	9.6 (0.339)	12.8 (0.451)	16 (0.564)	19.2 (0.677)	22.4 (0.790)	25.6 (0.903)	28.8 (1.016)	32 (1.129)	35.2 (1.242)
Total value for warm-up counter	- 5	- 5	15	31	46	62	77	92	108	123	127	127

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only once at a constant speed of 70 km/h (43 MPH).

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

After establishing the execution conditions, calculate the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda deviation cumulative value per 128 milliseconds (Σ |(sglmd_n – sglmd_{n-1})|) and rear oxygen sensor output voltage deviation cumulative value (Σ |(ro2sad_n – ro2sad_{n-1})|), and when the front oxygen (A/F) sensor lambda deviation cumulative value (Σ |(sglmd_n – sglmd_{n-1})|) becomes higher than the predetermined value, calculate the diagnostic value.

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met. Judge as OK if the criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
$\Sigma (\text{ro2sad}_n - \text{ro2sad}_{n-1}) / \Sigma (\text{sgImd}_n -$	> 1.0
sglmd _{n-1})	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30 — 55 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

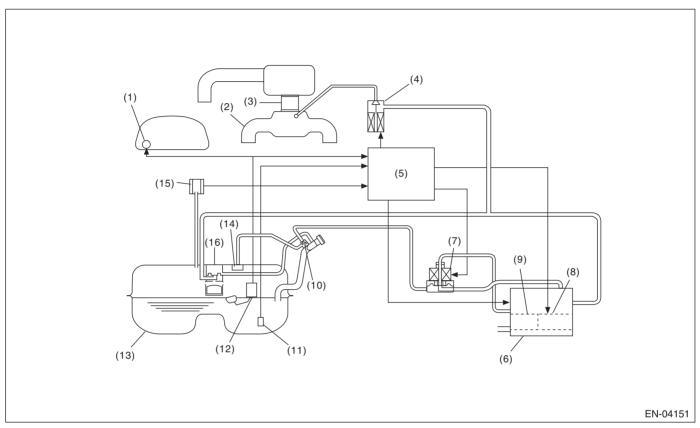
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

BF:DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (SMALL LEAK)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Check if there is a leakage in fuel system or not, and perform the function diagnosis of valve.

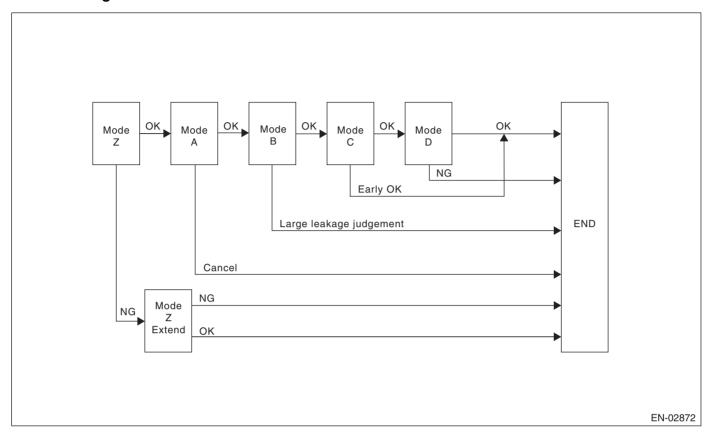


- (1) Fuel gauge
- (2) Intake manifold
- (3) Throttle body
- (4) Purge control solenoid valve
- (5) Engine control module (ECM)
- (6) Canister

- (7) Pressure control valve
- (8) Drain valve
- (9) Drain filter
- (10) Shut-off valve
- (11) Fuel temperature sensor
- (12) Fuel level sensor
- (13) Fuel tank
- (14) Fuel cut valve
- (15) Fuel tank pressure sensor
- (16) Vent valve

In this system diagnosis, check for leakage and valve function is conducted by changing the fuel tank pressure and monitoring the pressure change using the fuel tank pressure sensor. When in 0.04 inch diagnosis, perform in the order of mode $Z \rightarrow \text{mode } A \rightarrow \text{mode } B \rightarrow \text{mode } C$ and mode D; When in 0.02 inch diagnosis, perform in the order of mode $A \rightarrow \text{mode } B \rightarrow \text{mode } C \rightarrow \text{mode } D$ and mode E.

0.04-inch Diagnosis

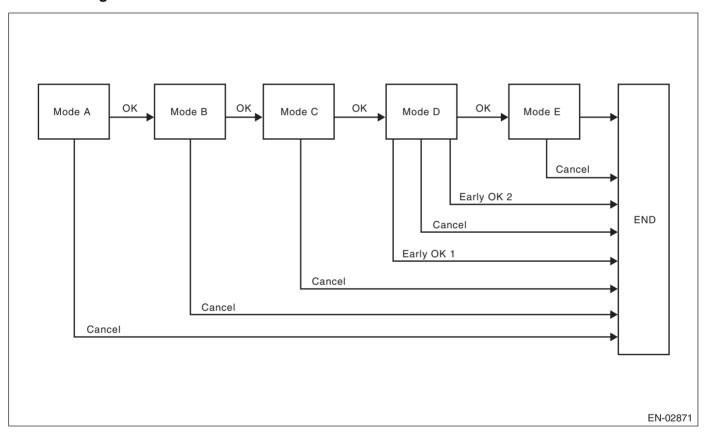


Mode	Mode Description	Diagnosis Period
Mode Z (Purge control solenoid valve opening failure diagnosis)	Perform purge control solenoid valve opening failure diagnosis from the size of tank pressure variation from diagnosis start.	3 — 16 seconds
Mode A (Estimated evaporation amount)	Calculate the tank pressure change amount (P1).	10 seconds
Mode B (Sealed negative pressure, large leakage judgment)	Decrease the pressure in the tank to the target value by introducing the intake manifold pressure to the fuel tank. If the tank pressure cannot be reduced, it is diagnosed as large leak.	5 — 25 seconds
Mode C (Pressure increase check, advanced OK judgment)	Wait until the tank pressure returns to the target (start level of P2 calculation). If the tank pressure does not become the value, make advanced OK judgment.	1 — 15 seconds
Mode D (Negative pressure variation measurement, evaporation leakage diagnosis)	Calculate the tank pressure variation (P2), and obtain the diagnostic value using P1 found in Mode A. Perform the evaporation diagnosis using the diagnostic value.	10 seconds

Mode Table for Evaporative Emission Control System Diagnosis

Mode	Behavior of tank internal pressure under normal conditions	Diagnostic item	DTC
Mode Z	Roughly the same as atmospheric pressure (Same as 0 kPa (0 mmHg, 0 inHg))	Purge control solenoid valve is judged to be open.	P0457
Mode A	Pressure is in proportion to amount of evaporative emission.		
Mode B	Negative pressure is formed due to intake manifold negative pressure	Large leak	P0457
Mode C	Reaches target pressure		None
Mode D	Pressure change is small.	EVAP system large leak determination. [1.0 mm (0.04 in)]	P0442

0.02-inch Diagnosis



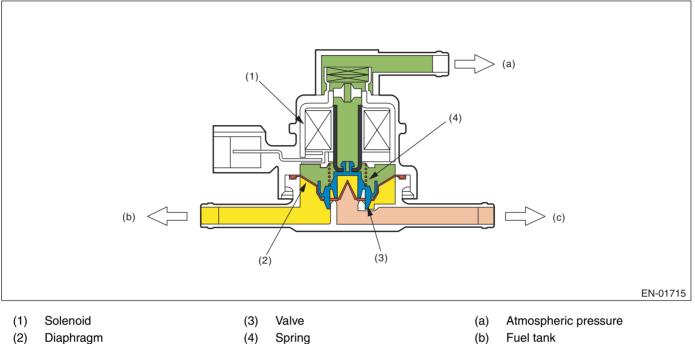
Mode	Mode Description	Diagnosis Period
Mode A (0 point compensation)	When the pressure in the tank is high, wait until it returns to 0 point (Near 0 mmHg,).	0 — 12 seconds
Mode B (Negative pressure introduced)	Decrease the pressure in the tank to the target value by introducing the intake manifold pressure to the fuel tank.	0 — 27 seconds
Mode C (Negative pressure maintained)	Wait until the tank pressure returns to the target (start level of P2 calculation).	0 — 20 seconds
Mode D (Negative pressure change calcu- lated)	Calculate the time it takes for the tank pressure to return to the P2 calculation complete pressure. If the tank pressure does not return to the P2 calculation complete pressure, make advanced OK judgment.	0 — 200 seconds
Mode E (Evaporation generated amount calculation)	Calculate the amount of evaporation (P1).	0 — 280 seconds

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Pressure control solenoid valve

PCV controls the fuel tank pressure to be equal to the atmospheric air pressure. Normally, the solenoid is set to OFF. The valve opens and closes mechanically in accordance with the pressure difference between tank and atmospheric air, or tank and canister.

The valve is forcibly opened by setting the solenoid to ON at the time of diagnosis.



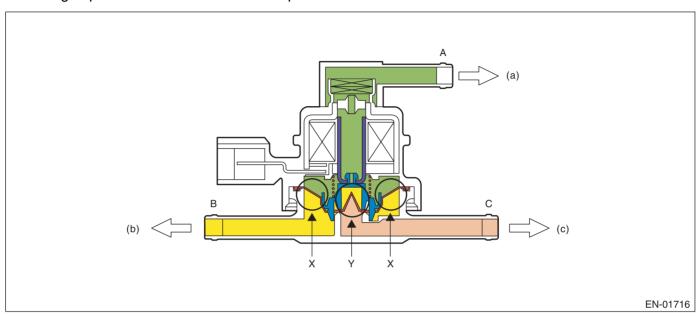
(4)

- (c) Canister

Valve Operation and Air Flow

In the figure below, divided by the diaphragm, the part above X is charged with atmospheric air pressure, and the part below X is charged with tank pressure. Also, the part above Y is charged with tank pressure, and the part below Y is charged with canister pressure.

If the atmospheric air pressure port is A, tank pressure port is B, and canister pressure port is C, the air flows according to pressure difference from each port as shown in the table below.



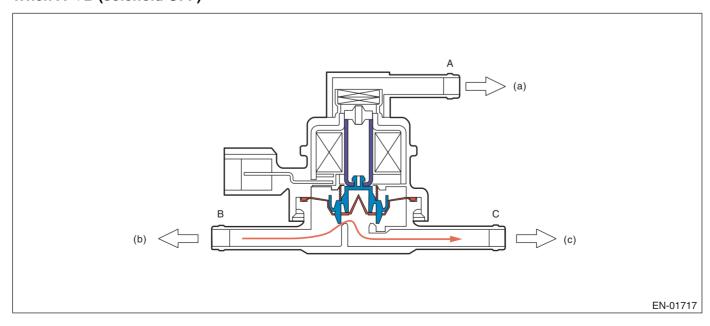
(a) Atmospheric pressure

(b) Fuel tank

(c) Canister

Condition of pressure	Flow
A < B (solenoid OFF)	$B \rightarrow C$
B < C (solenoid OFF)	$C \rightarrow B$
Solenoid ON	$B \longleftrightarrow C$

When A < B (solenoid OFF)

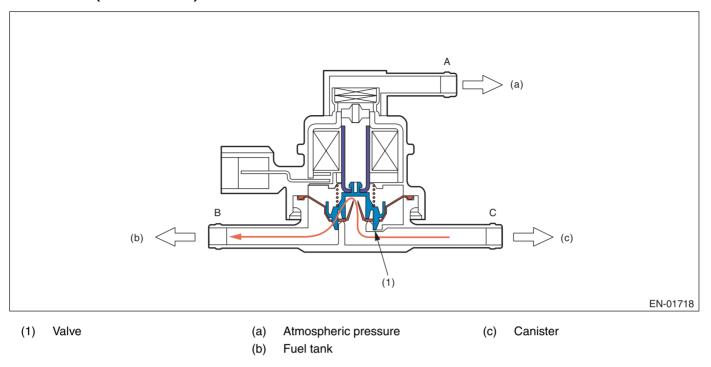


(a) Atmospheric pressure

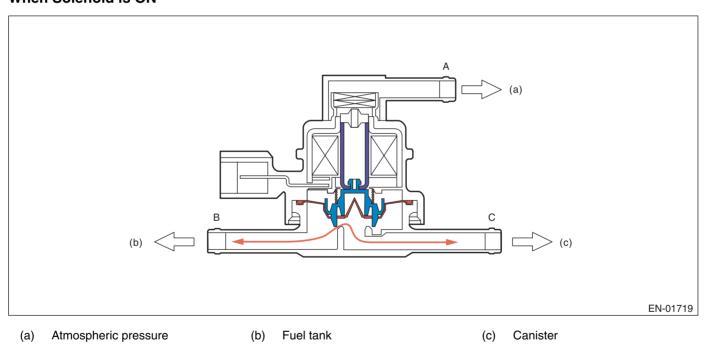
(b) Fuel tank

(c) Canister

When B < C (solenoid OFF)

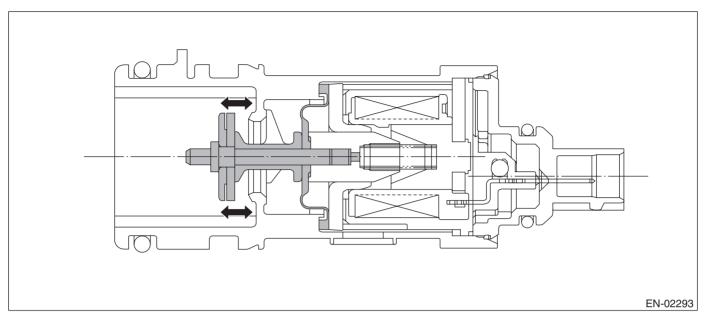


When Solenoid is ON



Drain valve

Drain valve controls the ambient air to be introduced to the canister.



3. ENABLE CONDITION

0.04-inch Diagnosis

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Barometric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.17 inHg)
Total time of canister purge operation	120 seconds or more
After engine starting	856 seconds or more
Learning value of evaporation gas density	≤ 0.08
Engine speed	1050 — 6000 rpm
Fuel tank pressure	≥ -4.00 kPa (-30 mmHg, -1.18 inHg)
Intake manifold relative vacuum (relative pressure)	< -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 32 km/h (20 MPH)
Fuel level	9.6 — 54.4 Q
	(2.54 — 14.37 US gal, 2.11 — 11.97 Imp gal)
Closed air/fuel ratio control	In operation
Fuel temperature	−10 — 45°C (14 — 113°F)
Intake air temperature	≥ -10°C (14°F)
Pressure change per second	< 0.23 kPa (1.7 mmHg, 0.07 inHg)
Minimum pressure change value every one sec-	< 0.23 kPa (1.7 mmHg, 0.07 inHg)
ond – Maximum pressure change value every	
one second	
Change of fuel level	< 2 0 /128 milliseconds
	(0.53 US gal/128 milliseconds, 0.44 Imp gal/128 milliseconds)
Air fuel ratio	0.76 — 1.25

0.02-inch Diagnosis

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
(At starting a diagnosis)	
Evap. diagnosis	Incomplete
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Time since last incomplete diagnosis event of 0.02-inch leakage	
When cancelling in mode A	> 120 sec.
When cancelling in other than mode A	> 600 sec.
Total time of canister purge operation	120 seconds or more
After engine starting	120 seconds or more
Fuel temperature	−10 — 70°C (14 — 158°F)
Fuel level	9.6 — 54.4 ℚ
	(2.54 — 14.37 US gal, 2.11 — 11.97 Imp gal)
Intake manifold relative vacuum (relative pressure)	< -8.0 kPa (-60 mmHg, -2.36 inHg)
Fuel tank pressure	-0.43 — 1.43 kPa
	(-3.2 — 10.7 mmHg, -0.12 — 0.42 inHg)
Vehicle speed	≥ 30 km/h (19 MPH)
Closed air/fuel ratio control	In operation
Engine speed	550 — 6000 rpm
(During diagnosis)	
Change of fuel level	≤ Value from Map
Pressure change every one second	< 0.06 kPa (0.44 mmHg, 0.02 inHg)
Minimum pressure change value every one second – Maximum pressure change value every one second	< 0.07 kPa (0.51 mmHg, 0.02 inHg)
Pressure change in tank every second	≤ 0.1 kPa (0.75 mmHg, 0.03 inHg)
Atmospheric pressure change (Mode D)	-0.48 — 0.32 kPa (-3.6 — 2.4 mmHg, -0.14 — 0.09 inHg)
Atmospheric pressure change (Mode E)	-0.32 — 0.32 kPa (-2.4 — 2.4 mmHg, -0.09 — 0.09 inHg)

Map

Fuel level (& , US gal, Imp gal)	0	10, 2.64, 2.2	20, 5.28, 4.4	30, 7.93, 6.6	40, 10.57, 8.8	50, 13.21, 11	60, 15.85, 13.2
Change (ℓ , US gal, Imp gal)	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1	5, 1.3, 1.1

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

0.04-inch Diagnosis

- Perform the diagnosis only once in 856 seconds or more after starting the engine, at a constant speed of 32 km/h (20 MPH) or more.
- Pay attention to the fuel temperature and fuel level.

0.02-inch Diagnosis

- Perform the diagnosis after 770 seconds or more after starting the engine, at a constant engine speed of 68 km/h (42 MPH) or higher, to judge as NG or OK.
- If judgment cannot be made, repeat the diagnosis.
- Be careful of the remaining fuel level.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Purge control solenoid valve stuck open fault diagnosis

DTC

P0457 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)

Purpose of Mode Z

When performing the leakage diagnosis of EVAP system, the purge control solenoid valve must operate normally. Therefore, mode Z is used to diagnose the purge control solenoid valve stuck open condition. Note that if a purge control solenoid valve stuck open fault is detected, the EVAP system leakage diagnosis is cancelled.

Diagnostic method

Purge control solenoid valve functional diagnosis is performed by monitoring the tank pressure in mode Z.

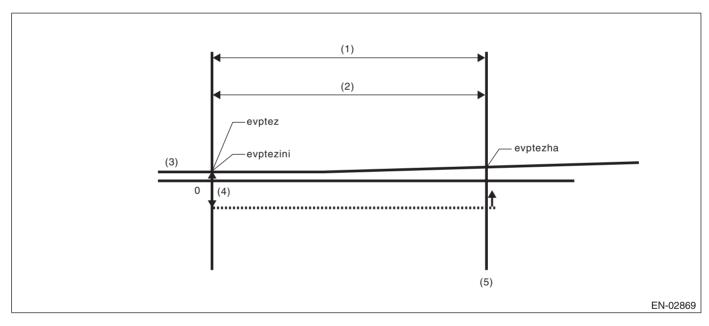
Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and change to Mode A when the criteria below are completed in 3 seconds after Mode Z started.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
1 ' '	≤ 0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)	P0457

Normal



- (1) Mode Z
- (2) 3 seconds

- (3) Fuel tank pressure
- (4) 0.4 kPa (3.0 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)
- (5) OK judgment

- evptez evptezha ≤ 0.4 kPa (3.0 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)
- evptezini evptezha \leq 0.4 kPa (3.0 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)

Judge as normal when both calculations are established.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Abnormality Judgment

If OK judgment cannot be made, extend Mode Z 16 seconds more, and Judge as NG when all the criteria below are completed in 16 seconds.

Judgment Value

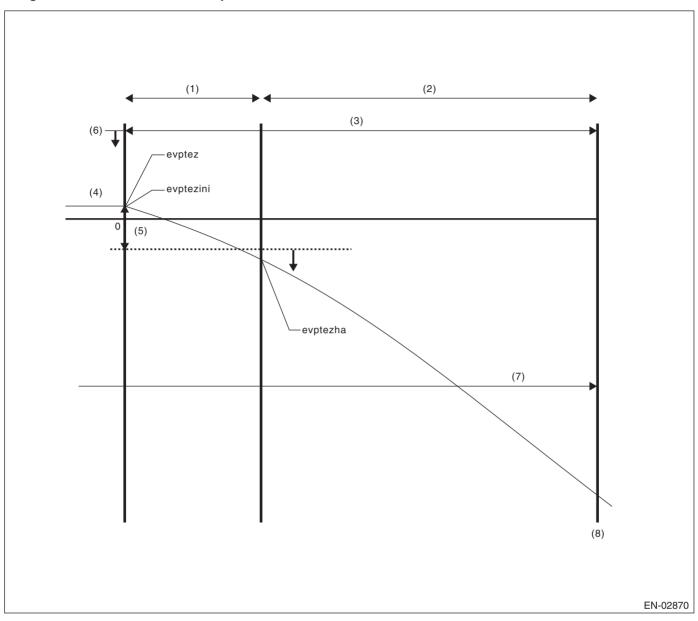
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
(Tank pressure when Mode Z started) – (Tank pressure when Mode Z finished)	> 0.6 kPa (4.5 mmHg, 0.18 inHg)	P0457
Tank pressure when Mode Z started	≤ 1.43 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.42 inHg)	
Time of 2 0 or more fuel no sloshing	≥ 40 sec.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 16 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

When judgment for purge control solenoid valve stuck open NG is made, end the evaporative diagnosis. Cancel the evaporative diagnosis when the OK/NG judgment for purge control solenoid valve stuck open cannot be made in Mode Z.

Purge control solenoid valve Open Fixation



- (1) Mode Z
- (2) Extended mode Z
- (3) 16 seconds

- (4) Fuel tank pressure
- (5) 0.87 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.26 inHg)
- (6) 1.43 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.42 inHg)
- (7) No fuel sloshing for 40 seconds
- (8) NG judgment

- evptezini, evptez ≤ 1.43 kPa (10.7 mmHg, 0.42 inHg)
- evptez evptezha ≤ 0.87 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.26 inHg)
- evptezini evptezha ≤ 0.87 kPa (6.5 mmHg, 0.26 inHg)
- No fuel sloshing of over 2 $\, \varrho \,$ (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal) for 40 seconds or more. Judge as normal when all are established.

Leak Diagnosis

DTC

P0442 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Small Leak)

P0457 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (Fuel Cap Loose/Off)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Diagnostic method

- The diagnostic method consists of creating a sealed vacuum in the fuel tank and then determining the presence of leakage from the speed at which the tank internal pressure returns to atmospheric pressure.
- The diagnosis is divided into the following five phases.

Mode A: (Estimated evaporation gas amount)

Calculate the tank pressure change amount (P1) when using mode A. After calculating P1, switch to mode B.

Mode B: (Negative pressure sealed)

Introduce negative pressure in the intake manifold to the tank.

Approximately $0 \rightarrow -1.4$ kPa $(0 \rightarrow -10.5$ mmHg, $0 \rightarrow -0.41$ inHg)

When the pressure above (desired negative pressure) is reached, enters Mode C.

In this case, if the tank pressure does not reach the target negative pressure, judge that there is a large leakage (10 seconds or 25 seconds) in the system and terminate the evaporative emission control system diagnosis.

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG (large leak) when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
Time to reach target negative pressure	≥ 25 sec.	P0457
Or mode B time	≥ 10 sec.	
(Min. pressure value in tank when in	<-0.33 kPa	
mode B) – (Tank pressure when mode B	(-2.5 mmHg, -0.097	
started)	inHg)	

Mode C: (Check pressure rise)

Stop the introduction of negative pressure. (Wait until the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.)

Change to Mode D when the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.

Judge immediate OK and change to Mode E when it does not return in spite of spending the specified time.

Tank pressure when starting cal-	Time for advanced OK
culation of P2	judgment
-1.3 kPa (-9.75 mmHg, -0.38	15 seconds
inHg)	

Mode D: (Measure amount of negative pressure change)

Monitor the tank pressure change amount when using mode D. In this case, the tank pressure increases, (nears atmospheric pressure) because evaporation occurs. However, if any leakage exists, the pressure increases additionally in proportion to this leakage. The pressure variation of this tank is P2.

After calculating P2, perform a small leak diagnosis according to the items below.

When Mode D is ended

Assign tank variations measured in Mode A and Mode D; P1 and P2, to the formula below, judge small leaks in the system. If the measured judgment value exceeds the threshold value, it is judged to be a malfunction.

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the criteria below are met and judge as OK when not met, and clear NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	DTC
P2 – 1.5 × P1	> Value from Map 7	P0442
P2: Tank pressure that changes every 10 seconds in mode D	* Threshold value: Map (Remaining Fuel	
P1: Tank pressure that changes every 10 seconds in mode A	vs Tank temperature)	

^{* 1.5:} Evaporation amount compensation value when below negative pressure (Amount of evaporation occurrence increases as a vacuum condition increases.)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Map 7 Malfunction criteria limit for evaporation diagnosis

Fuel temperature & Fuel level	25°C (77°F)	30°C (86°F)	35°C (95°F)	40°C (104°F)	45°C (113°F)
10 L (2.6 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal)	0.28 kPa (2.1 mmHg, 0.083 inHg)	0.29 kPa (2.2 mmHg, 0.086 inHg)	0.31 kPa (2.3 mmHg, 0.092 inHg)	0.313 kPa (2.35 mmHg, 0.0924 inHg)	0.32 kPa (2.4 mmHg, 0.095 inHg)
20 L (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	0.31 kPa (2.3 mmHg, 0.092 inHg)	0.32 kPa (2.4 mmHg, 0.095 inHg)	0.33 kPa (2.5 mmHg, 0.097 inHg)	0.35 kPa (2.6 mmHg, 0.103 inHg)	0.36 kPa (2.7 mmHg, 0.106 inHg)
30 L (7.9 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)	0.407 kPa (3.05 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)	0.42 kPa (3.15 mmHg, 0.124 inHg)	0.43 kPa (3.25 mmHg, 0.127 inHg)	0.447 kPa (3.35 mmHg, 0.132 inHg)
40 L (10.6 US gal, 8.8 Imp gal)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)	0.42 kPa (3.15 mmHg, 0.124 inHg)	0.44 kPa (3.3 mmHg, 0.13 inHg)	0.45 kPa (3.4 mmHg, 0.133 inHg)	0.47 kPa (3.5 mmHg, 0.139 inHg)
50 L (13.2 US gal, 11.0 Imp gal)	0.427 kPa (3.2 mmHg, 0.126 inHg)	0.44 kPa (3.3 mmHg, 0.13 inHg)	0.47 kPa (3.5 mmHg, 0.139 inHg)	0.48 kPa (3.6 mmHg, 0.142 inHg)	0.49 kPa (3.7 mmHg, 0.145 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 30 — 100 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Leak Diagnosis

DTC

P0456 Evaporative Emission Control System Leak Detected (very small leak)

Diagnostic method

- The diagnostic method consists of creating a sealed vacuum in the fuel tank and then determining the presence of leakage from the speed at which the tank internal pressure returns to atmospheric pressure.
- The diagnosis is divided into the following five phases.

Mode A: (0 point compensation)

When the pressure in the tank is high, wait until it returns to 0 point (Near 0 mmHg,). Shift to mode B when returned to the 0 point. Cancel the diagnosis when 0 point does not return in the specified time.

Mode B: (Negative pressure introduced)

Introduce negative pressure in the intake manifold to the tank.

Approximately $0 \rightarrow -2.0$ kPa $(0 \rightarrow -15$ mmHg, $0 \rightarrow -0.59$ inHg)

When the pressure above (desired negative pressure) is reached, enters Mode C.

When the tank internal pressure does not reach the target negative pressure, the diagnosis is cancelled.

Mode C: (Negative pressure maintained)

Stop the introduction of negative pressure. (Wait until the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation.)

Change to Mode D either when the tank pressure returns to the start level of P2 calculation, or when the predetermined amount of time has passed.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Mode D: (Calculate the amount of negative pressure change)

Monitor the tank pressure in mode D, calculate (P2) the pressure change in the tank, and measure the time (evpdset) for the tank pressure to return when calculation of P2 is completed. Change to Mode E when the tank pressure returns to the end level of P2 calculation. If it does not return to the P2 calculation end tank internal pressure after the predetermined amount of time has passed, make advanced OK judgment or cancel the diagnosis.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Advanced OK judgment 1	
Mode D time	≥ 30 sec.
Tank internal pressure	\leq -1.8 kPa (-13.4 mmHg, -0.53 inHg)
Advanced OK judgment 2	
Mode D time	≥ 200 sec.
P2	≤ 0.9 — 1.3 kPa (7 — 9.6 mmHg, 0.28 — 0.38 inHg)

Mode E: (Evaporation occurrence amount calculation)

Calculate the change of tank pressure (P1) with the time evpdset to judge as NG/OK according to the value of P1. (ambiguous determination acceptable).

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
P1	< Value from Map 7
	* Threshold value: Map
	(Fuel level vs. evpdset)

Map 7 Malfunction criteria limit for evaporation diagnosis

map / manufiction criteria ini		T		400	450	200
Time (evpdset) & Fuel level	0 seconds	30 seconds	80 seconds	100	150	200
, ,				seconds	seconds	seconds
	0 kPa	0.07 kPa	0.23 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa
10 L (2.6 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal)	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.02 inHg)	0.068 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)
	0 kPa	0.07 kPa	0.23 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa
20 L (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.02 inHg)	0.068 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)
	0 kPa	0.07 kPa	0.23 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa	0.36 kPa
30 L (7.9 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal)	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,	(2.7 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.02 inHg)	0.068 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)	0.106 inHg)
	0 kPa	0.07 kPa	0.25 kPa	0.33 kPa	0.33 kPa	0.33 kPa
40 L (10.6 US gal, 8.8 Imp gal)	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(1.85	(2.5 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,	(2.5 mmHg,
40 L (10.0 03 gai, 6.0 iiip gai)	\		mmHg,	,	\	0.097 inHg)
	0 inHg)	0.02 inHg)	0.074 inHg)	0.097 inHg)	0.097 inHg)	0.097 IIIng)
	0 kPa	0.07 kPa	0.27 kPa	0.31 kPa	0.31 kPa	0 kPa
50 L (13.2 US gal, 11.0 lmp gal)	(0 mmHg,	(0.5 mmHg,	(2 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(2.3 mmHg,	(0 mmHg,
	0 inHg)	0.02 inHg)	0.09 inHg)	0.092 inHg)	0.092 inHg)	0 inHg)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	
* -	Value from Map 8 Threshold value: Map Fuel level vs. evpdset)	

Map 8 Malfunction criteria limit for evaporation diagnosis

Time (evpdset) vs. Fuel level	0 seconds	30 seconds	80 seconds	100	150	200
Time (evpaser) vs. i der lever	0 Seconds	30 Seconds	ou seconus	seconds	seconds	seconds
	0.1 kPa	0.47 kPa	0.56 kPa	0.56 kPa	0.56 kPa	0.56 kPa
10 L (2.6 US gal, 2.2 Imp gal)	(1 mmHg,	(3.5 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,	(4.2 mmHg,
	0.03 inHg)	0.139 inHg)	0.165 inHg)	0.165 inHg)	0.165 inHg)	0.165 inHg)
20 L (5.3 US gal, 4.4 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa (1 mmHg, 0.03 inHg)	0.43 kPa (3.25 mmHg, 0.127 inHg)	0.55 kPa (4.1 mmHg, 0.162 inHg)			
30 L (7.9 US gal, 6.6 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa (1 mmHg, 0.03 inHg)	0.4 kPa (3 mmHg, 0.12 inHg)	0.52 kPa (3.9 mmHg, 0.154 inHg)	0.52 kPa (3.9 mmHg, 0.154 inHg)	0.52 kPa (3.9 mmHg, 0.154 inHg)	0.52 kPa (3.9 mmHg, 0.154 inHg)
40 L (10.6 US gal, 8.8 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa (1 mmHg, 0.03 inHg)	0.3 kPa (2.25 mmHg, 0.09 inHg)	0.45 kPa (3.4 mmHg, 0.133 inHg)			
50 L (13.2 US gal, 11.0 Imp gal)	0.1 kPa (1 mmHg, 0.03 inHg)	0.2 kPa (1.5 mmHg, 0.06 inHg)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)	0.39 kPa (2.9 mmHg, 0.115 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 65 — 514 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

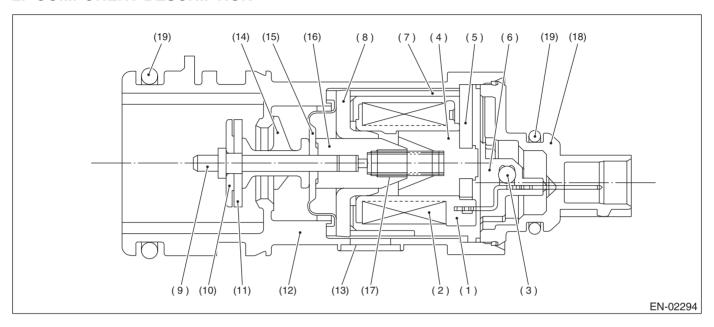
- Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)
- Memorize the diagnostic value and trouble standard value. (For test mode \$06)

BG:DTC P0447 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT OPEN

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the drain valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- Bobbin (1)
- Coil (2)
- (3)Diode
- Stator core (4)
- End plate (5)
- (6) Body
- (7) Yoke

- Magnetic plate (8)
- Shaft (9)
- (10)Plate
- Valve (11)
- Housing (12)
- (13)Filter

- (14)Retainer
- Diaphragm (15)
- (16)Movable core
- (17)Spring
- Cover (18)
- (19)O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Ignition switch	ON		
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V		
After engine starting	1 second or more		
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low		

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value		
Ignition switch	ON		
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V		
After engine starting	1 second or more		
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	High		

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

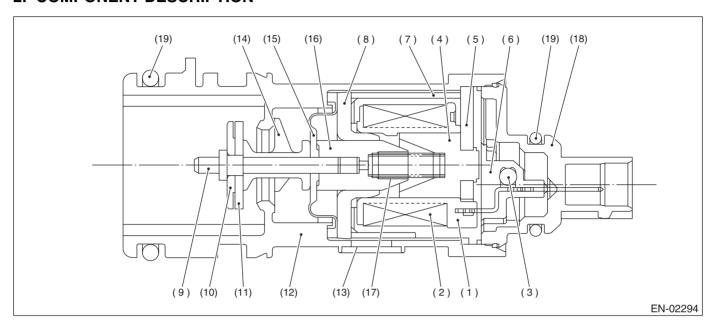
BH:DTC P0448 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM VENT CONTROL CIRCUIT SHORTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the drain valve.

Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Bobbin
- (2) Coil
- (3) Diode
- (4) Stator core
- (5) End plate
- (6) Body
- (7) Yoke

- (8) Magnetic plate
- (9) Shaft
- (10) Plate
- (11) Valve
- (12) Housing
- (13) Filter

- (14) Retainer
- (15) Diaphragm
- (16) Movable core
- (17) Spring
- (18) Cover
- (19) O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	1 second or more
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	1 second or more
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	Low

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

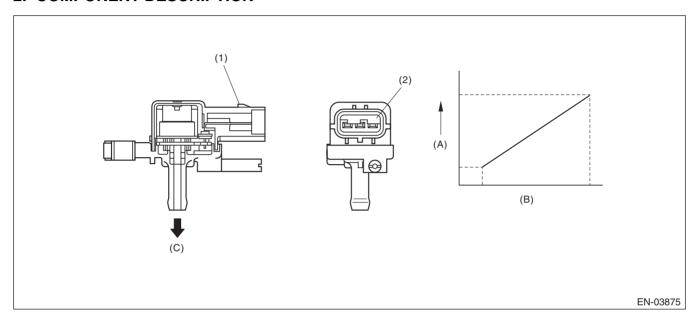
BI: DTC P0451 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the tank pressure sensor output property abnormality.

Judge as NG when there is no pressure variation, which should exist in the tank, considering the engine status.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

Terminal

(2)

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
After engine starting	60 seconds or more
Fuel level	\geq 9.6 & (2.54 US gal, 2.11 Imp gal)
Fuel temperature	< 35°C (95°F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Perform the diagnosis continuously after 60 seconds or more have passed since the engine started.
- Be sure to check the fuel level and fuel temperature.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Number of times that the difference between the Max. fuel level and Min. fuel level every 60 seconds is 2 & (0.53 US gal, 0.44 Imp gal) or more (with enable condition completed)	≥ 16 times
Maximum – Minimum tank pressure (with enable condition completed)	< 0.05 kPa (0.375 mmHg, 0.01 inHg)
Maximum – Minimum fuel temperature (with enable condition completed)	≥ 7°C (12.6°F)

If the maximum value – minimum value for the fuel level every 60 seconds is less than 2 liters, extend 60 seconds and make judgment with the maximum and minimum values for the fuel level in 120 seconds. If a difference does not appear though the time was extended 60 seconds, extend the time (180, 240, 300 seconds) and continue the judgment. If the maximum value – minimum value for the fuel level is more than 2 $\,\ell$, the diagnosis counter counts up.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 minute × 16 times or more

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Maximum – Minimum tank pressure	≥ 0.05 kPa (0.375
	mmHg, 0.01 inHg)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

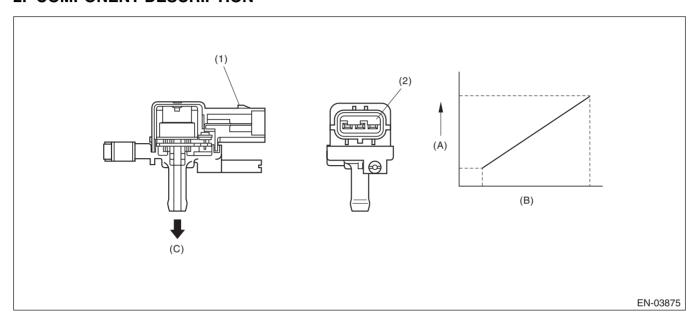
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

BJ:DTC P0452 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SEN-SOR LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the fuel tank pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

Terminal

(2)

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 15 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	≤ -7.44 kPa (-55.85
	mmHg, –2.197 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	> -7.44 kPa (-55.85
	mmHg, –2.197 inHg)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

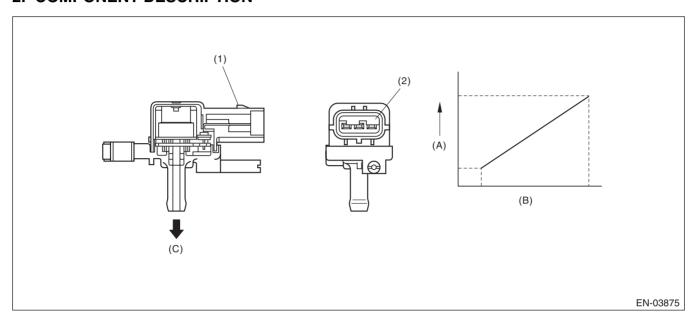
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

BK:DTC P0453 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM PRESSURE SENSOR HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of the fuel tank pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Connector

Terminal

(2)

- (A) Output voltage
- (B) Input voltage

(C) To fuel tank

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Vehicle speed	≥ 2 km/h (1.24 MPH)
All conditions of EVAP canister purge	Completed
Learning value of evaporation gas density	≤ 0.08
Main feedback compensation coefficient	≥ 0.9
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continually when purging.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 15 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	> 7.98 kPa (59.85
	mmHg, 2.36 inHg)
Fuel temperature	< 35°C (95°F)
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.1 kPa (563
	mmHg, 22.2 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 15 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK when the criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Fuel tank pressure	≤ 7.98 kPa (59.85
	mmHg, 2.36 inHg)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Purge control solenoid valve control: Purge fixed mode is prohibited.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

BL:DTC P0456 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (VERY SMALL LEAK)

NOTE:

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0442 Evaporative system (Small leak). <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-120, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BM:DTC P0457 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECT-ED (FUEL CAP LOOSE/OFF)

NOTE:

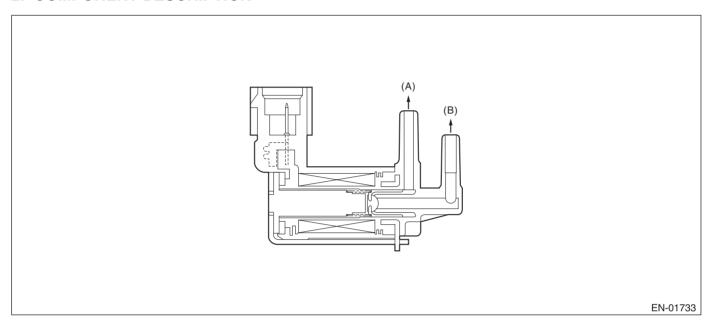
For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0442 Evaporative system (Small leak). <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-120, DTC P0442 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM LEAK DETECTED (SMALL LEAK), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

BN:DTC P0458 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	1 second or more

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Continuous time with the following conditions established:	≥ 2.5 sec.
Duty ratio of "ON"	< 75%
Terminal output voltage	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage	High

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

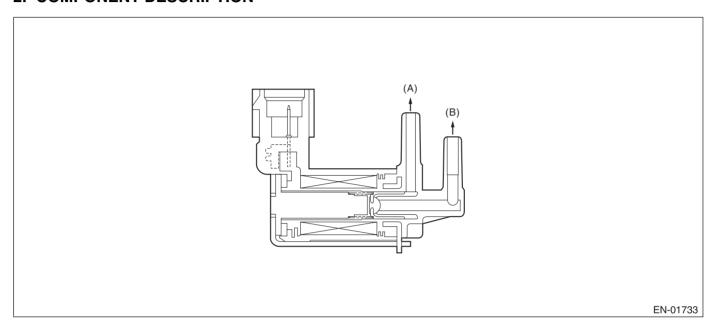
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

BO:DTC P0459 EVAPORATIVE EMISSION SYSTEM PURGE CONTROL VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect open or short circuit of the purge control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(A) To canister

(B) To intake manifold

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions	
Ignition switch	ON	
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V	
After engine starting	1 second or more	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Continuous time with the following conditions established:	≥ 2.5 sec.
Duty ratio of "ON"	≥ 25%
Terminal output voltage	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage	Low

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

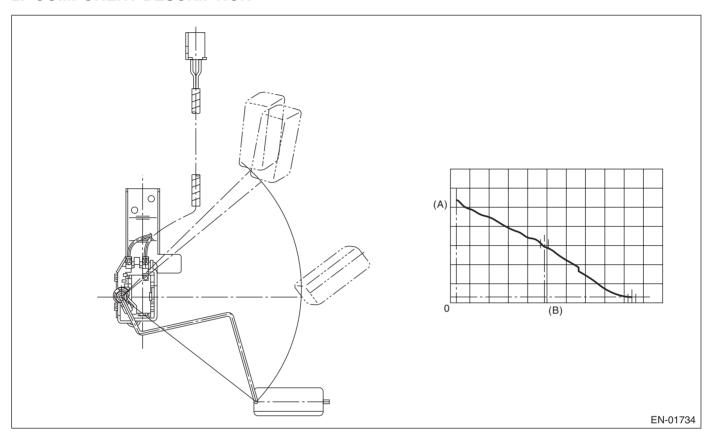
BP:DTC P0461 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunctions of the fuel level sensor output property.

If the fuel level does not vary in a particular driving condition / engine condition where it should, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	> 331 kg (729.9 lb)
Max. – min. values of fuel level output	< 2.6 0 (0.69 US gal,
	0.57 lmp gal)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	5 seconds or more

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undecided

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Accumulated amount of intake air	> 331 kg (729.9 lb)
Max. – min. values of fuel level output	≥ 2.6 ℓ (0.69 US gal, 0.57 Imp gal)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	5 seconds or more

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

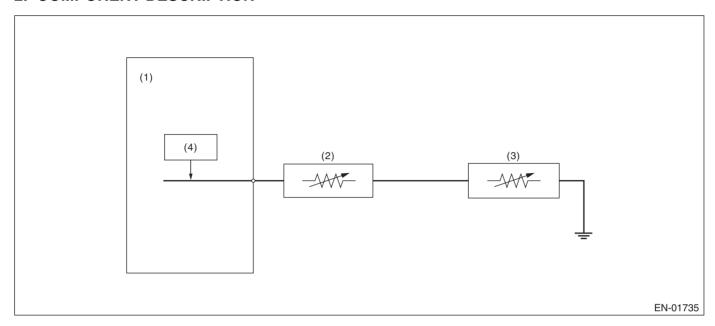
Memorize the freeze frame data. (For test mode \$02)

BQ:DTC P0462 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Fuel sub level sensor
- (4) Detecting circuit

(2) Fuel level sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than time needed for diagnosis (2.5 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	3 seconds or more
Output voltage	≤ 0.173 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	3 seconds or more
Output voltage	> 0.173 V

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

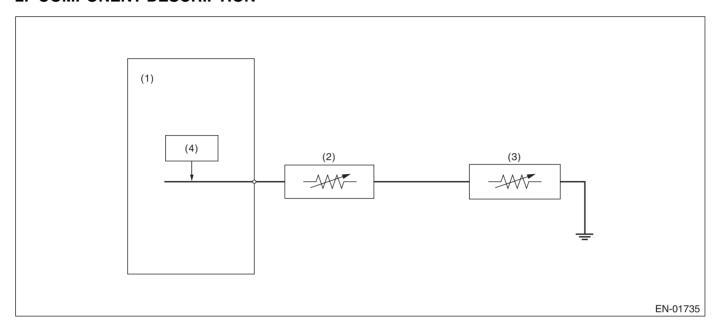
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BR:DTC P0463 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR "A" CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of fuel level sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Fuel sub level sensor
- (4) Detecting circuit

(2) Fuel level sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below exceeds the time required for diagnosis (2.5 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	3 seconds or more
Output voltage	≥ 7.213 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	3 seconds or more
Output voltage	< 7.213 V

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BS:DTC P0464 FUEL LEVEL SENSOR CIRCUIT INTERMITTENT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the unstable output faults from the fuel level sensor caused by noise. Judge as NG when the max. value and cumulative value of output voltage variation of the fuel level sensor is larger than the threshold value.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

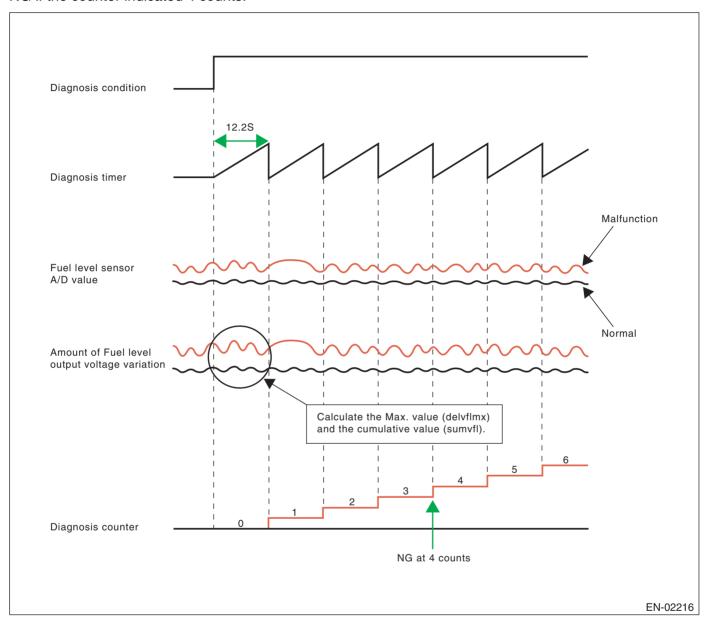
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
After engine starting	1 second or more
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Idle switch	ON
Fuel level	9.6 — 54.4 & (2.54 — 14.37 US gal, 2.11 — 11.97 Imp gal)
Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH)	10 seconds or more

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Always perform the diagnosis continuously at idle speed.
- Pay attention to the fuel level.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Calculate the Max. value (delflmax) and cumulative value (sumfl) of output voltage variation of fuel level sensor during 12.2 seconds. Judge it normal when both max. and cumulative values are not over the threshold value. Otherwise, when either of them is over the threshold value, the diagnosis counter counts up. Judge as NG if the counter indicated 4 counts.



Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Integrated times of the condition reaching follows,	≥ 4 times
DELFLMAX ≥ 0.2 — 0.26 V or SUMFL ≥ 16 V	
At that time, DELFLMAX: Maximum dif- ference of sensor output for 12.2 sec- onds; SUMFL: Integrated value of the sensor output deviation for 12.2 seconds	

The diagnosis counter does not count up when the following conditions are completed within 12.2 seconds.

	≥ 0.05 kPa (0.375
change of tank pressure during 12.2 seconds	mmHg, 0.02 inHg)
Maximum value – minimum value of bat-	≥ 1.65 V
tery voltage during 12.2 seconds	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: $12.2 \text{ seconds} \times 4 \text{ times}$

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
DELFLMAX	< 0.2 — 0.26 V
SUMFL	< 16 V
At that time, DELFLMAX: Maximum dif- ference of sensor output for 12.2 sec- onds; SUMFL: Integrated value of the sensor output deviation for 12.2 seconds	

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BT:DTC P0483 FAN RATIONALITY CHECK

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the function abnormality of the radiator fan.

Judge as NG when the engine coolant temperature slowly decreases even when the radiator fan is rotating.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Diagnostic enable condition is established if the radiator fan changes from OFF \rightarrow ON when all of the conditions below are met.

When one of the conditions below is not met, the diagnostic enable condition is not established.

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine speed	560 — 900 rpm
Idle switch	ON
Vehicle speed	< 2 km/h (1.2 MPH)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously when the radiator fan changes from OFF \rightarrow ON when idling.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 5 minutes.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 100°C (212°F)
Radiator fan signal change	OFF to ON
Engine coolant temperature	Does not decrease

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 5 minutes

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Radiator fan signal change	OFF to ON
Engine coolant temperature	Decreased

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BU:DTC P0500 VEHICLE SPEED SENSOR "A"

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when outside of standard value. Judge NG when the received data from ABSCM&H/U is abnormal, and the vehicle speed data is impossible.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

Vehicle speed signals are taken in to the ABSCM&H/U, and OK/NG data of the vehicle speed, ABS wheel speed sensor is received by CAN communication from the ABSCM&H/U.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Elapsed time after engine starting	≥ 2 sec.
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after 2 seconds or more have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 2.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front ABS wheel speed sensor status	Abnormal
When either of the following is established	
Front left wheel speed	≥ 300 km/h (186 MPH)
Front right wheel speed	≥ 300 km/h (186 MPH)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when all of the following criteria are established.

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Front left wheel speed	> 0 km/h (0 MPH) and
	< 300 km/h (186 MPH)
Front right wheel speed	> 0 km/h (0 MPH) and
	< 300 km/h (186 MPH)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When Clear Memory is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When Clear Memory is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Accelerator sensor signal process: Not allowed fully closed point learning. (Hold previous value)
- Vehicle speed sensor signal process: Vehicle speed = 10 km/h (6 MPH)
- Fuel cut control: Not allowed vehicle speed 0 km/h (0 MPH) fuel cut. Normally the high vehicle speed fuel cut performs on vehicle speed condition and engine speed, but perform the fuel cut only on engine speed condition (4,400 rpm or more).
- ISC control: Open loop compensation is set to specified value (1 g (0.04 oz)/s). Not allowed ISC feedback volume calculation.
- Air conditioner control: Not allowed air conditioner cut at accelerating.
- Radiator fan control: Both main and sub fan ON
- Gear ratio judgment: Control as fixed in sixth gear

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BV:DTC P0506 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM LOWER THAN EXPECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Fuel level	≥ 9.0 ℓ (2.38 US gal, 1.98 Imp gal)
After engine starting	≥ 10.5 sec.
Feedback in ISC	In operation
Lambda value	0.81 — 1.1
After air condition switching ON-OFF, OFF-ON	> 5.1 sec.
After intake manifold pressure changes more than 4 kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg).	> 5.1 sec.
After neutral switch ON/OFF change	> 5.1 sec.
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criterion below is 10 seconds \times 3 times.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	< -100 rpm
Feedback value for ISC	Max.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds × 3 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criterion below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	≥ -100 rpm

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a rowWhen "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BW:DTC P0507 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM RPM HIGHER THAN EXPECTED

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling. Judge as NG when actual engine speed is not close to target engine speed during idling.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Fuel level	≥ 9.0 ℓ (2.38 US gal, 1.98 Imp gal)
After engine starting	≥ 10.5 sec.
Feedback in ISC	In operation
Lambda value	0.81 — 1.1
After air condition switching ON-OFF, OFF-ON	> 5.1 sec.
After intake manifold pressure changes more than 4kPa (30 mmHg, 1.2 inHg).	> 5.1 sec.
After neutral switch ON/OFF change	> 5.1 sec.
Vehicle speed	0 km/h (0 MPH)

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at idling after warming up engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criterion below is 10 seconds \times 3 times.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	≥ 200 rpm
Feedback value for ISC	Min.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds × 3 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criterion below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Actual – Target engine speed	< 200 rpm

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BX:DTC P0512 STARTER REQUEST CIRCUIT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of starter SW. Judge as ON NG when the starter SW signal remains ON.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as ON NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 3 minutes.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine speed	> 500 rpm
Starter OFF signal	Not detected
Battery voltage	> 8 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 180 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as ON OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter OFF signal	Detected
Battery voltage	> 8 V

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

BY:DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

DTC	Item	OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS
P0513	Incorrect Immobilizer Key	Incorrect immobilizer key (Use of unregistered key in body integrated unit)
P1570	Antenna	Faulty antenna
P1571	Reference Code Incompatibility	Reference code incompatibility between body integrated unit and ECM
P1572	IMM Circuit Failure (Except Antenna Circuit)	Communication failure between body integrated unit and ECM
P1574	Key Communication Failure	Failure of body integrated unit to verify key (transponder) ID code or transponder failure
P1576	EGI Control Module EEPROM	ECM malfunctioning
P1577	IMM Control Module EEPROM	Body integrated unit malfunctioning
P1578	Meter Failure	Reference code incompatibility between body integrated unit and combination meter

2. ENABLE CONDITION

When starting the engine.

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis only after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the conditions for the outline of the diagnosis of the top are established.

BZ:DTC P0519 IDLE AIR CONTROL SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction that engine speed increases more than that in normal condition during idling.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Feedback in ISC	In operation
Vehicle speed	< 4 km/h (2.49 MPH)
After engine starting	1 second or more

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously if the vehicle speed is at less than 4 km/h (2.49 MPH).

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the all malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (2 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine speed – targeted engine speed	> 2000 rpm
Feedback value for ISC	≤ 0
Engine speed change every 180 degree	≥ – 5 rpm
engine rev.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (5 seconds).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Engine speed – targeted engine speed	< 200 rpm

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Fuel cut: Cuts off fuel only #1 and #2 cylinders, or for all cylinders according to vehicle speed, engine speed, and throttle position.

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CA:DTC P0600 SERIAL COMMUNICATION LINK

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect malfunction of CAN communication.

When CAN communications is not possible, and CAN communications with AT is not possible, judge as NG if data from the AT is not normal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

ECM and TCM are connected by high speed CAN.

(Common Specifications)
CAN Protocol 2.0 B (Active)

Frame Format: 11 Bit ID Frame (Standard Frame)

(High speed CAN)

Conforms to ISO11898

Communication Speed: 500 kbps

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Starter switch	OFF
Engine	run

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

When either of the following conditions are established, it is judged NG.

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time when all of the following criteria are established is more than the predetermined time (1 s).

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
bus off flag or warning flag	set
ID is not received from the TCM, ECM, VDCCM or ABSCM.	= 500 milliseconds
Data from ECM is not updated.	= 500 milliseconds

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 time

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR CLEAR PARAMETERS

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CB:DTC P0604 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE RANDOM ACCESS MEMORY (RAM) ERROR

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of microcomputer (RAM).

When there is a problem in the main CPU normal RAM, or the sub CPU normal RAM, judge as NG. Judge as OK when both are operating properly.

If it is possible to write data to the whole area of RAM in the initial routine, and is possible to read the same data, it is judged as OK, and if not, NG.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

Diagnosis with the initial routine.

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis as soon as the ignition switch is turned to ON.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Main CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5A55A cannot be read.
Write A55A5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A5AA5 cannot be read.
Sub CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5 cannot be read.
Write A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A cannot be read.

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undecided

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Main CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5A55A can be read.
And write A55A5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A5AA5 can be read.
Sub CPU normal RAM abnormal	
Write 5AA5 and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	5AA5 can be read.
And write A55A and then read. (Whole area of RAM)	A55A can be read.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CC:DTC P0605 INTERNAL CONTROL MODULE READ ONLY MEMORY (ROM) ERROR

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when SUM value of ROM is outside the standard value.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
SUM value of ROM	Specification

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Undecided

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

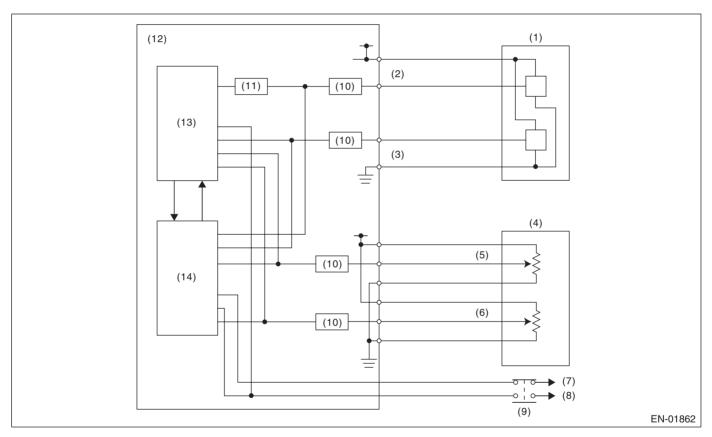
CD:DTC P0607 CONTROL MODULE PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when either the following is completed.

- When the read value of throttle position sensor 1 signal is mismatched between main CPU and sub CPU.
- When the read value of accelerator position sensor 1 signal is mismatched between main CPU and sub CPU.
- When the sub CPU operates abnormally.
- When the communication between main CPU ←→ sub CPU is abnormal.
- When the input amplifier circuit of throttle position sensor 1 is abnormal.
- When the cruise control cannot be canceled correctly.
- When the signal of brake SW1 and 2 is mismatched.
- When the directed angle from the main CPU is abnormal.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor
- (2) Throttle position sensor 1
- (3) Throttle position sensor 2
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor
- (5) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1
- (6) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2
- (7) Battery
- (8) Stop light
- (9) Brake switch
- (10) I/F circuit

- (11) Amplifier circuit
- (12) Engine control module (ECM)
- (13) Sub CPU
- (14) Main CPU

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
(1) Ignition switch	ON
(2) Ignition switch	ON
(3) None	_
(4) None	_
(5) Throttle opening angle	
(6) Brake switch (only with cruise control)	ON
(7) None	_
(8) Cruise control	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- (1) (4): Always perform the diagnosis continuously.
- (5): Always perform the diagnosis continuously when idling.
- (6): Perform the diagnosis when the brake pedal is depressed.
- (7): Always perform the diagnosis continuously.
- (8): Always perform the diagnosis continuously when the cruise control pedal is not operating.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

ouaginont value	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
(1) Difference of CPU reading value of the throttle position sensor signal	0.0858 V
(2) Difference of CPU read value of the accelerator position sensor signal	0.039 V
(3) WD pulse from sub CPU	WD pulse occur
(4) Communication between CPU	Possible to communicate
(5) Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle — (Throttle position sensor 1 opening angle after the amplifier)1/4	< 3°
(6) Cruise control cancel signal at brake ON	Cruise control cancel signal ON
(7) Brake switch 1, 2 signal	SW 1 and 2 are matched

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 1. 250 milliseconds
- 2. 250 milliseconds
- 3. 200 milliseconds
- 4. 200 milliseconds
- 5. 24 milliseconds6. 250 milliseconds
- 7. 200 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

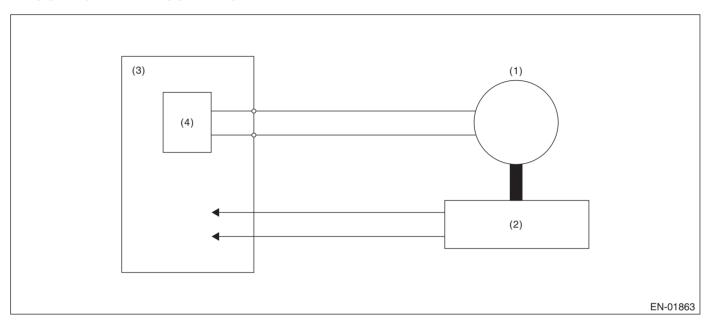
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CE:DTC P0638 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL RANGE/PERFORMANCE (BANK 1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the target opening angle and actual opening angle is mismatched or the current to motor is more than specified duty for specified time continuously.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Motor

- (3) Engine control module (ECM)
- (4) Drive circuit

(2) Throttle position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Normal operation of electric throttle control	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously when the electric throttle control is operating.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

3	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Difference between target opening angle	3.5° or less
and actual opening angle	
Output duty to drive circuit	95% or less

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

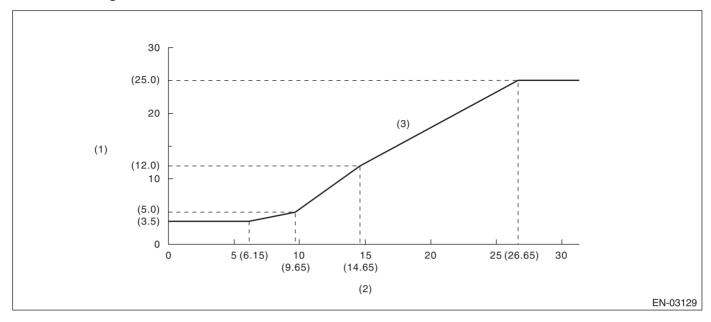
- Target opening angle and actual opening angle: 250 milliseconds (For NG) 2000 milliseconds (For OK)
- Output duty to drive circuit: 2000 milliseconds

Details of Judgment Value

Difference between target opening

angle and actual opening angle (°)

(1)

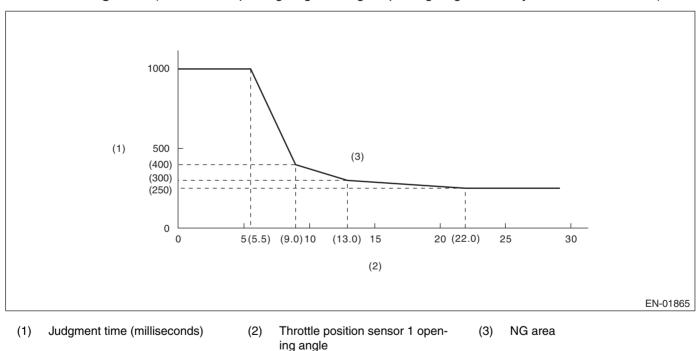


Details of Judgment (The actual opening angle ≤ target opening angle is always 1000 milliseconds)

(2)

Target throttle opening angle (°)

NG area



Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CF:DTC P0691 FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of radiator fan circuit.

Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
After engine starting	1 second or more
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
After engine starting	1 second or more
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	High level

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CG:DTC P0692 FAN 1 CONTROL CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of radiator fan circuit.

Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
After engine starting	1 second or more
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs ON signal	High level

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
After engine starting	1 second or more
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs ON signal	Low level

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CH:DTC P0700 TRANSMISSION CONTROL SYSTEM (MIL REQUEST)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when there is CAN communication with the AT and there is a MIL lighting request.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time with the following conditions established is longer than predetermined amount of time (2.5 seconds).

Judge as OK when the following conditions are not established, and clear the NG.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
MIL lighting request from TCM	set

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

CI: DTC P0851 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (AT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	2 seconds or more
Starter switch	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.56 seconds. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal when park/neutral = "OFF" and any other switches = "ON" on AT	LOW (ON)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.56 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CJ:DTC P0851 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT LOW (MT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW even if the driving shift was applied. (There is neutral SW ON/OFF inversion from the vehicle speed and engine speed.)

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	2 seconds or more
Starter switch	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed 3 time or more after the neutral SW change. Judge as OK and clear the NG when there is change in the neutral SW.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing from a to b below)	LOW (ON)
Driving condition change	a) to b)
a) Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH) & engine speed 600 — 900 rpm	
b) Vehicle speed ≥ 64 km/h (40 MPH) & engine speed 1600 — 2550 rpm	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Monitoring 3 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CK:DTC P0852 PARK/NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (AT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when the ECM neutral terminal input differs from the reception data from TCM.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	2 seconds or more
Starter switch	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time until meeting the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.56 seconds. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal when park/neutral = "ON" and any other switches = "OFF" on AT	HIGH (OFF)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.56 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CL:DTC P0852 NEUTRAL SWITCH INPUT CIRCUIT HIGH (MT MODEL)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge the open or short circuit of the neutral SW.

Judge as NG when there is no change in the neutral SW even if the driving shift was applied. (There is neutral SW ON/OFF inversion from the vehicle speed and engine speed.)

2. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	2 seconds or more
Starter switch	OFF

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously in 2 seconds after starting the engine.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the malfunction criteria below are completed 3 time or more after the neutral SW change. Judge as OK and clear the NG when there is change in the neutral SW.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Neutral switch signal (while changing from a to b below)	HIGH (OFF)
Driving condition change	a) to b)
a) Vehicle speed = 0 km/h (0 MPH) & engine speed 600 — 900 rpm	
b) Vehicle speed ≥ 64 km/h (40 MPH) & engine speed 1600 — 2550 rpm	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: Monitoring 3 times

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

Control of cruise control: Control prohibited

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CM:DTC P1152 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (LOW) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

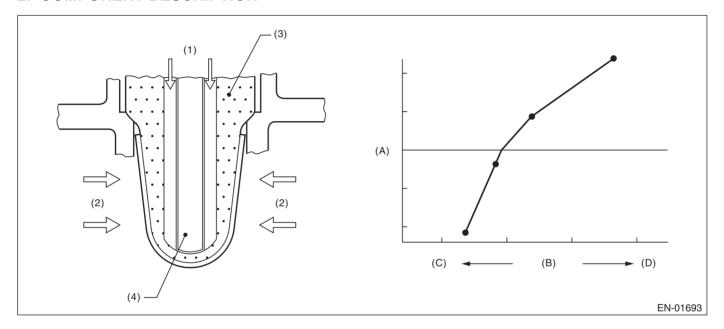
Detect that λ value remains low.

Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with λ value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

 λ value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio

 $\lambda > 1$: Lean $\lambda < 1$: Rich

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
All secondary parameters enable conditions	4 seconds or more
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage	-0.2 V — 0.1 V
or rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Min.
or rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Max.
After engine starting	60 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g (0.21 oz)/s
Load change during 0.5 engine revs.	≤ 0.02 g (0.001 oz)/rev
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$0-50 \Omega$
Learning value of evaporation gas density	≤ 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	20 seconds or more
Target lambda load compensation coefficient	-0.03 — 0

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously at a constant speed of 20 km/h (12 MPH) or more after 60 seconds have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of meeting the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds). Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output λ value when rear oxygen sensor	≤ 0.85
sub feedback compensation coefficient	
is not at maximum limit	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CN:DTC P1153 O2 SENSOR CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE (HIGH) (BANK1 SENSOR1)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

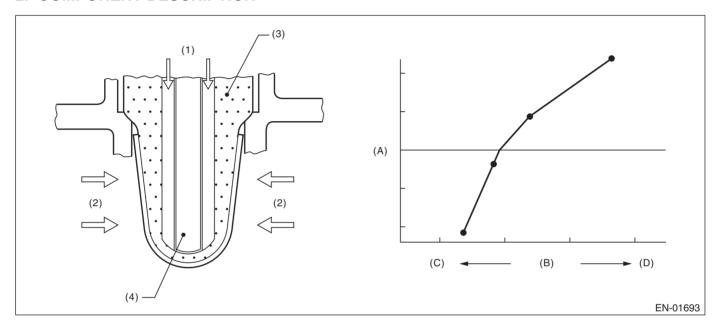
Detect that λ value remains high.

Judge as NG when lambda value is abnormal in accordance with λ value of front oxygen (A/F) sensor and running conditions such as vehicle speed, amount of intake air, engine coolant temperature, sub feedback control, etc.

 λ value = Actual air fuel ratio/Theoretical air fuel ratio

 $\lambda > 1$: Lean $\lambda < 1$: Rich

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) ZrO₂
- (4) Ceramic heater

- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Lean
- (D) Rich

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
All secondary parameters enable conditions	4 seconds or more
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	> 75.1 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.2 inHg)
Rear oxygen sensor sub feedback	Execution
Rear oxygen sensor output voltage – Feedback target voltage	-0.2 V — 0.1 V
or rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Min.
or rear oxygen sensor sub feedback compensation coefficient	On Max.
After engine starting	60 seconds or more
Engine coolant temperature	≥ 75°C (167°F)
Vehicle speed	≥ 20 km/h (12 MPH)
Amount of intake air	≥ 6 g (0.21 oz)/s
Load change during 0.5 engine revs.	≤ 0.02 g (0.001 oz)/rev
Front oxygen (A/F) sensor impedance	$0-50 \Omega$
Learning value of evaporation gas density	≤ 0.2
Total time of operating canister purge	20 seconds or more
Target lambda load compensation coefficient	-0.03 — 0

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously at a constant vehicle speed of 20 km/h (12 MPH) or more after 60 seconds have passed since the engine started.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of meeting the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the time needed for diagnosis (10 seconds). Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Output λ value when rear oxygen sensor	≥ 1.15
sub feedback compensation coefficient	
cannot be at minimum limit	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 10 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Front oxygen (A/F) sensor sub learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Purge control: Not allowed to purge.

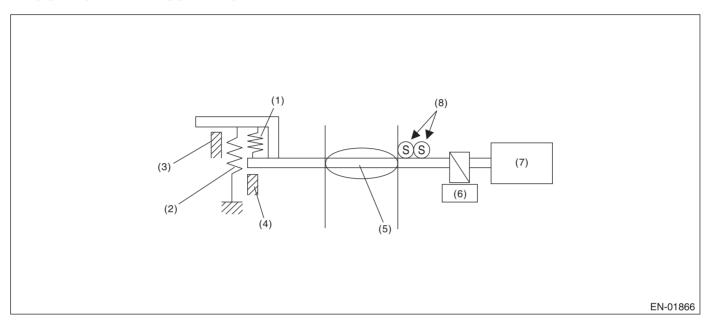
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CO:DTC P1160 RETURN SPRING FAILURE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the valve is opened more than the default opening angle, but does not move to the close direction with the motor power stopped.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Opener spring
- (2) Return spring
- (3) Intermediate stopper
- (4) Full closed stopper
- (5) Throttle valve
- (6) Gear

- (7) DC motor
- (8) Main and sub throttle sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Throttle opening angle	OFF
Motor continuity	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- Ignition switch ON → OFF
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Opening variation after continuity is set to OFF	≥ 2 °

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1880 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

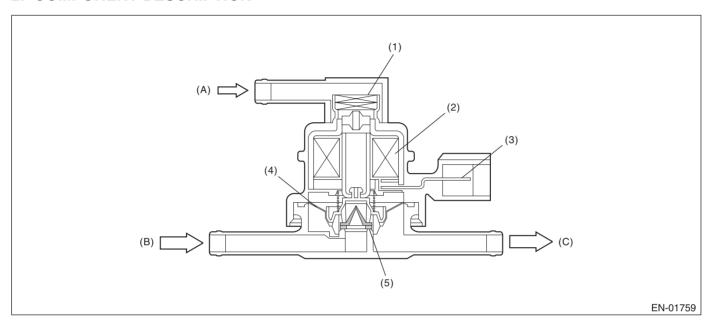
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CP:DTC P1400 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of pressure control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when ECM output level is different from actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Filter

Coil

(2)

(4) Diaphragm

(5)

Valve

- (A) Atmospheric pressure
- (B) Shut-off valve
- (C) To fuel tank

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Connector terminal

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	1 second or more

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than time needed for diagnosis (2.5 seconds). Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

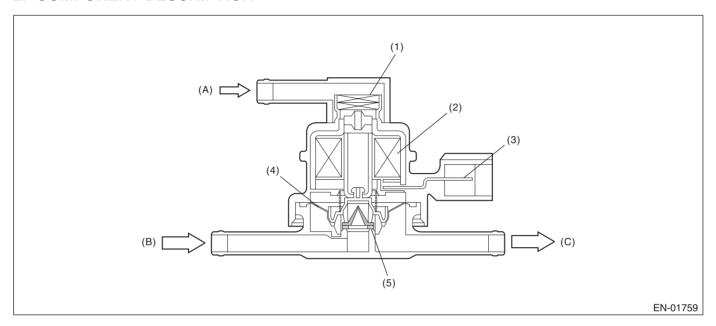
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CQ:DTC P1420 FUEL TANK PRESSURE CONTROL SOL. VALVE CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of pressure control solenoid valve. Judge as NG when ECM output level is different from actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



(1) Filter

(4) Diaphragm

(A) Atmospheric pressure

(2) Coil

(5) Valve

(B) Shut-off valve

(3) Connector terminal

(C) To fuel tank

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
After engine starting	1 second or more

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis after starting the engine.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than time needed for diagnosis (2.5 seconds). Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are not met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal output voltage when ECM outputs ON signal	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

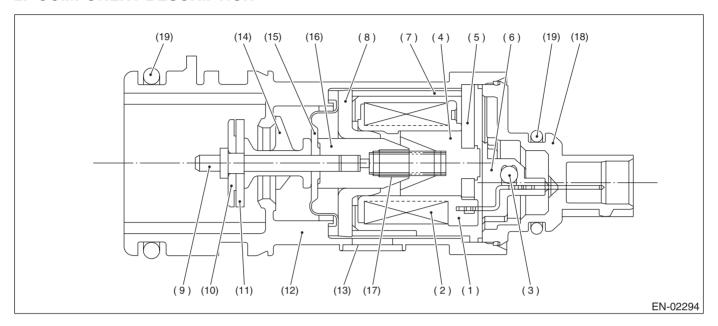
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CR:DTC P1443 VENT CONTROL SOLENOID VALVE FUNCTION PROBLEM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the abnormal function (stuck closed) of the drain valve. Judge as NG when fuel tank pressure is low.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Bobbin
- (2) Coil
- (3) Diode
- (4) Stator core
- (5) End plate
- (6) Body
- (7) Yoke

- (8) Magnetic plate
- (9) Shaft
- (10) Plate
- (11) Valve
- (12) Housing
- (13) Filter

- (14) Retainer
- (15) Diaphragm
- (16) Movable core
- (17) Spring
- (18) Cover
- (19) O-ring

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Drain valve	Open
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Atmospheric pressure	≥ 75.0 kPa (563 mmHg, 22.17 inHg)
Tank pressure when starter is OFF $ ightarrow$ ON	-0.43 — 1.4 kPa (-3.2 — 10.7 mmHg, -0.13 — 0.42 inHg)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 3 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
	≤ -4.0 kPa
	(-30 mmHg, -1.18 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 3 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

9	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Tank pressure	> -4.0 kPa (-30 mmHg, -1.18 inHg)
Cumulative time when all of the malfunction criteria below is completed.	≥ 30 sec.
Purge control solenoid valve duty ratio	Not = 0
Fuel temperature	−10 — 45°C (14 — 113°F)
Intake manifold relative pressure	≤ -26.7 kPa (-200 mmHg, -7.87 inHg)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Pressure control solenoid valve control: Open the pressure control solenoid valve.

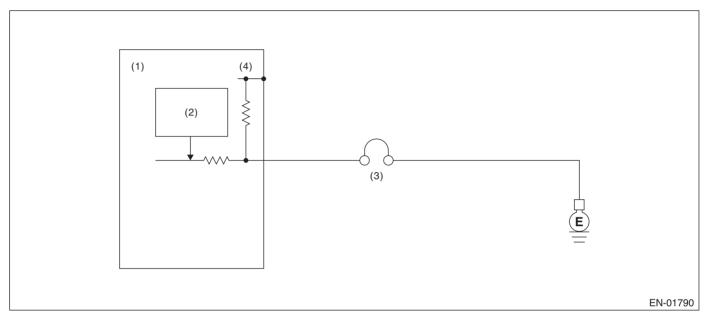
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CS:DTC P1491 POSITIVE CRANKCASE VENTILATION (BLOW-BY) FUNCTION PROBLEM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the blow-by hose release abnormality. Judge as NG when the diagnosis terminal voltage is high.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) PCV diagnosis connector
- (4) 5 V

(2) Detecting circuit

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Positive crankcase ventilation diagnosis voltage	High

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

If the following conditions are established after predetermined amount of time has passed, judged as OK. Judge as OK and clear the NG when the following criteria are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm
Positive crankcase ventilation diagnosis voltage	Low

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

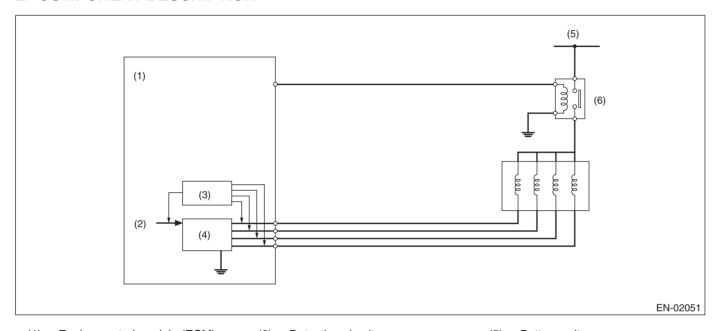
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CT:DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- · Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Detecting circuit
- (5) Battery voltage

- (2) Computer unit (CPU)
- (4) Switch circuit

(6) Main relay

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters Enable Condit	
EGR valve target position	> 0 step
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform diagnosis continuously during EGR operation.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	Low level
puls OFF signal	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs OFF signal	High level

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Knock sensor learning compensation: Calculation prohibited.
- EGR control: Operation prohibited.

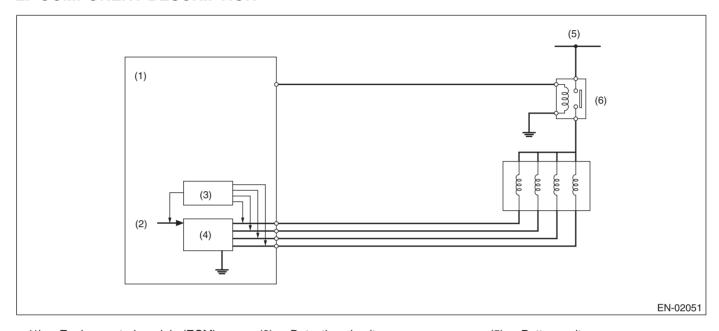
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CU:DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

- · Detects open or short circuit of EGR.
- Judge as NG when the ECM output level differs from the actual terminal level.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Computer unit (CPU)
- (3) Detecting circuit
- (4) Switch circuit

- (5) Battery voltage
- (6) Main relay

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Battery voltage	> 10.9 V
EGR valve target position	> 0 step

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than the predetermined time.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
9	High level
puts ON signal	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Terminal voltage level when ECM outputs ON signal	Low level

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

- Front oxygen sensor (A/F) sensor main learning compensation: Not allowed to calculate.
- Knock sensor learning compensation: Calculation prohibited.
- EGR control: Operation prohibited.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

CV:DTC P1494 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-201, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CW:DTC P1495 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #2 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-203, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CX:DTC P1496 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-201, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CY:DTC P1497 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #3 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-203, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

CZ:DTC P1498 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1492. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-201, DTC P1492 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (LOW INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DA:DTC P1499 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #4 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT)

NOTE:

For the diagnostic procedure, refer to DTC P1493. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-203, DTC P1493 EGR SOLENOID VALVE SIGNAL #1 CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION (HIGH INPUT), Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DB:DTC P1518 STARTER SWITCH CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of starter SW.

Judge as OFF NG when the engine starts without starter ON experience.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as OFF NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

•	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Vehicle speed	< 1 km/h (0.62 MPH)
Starter ON signal	Not detected
Engine speed, after engine speed of less	≥ 500 rpm
than 500 rpm continues for more than	
0.8 seconds.	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 1 second

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OFF OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Starter ON	Experienced
Battery voltage	> 8 V

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- · When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DC:DTC P1560 BACK-UP VOLTAGE CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of back-up power supply circuit.

Judge as NG when the backup voltage becomes smaller than the battery voltage.

2. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

3. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

4. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 2.5 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage of back-up power supply	Low
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 2.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Voltage of back-up power supply	High
Battery voltage	≥ 10.9 V
Engine speed	≥ 500 rpm

5. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

6. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. FAIL SAFE

None

8. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

DD:DTC P1570 ANTENNA

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DE:DTC P1571 REFERENCE CODE INCOMPATIBILITY

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DF:DTC P1572 IMM CIRCUIT FAILURE (EXCEPT ANTENNA CIRCUIT)

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DG:DTC P1574 KEY COMMUNICATION FAILURE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DH:DTC P1576 EGI CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DI: DTC P1577 IMM CONTROL MODULE EEPROM

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DJ:DTC P1578 METER FAILURE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

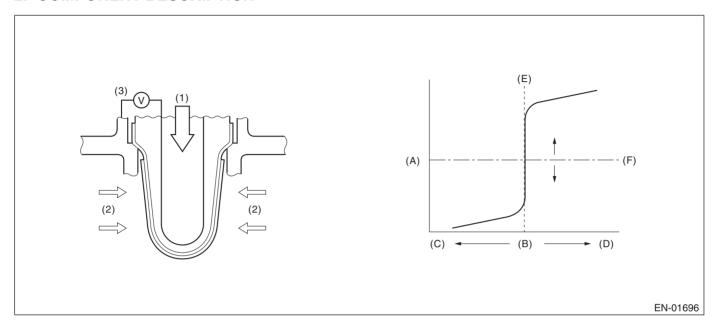
For the detection standard, refer to DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY. <Ref. to GD(H4SO)-166, DTC P0513 INCORRECT IMMOBILIZER KEY, Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Detecting Criteria.>

DK:DTC P2096 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO LEAN BANK 1

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the amount of sub feedback control. Sub feedback learning control is being performed and when the learning value goes to the lean side, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) Electromotive force
- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Rich

- (D) Lean
- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Continuous time when the following con-	1 second or more
ditions are established	
Sub feedback learning execution condi-	Completed
tions	

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at a constant speed of 50 — 100 km/h (31 — 62 MPH).

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time with the following criteria established is 5 seconds or more. Judge as OK when the continuous time with the following criteria not established is 5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	≤ −0.03

Time Needed for Diagnosis: $5 \text{ seconds} \times 1 \text{ times}$

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

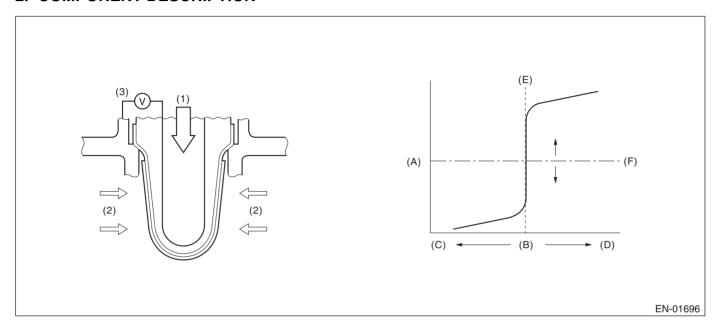
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DL:DTC P2097 POST CATALYST FUEL TRIM SYSTEM TOO RICH BANK 1

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of fuel system from the amount of sub feedback control. Sub feedback learning control is being performed and when the learning value goes to the rich side, judge as NG.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Atmosphere
- (2) Exhaust gas
- (3) Electromotive force
- (A) Electromotive force
- (B) Air fuel ratio
- (C) Rich

- (D) Lean
- (E) Theoretical air fuel ratio
- (F) Comparative voltage

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Continuous time when the following con-	1 second or more
ditions are established	
Sub feedback learning execution condi-	Completed
tions	•

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis continuously at a constant speed of 50 — 100 km/h (31 — 62 MPH).

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as NG when the continuous time with the following criteria established is 5 seconds or more. Judge as OK when the continuous time with the following criteria not established is 5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sub feedback learning value	≥ 0.038

Time Needed for Diagnosis: $5 \text{ seconds} \times 1 \text{ times}$

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When similar driving conditions are repeated 3 times and the result is OK.
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

None

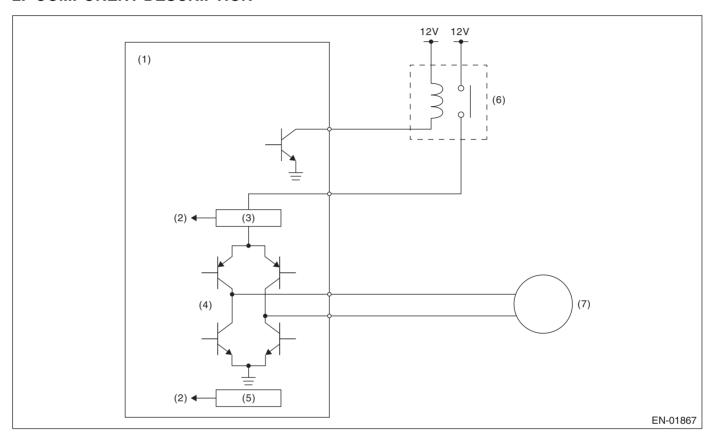
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DM:DTC P2101 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT RANGE/ PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the motor current becomes large or drive circuit is heated.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Detecting circuit
- (3) Overcurrent detection circuit
- (4) Drive circuit
- (5) Temperature detection circuit
- (6) Electronic throttle control relay
- (7) Motor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Under control of electronic throttle control	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor current	≤ 8 A
Drive circuit inner temperature	≤ 175°C (347°F)

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 500 milliseconds (For NG)
- 2000 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

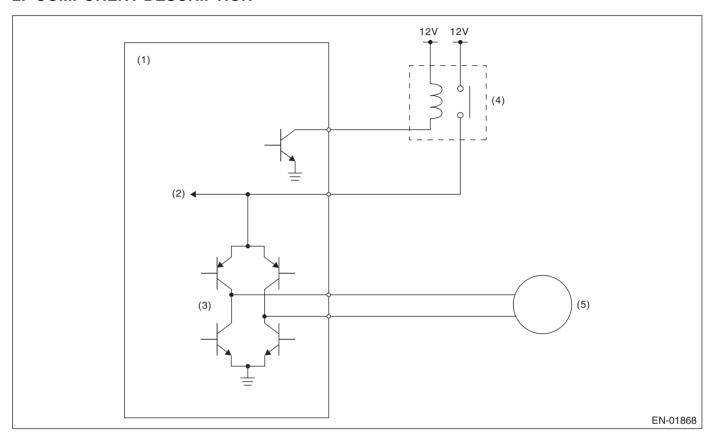
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DN:DTC P2102 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is not supplied even when ECM sets the electric control throttle relay to ON.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Drive circuit

(5) Motor

- (2) Voltage detection circuit
- (4) Electronic throttle control relay

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Electronic control throttle relay output	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	≥ 5 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 400 milliseconds (For NG)
- 2000 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

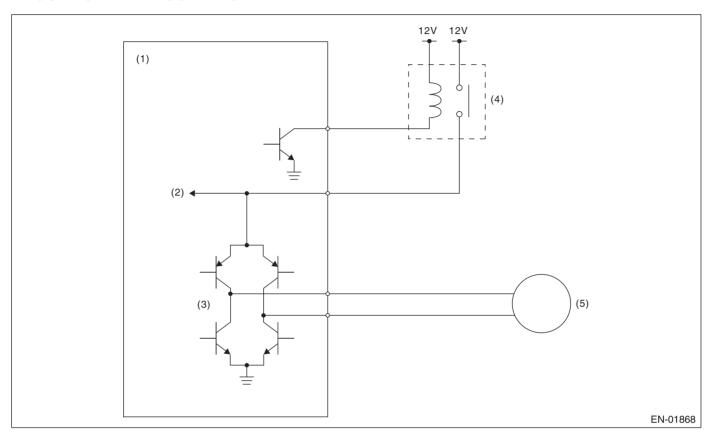
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DO: DTC P2103 THROTTLE ACTUATOR CONTROL MOTOR CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the electronic throttle control power is supplied even when ECM sets the electric throttle control relay to OFF.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Drive circuit

(5) Motor

- (2) Voltage detection circuit
- (4) Electronic throttle control relay

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Electronic control throttle relay output	OFF

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

- When ignition switch ON → OFF
- Ignition switch OFF → ON (Only after clearing memory)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Motor power voltage	≤ 5 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 600 milliseconds (For NG)
- 400 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

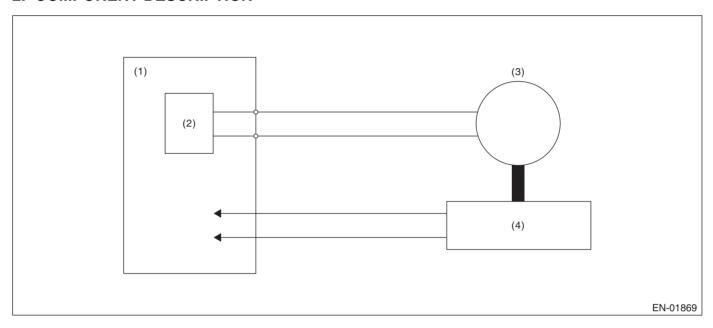
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DP:DTC P2109 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR "A" MINIMUM STOP PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when full close point learning cannot conducted or abnormal value is detected.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (3) Motor

(4) Throttle position sensor

(2) Drive circuit

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	$ON \rightarrow OFF$
Ignition switch (only after clearing the memory)	OFF → ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis at full closed point learning.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Throttle sensor opening angle at full close point learning	10.127° or more, 19.872° or less
Throttle opening angle when the ignition switch is ON – Throttle minimum stop position	≥ 1.683°

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 8 — 80 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

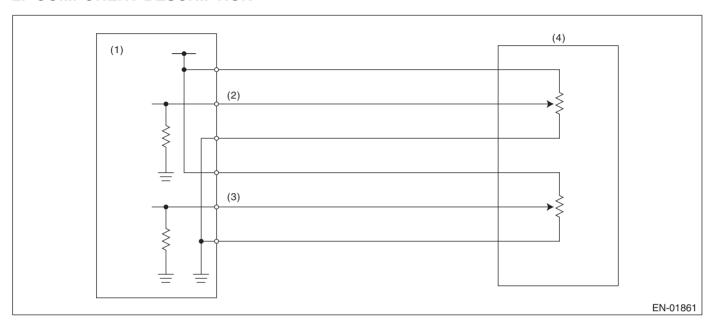
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DQ:DTC P2122 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≥ 0.308 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

• When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

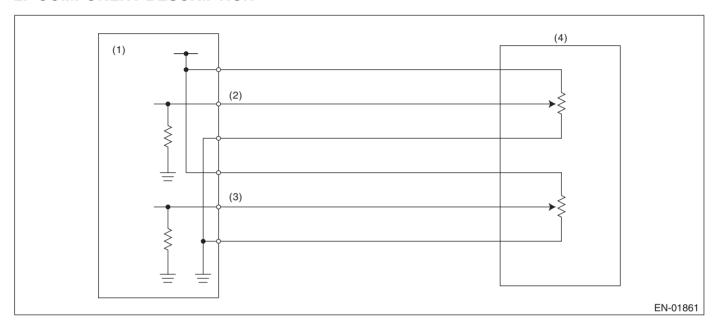
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DR:DTC P2123 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 1. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 1 input voltage	≤ 4.856 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

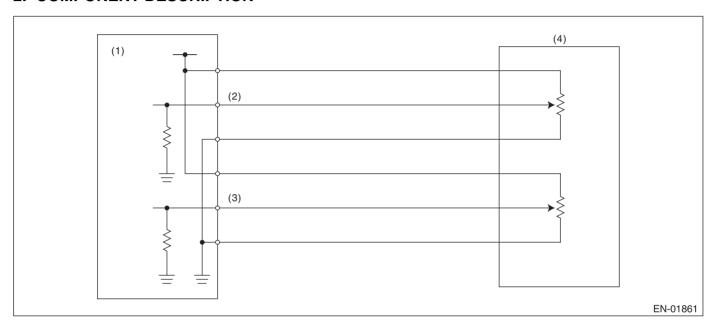
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DS:DTC P2127 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT LOW INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≥ 0.308 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

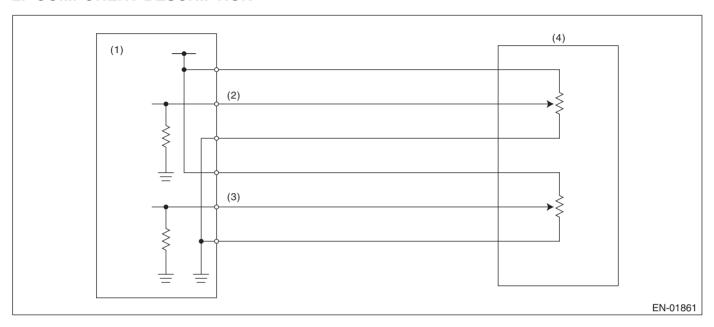
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DT:DTC P2128 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "E" CIRCUIT HIGH INPUT

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open or short circuit of accelerator pedal position sensor 2. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Sensor 2 input voltage	≤ 4.865 V

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 100 milliseconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

- Single malfunction: Control with normal sensor
- Simultaneous failure: Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

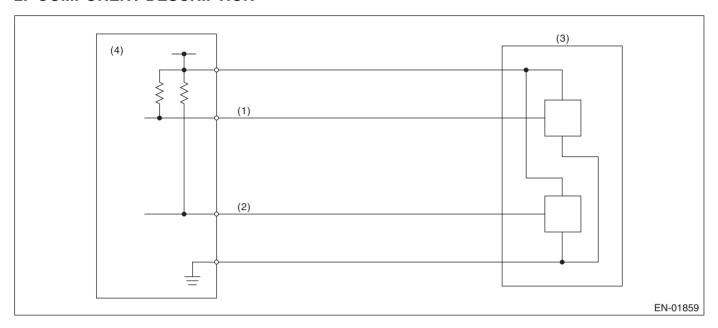
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DU:DTC P2135 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "A"/"B" VOLTAGE CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Throttle position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Throttle position sensor
- (4) Engine control module (ECM)

(2) Throttle position sensor 2 signal

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

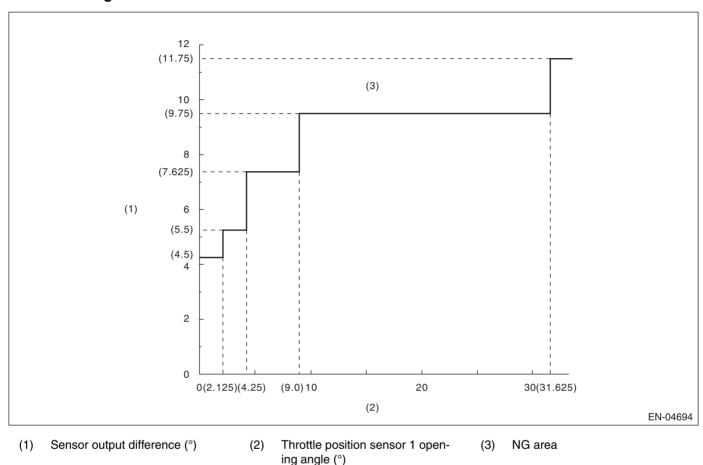
5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	≤ 4.5°

Details of Judgment Value



Time Needed for Diagnosis: 24 milliseconds (For NG), 24 milliseconds (For OK) **Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination**: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed (Only with engine stopped)

8. FAIL SAFE

Stop the continuity to the electronic control throttle motor. (Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.)

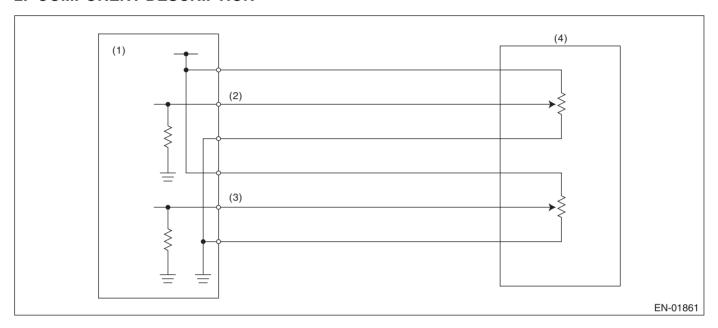
9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DV:DTC P2138 THROTTLE/PEDAL POSITION SENSOR/SWITCH "D"/"E" VOLTAGE CORRELATION

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Judge as NG when the signal level of throttle position sensor 1 is different from the throttle position sensor 2.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION



- (1) Engine control module (ECM)
- (2) Accelerator pedal position sensor 1 signal
- (3) Accelerator pedal position sensor 2 signal
- (4) Accelerator pedal position sensor

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Ignition switch	ON
Battery voltage	≥ 6 (V)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

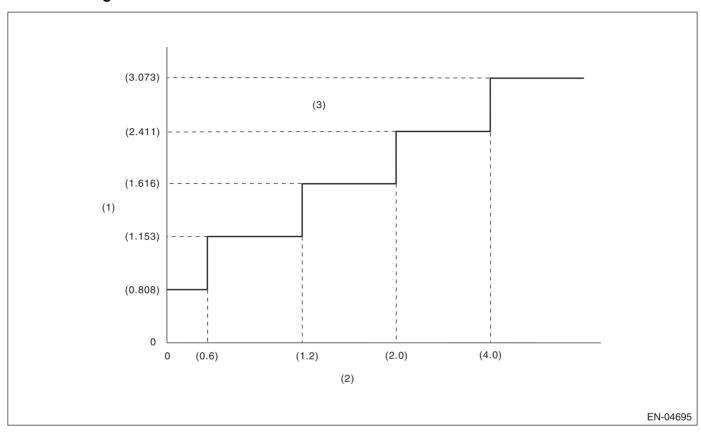
5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Signal difference between two sensors	≤ 0.808°

Details of Judgment Value



- (1) Sensor output difference (°)
- (2) Throttle position sensor 2 opening angle (°)
- (3) NG area

Time Needed for Diagnosis:

- 116 milliseconds (For NG)
- 1000 milliseconds (For OK)

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Throttle opening is fixed to 6°.

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DW:DTC P2227 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT RANGE/PERFORMANCE

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the malfunction of atmospheric pressure sensor output property.

Judge as NG when the atmospheric pressure sensor output is largely different from the intake manifold pressure at engine starting.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The atmospheric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
Engine speed	< 300 rpm
Vehicle speed	< 1 km/h (0.62 MPH)

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Perform the diagnosis before engine starts with the ignition switch ON.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.3 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
	≥ 26.7 kPa (200
sure	mmHg, 7.88 inHg)
Intake manifold pressure at engine star-	< 1.33 kPa (10 mmHg,
tup – Manifold pressure	2.95 inHg)

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.3 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates when malfunction occurs in 2 continuous driving cycles.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes more than 0.3 seconds.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Atmospheric pressure – Manifold pres-	< 26.7 kPa (200
sure	mmHg, 7.88 inHg)

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Atmospheric pressure sensor process: Fix the atmospheric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DX:DTC P2228 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT LOW

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of the atmospheric pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The atmospheric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

	Secondary Parameters	Enable Conditions
None		

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	
Ignition switch	ON	
Output voltage	< 0.118 V	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light Illumination: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	
Ignition switch	ON	
Output voltage	≥ 0.118 V	

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Atmospheric pressure sensor process: Fix the atmospheric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

DY:DTC P2229 BAROMETRIC PRESSURE CIRCUIT HIGH

1. OUTLINE OF DIAGNOSIS

Detect the open/short circuit of the atmospheric pressure sensor. Judge as NG if it is out of specification.

2. COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

The atmospheric pressure sensor is built into the ECM.

3. ENABLE CONDITION

Secondary Parameters		Enable Conditions	
None			

4. GENERAL DRIVING CYCLE

Always perform the diagnosis continuously.

5. DIAGNOSTIC METHOD

Abnormality Judgment

Judge as NG when the continuous time of completing the malfunction criteria below becomes 0.5 seconds or more.

Judgment Value

Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value	
Ignition switch	ON	
Output voltage	≥ 4.936 V	

Time Needed for Diagnosis: 0.5 seconds

Malfunction Indicator Light: Illuminates as soon as a malfunction occurs.

Normality Judgment

Judge as OK and clear the NG when the malfunction criteria below are met.

Judament Value

•	
Malfunction Criteria	Threshold Value
Ignition switch	ON
Output voltage	< 4.936 V

6. DTC CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK idling cycle is completed 40 times in a row
- · When "Clear Memory" is performed

7. MALFUNCTION INDICATOR LIGHT CLEAR CONDITION

- When the OK driving cycle is completed 3 times in a row
- When "Clear Memory" is performed

8. FAIL SAFE

Atmospheric pressure sensor process: Fix the atmospheric pressure to 101 kPa (760 mmHg, 29.8 inHg).

9. ECM OPERATION AT DTC SETTING

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

ENGINE SECTION 2

This service manual has been prepared to provide SUBARU service personnel with the necessary information and data for the correct maintenance and repair of SUBARU vehicles.

This manual includes the procedures for maintenance, disassembling, reassembling, inspection and adjustment of components and diagnostics for guidance of experienced mechanics.

Please peruse and utilize this manual fully to ensure complete repair work for satisfying our customers by keeping their vehicle in optimum condition. When replacement of parts during repair work is needed, be sure to use SUBARU genuine parts.

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)	FU(H4SO U5)
EMISSION CONTROL (AUX. EMISSION CONTROL DEVICES)	EC(H4SO U5)
INTAKE (INDUCTION)	IN(H4SO U5)
MECHANICAL	ME(H4SO U5)
EXHAUST	EX(H4SO U5)
COOLING	CO(H4SO U5)
LUBRICATION	LU(H4SO U5)
SPEED CONTROL SYSTEMS	SP(H4SO U5)
IGNITION	IG(H4SO U5)
STARTING/CHARGING SYSTEMS	SC(H4SO U5)
ENGINE (DIAGNOSTICS)	EN(H4SO U5) (diag)
GENERAL DESCRIPTION	GD(H4SO U5)

All information, illustration and specifications contained in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication approval.

FUJI HEAVY INDUSTRIES LTD.

G2391BE3

FUEL INJECTION (FUEL SYSTEMS)

FU(H4SO U5)

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